

STATE	PROJECT NO.	PCN	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	23640	1	1

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

GOVERNING SPECIFICATIONS	Date Published and Adopted by the North Dakota Department of Transportation
Standard Specifications	1/1/2022
Supplemental Specifications	NONE

PROJECT NUMBER \ DESCRIPTION	NET MILES	GROSS MILES
SS-9-999(502)	Varies	Varies

Structure #5-179.794
ND Hwy 5, RP 179.794
Section 29 & 32, T-162-N, R-75-W

Structure #5-179.972
ND Hwy 5, RP 179.972
Section 29 & 32, T-162-N, R-75-W

Structure #17-039.840
ND Hwy 17, RP 39.840
Section 21 & 28, T-158-N, R-66-W

Structure #21-095.497
ND Hwy 21, RP 95.497
Section 4 & 9, T-134-N, R-85-W

Structure #21-100.041
ND Hwy 21, RP 100.041
Section 14, T-134-N, R-86-W

Structure #28-052.462
ND Hwy 28, RP 52.462
Section 23 & 24, T-157-N, R-86-W

Structure #28-095.668
ND Hwy 28, RP 95.668
Section 36, T-164-N, R-85-W
Section 31, T-164-N, R-84-W

Structure #40-058.713
ND Hwy 40, RP 58.713
Section 21 & 22, T-163-N, R-95-W

Structure #52-050.507 T
US Hwy 52, RP 50.507
Section 23, T-159-N, R-88-W

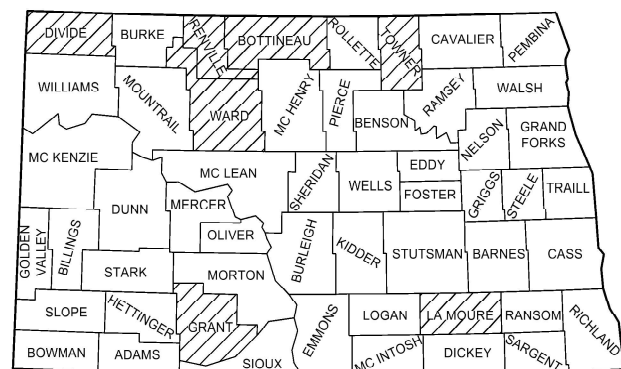
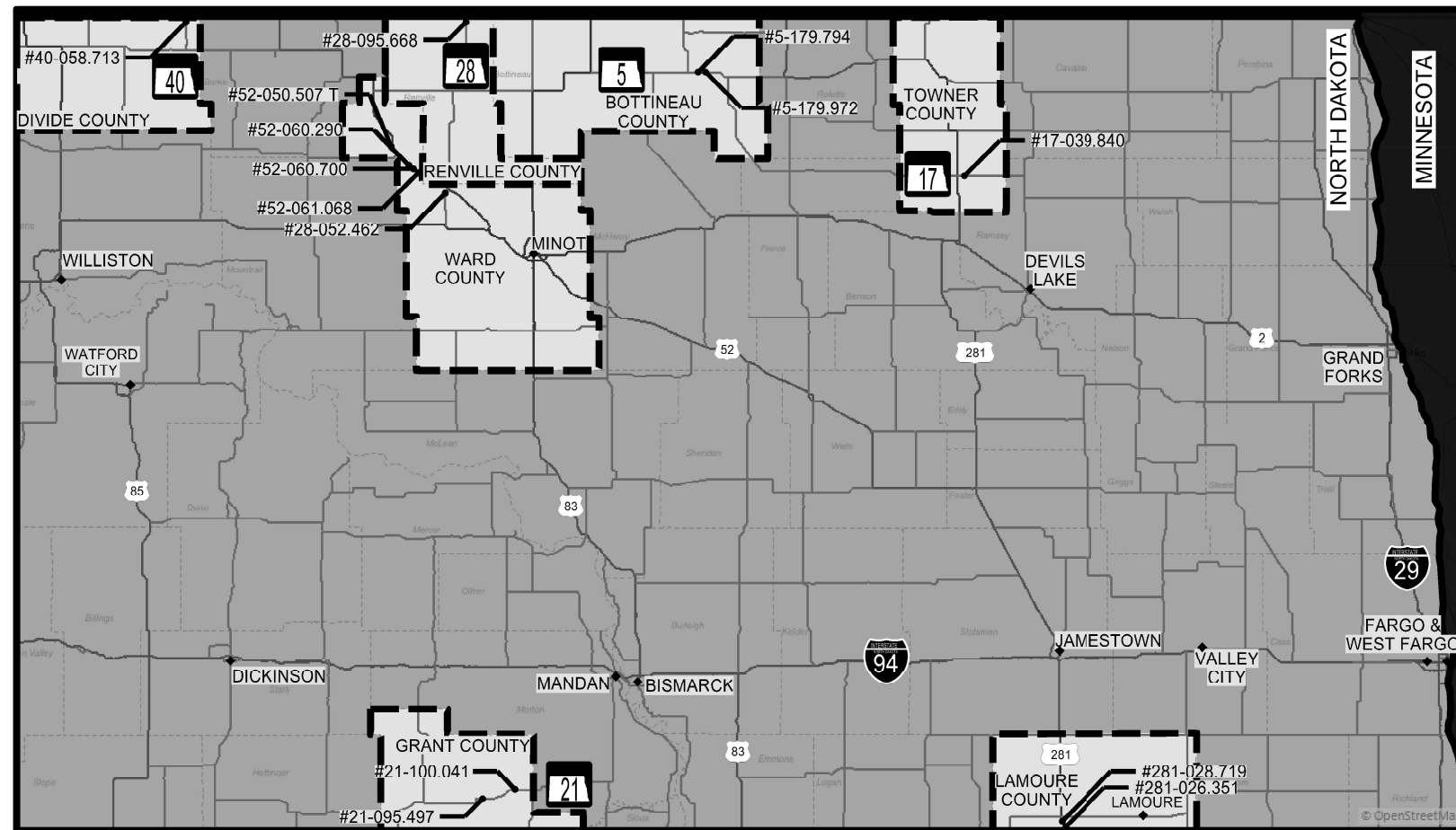
Structure #52-060.290
US Hwy 52, RP 60.290
Section 24, T-158-N, R-87-W

Structure #52-060.700
US Hwy 52, RP 60.700
Section 24, T-158-N, R-87-W

Structure #52-061.068
US Hwy 52, RP 61.068
Section 24, T-158-N, R-87-W

Structure #281-026.351
US Hwy 281, RP 26.351
Section 25, T-133-N, R-64-W

Structure #281-028.719
US Hwy 281, RP 28.719
Section 14, T-133-N, R-64-W



DESIGNER Tatyana Fedorenko, PE
DESIGNER Mary Boechler, PE
DESIGNER Sawyer Kenney, EIT

ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
OFFICE OF PROJECT DEVELOPMENT
Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23

Jonathan Ketterling

Ulteig Engineers, Inc.

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
TATYANA FEDORENKO
PE-29340
DATE 06/09/2023
NORTH DAKOTA

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6	2	Environmental Notes
8	1	Quantities
100	1-2	Work Zone Traffic Control
170	1-28	Box Culverts

Number	Description
D-101-1, 2,3,4	NDDOT Abbreviations
D-101-10	NDDOT Utility Company and Organization Abbreviations
D-101-20, 21	Line Styles
D-101-30, 31, 32	Symbols
D-704-7	Breakaway Systems For Construction Zone Signs - Perforated Tube
D-704-8	Breakaway Systems For Construction Zone Signs - U-Channel Post
D-704-13	Barricade And Channelizing Device Details
D-704-14	Construction Sign Punching And Mounting Details
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D-704-21	Detour And Roadway Diversion Sign Layouts
D-704-33	Two-Lane Roadway Portable Rumble Strips

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

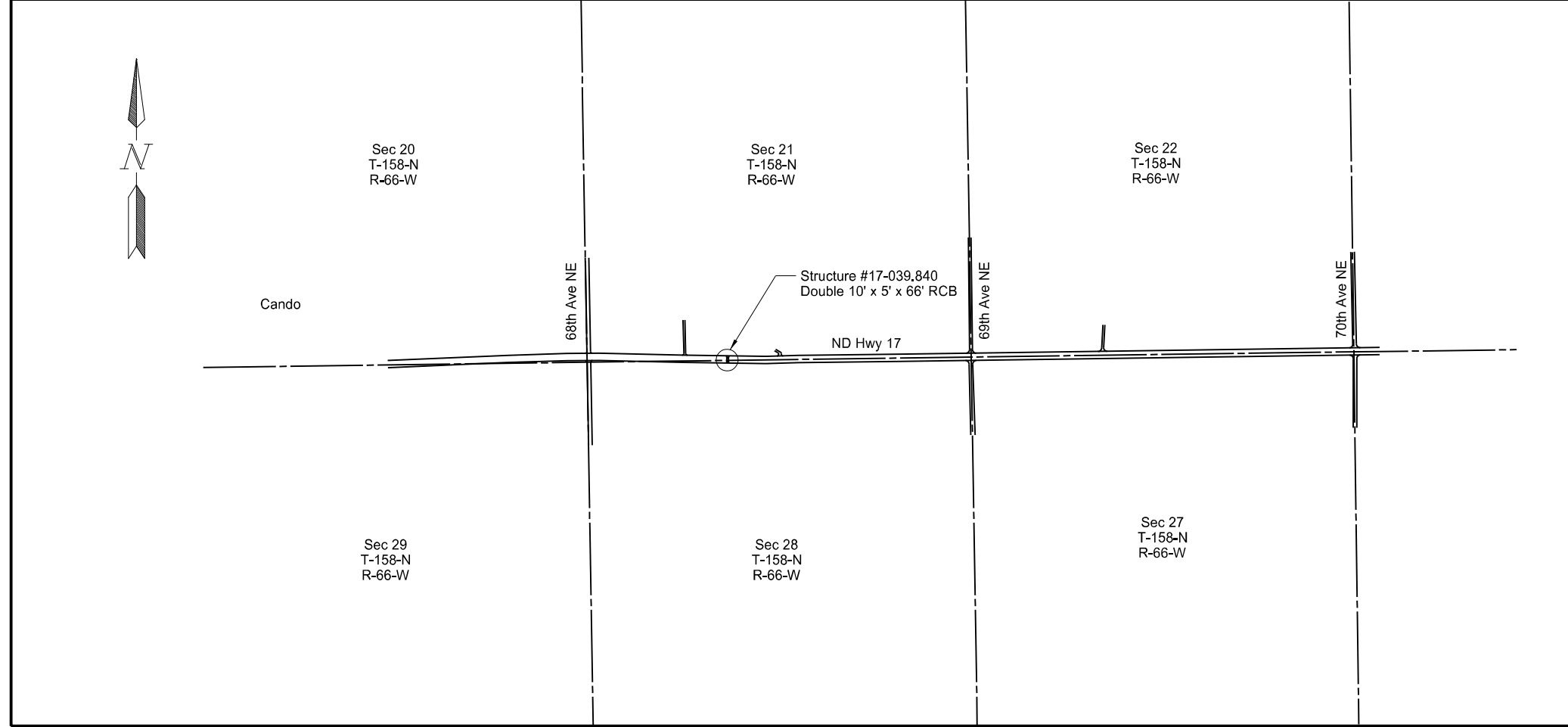
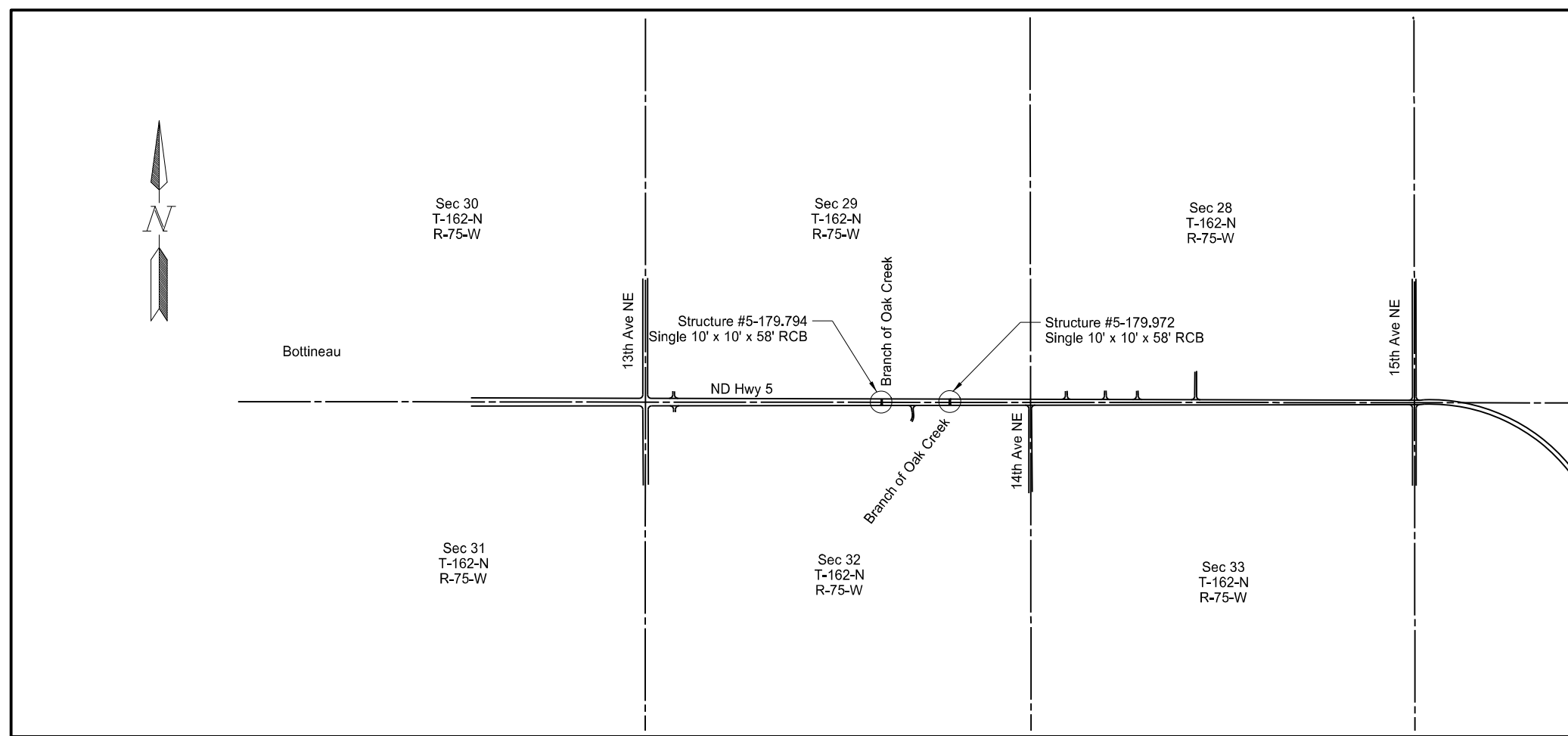
Number	Description
PSP 55(23)	Permits and Environmental Considerations
SSP 2	Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act
SP 498(22)	Shotcrete

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REPAIR NOTES:

The general repairs of each structure are as follows:

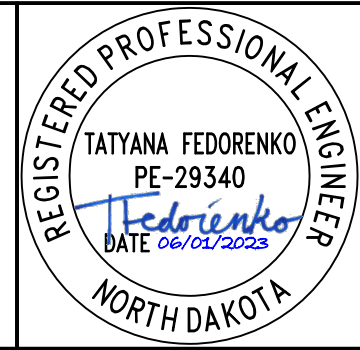
- Structure #5-179.794: Spall Repair, Box Culvert Joint Repair
- Structure #5-179.972: Box Culvert Joint Repair
- Structure #17-039.840: Spall Repair, Box Culvert Joint Repair



Scope of Work

Structure #5-179.794
 Structure #5-179.972
 Structure #17-039.840

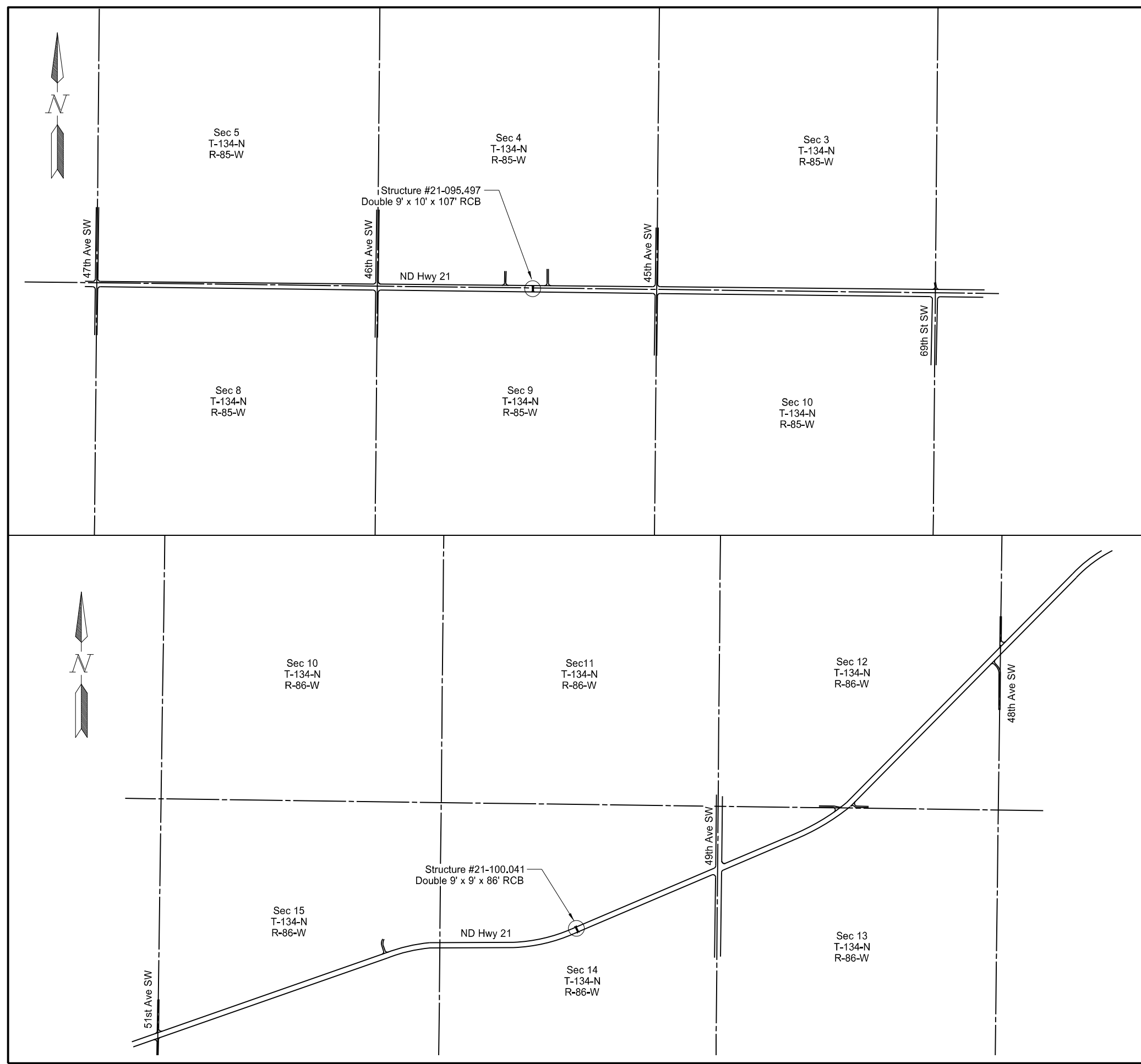
Structural Repair
 Various Structures - Statewide



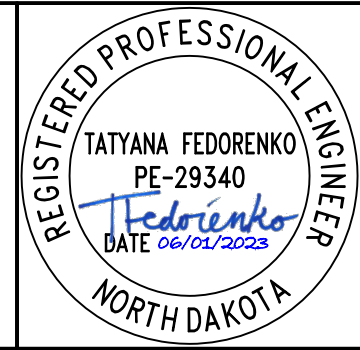
STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
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REPAIR NOTES:

The general repairs of each structure are as follows:
 Structure #21-095.497; Box Culvert Joint Repair
 Structure #21-100.041; Box Culvert Joint Repair



Scope of Work
 Structure #21-095.497
 Structure #21-100.041
 Structural Repair
 Various Structures - Statewide





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REPAIR NOTES:

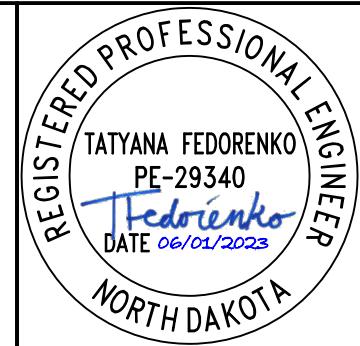
The general repairs of each structure are as follows:

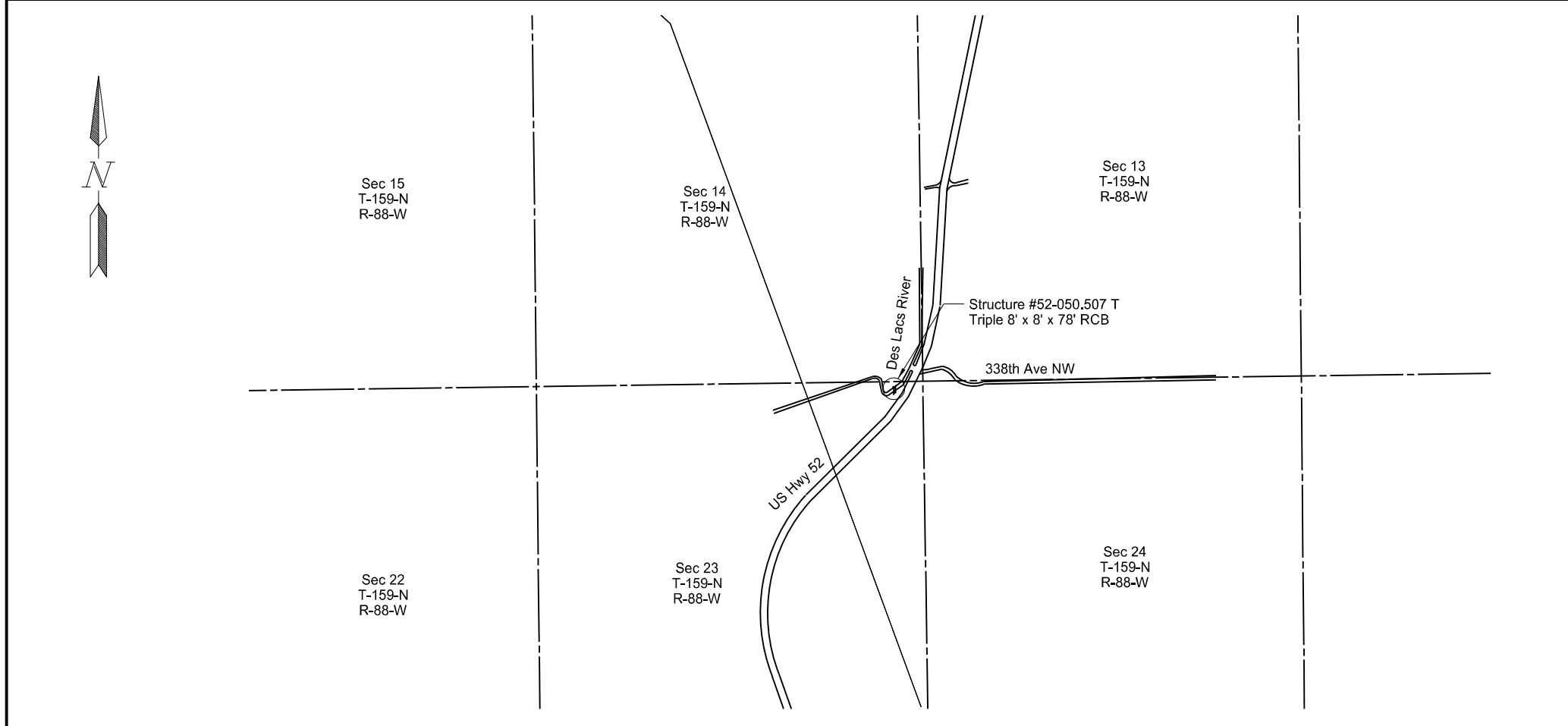
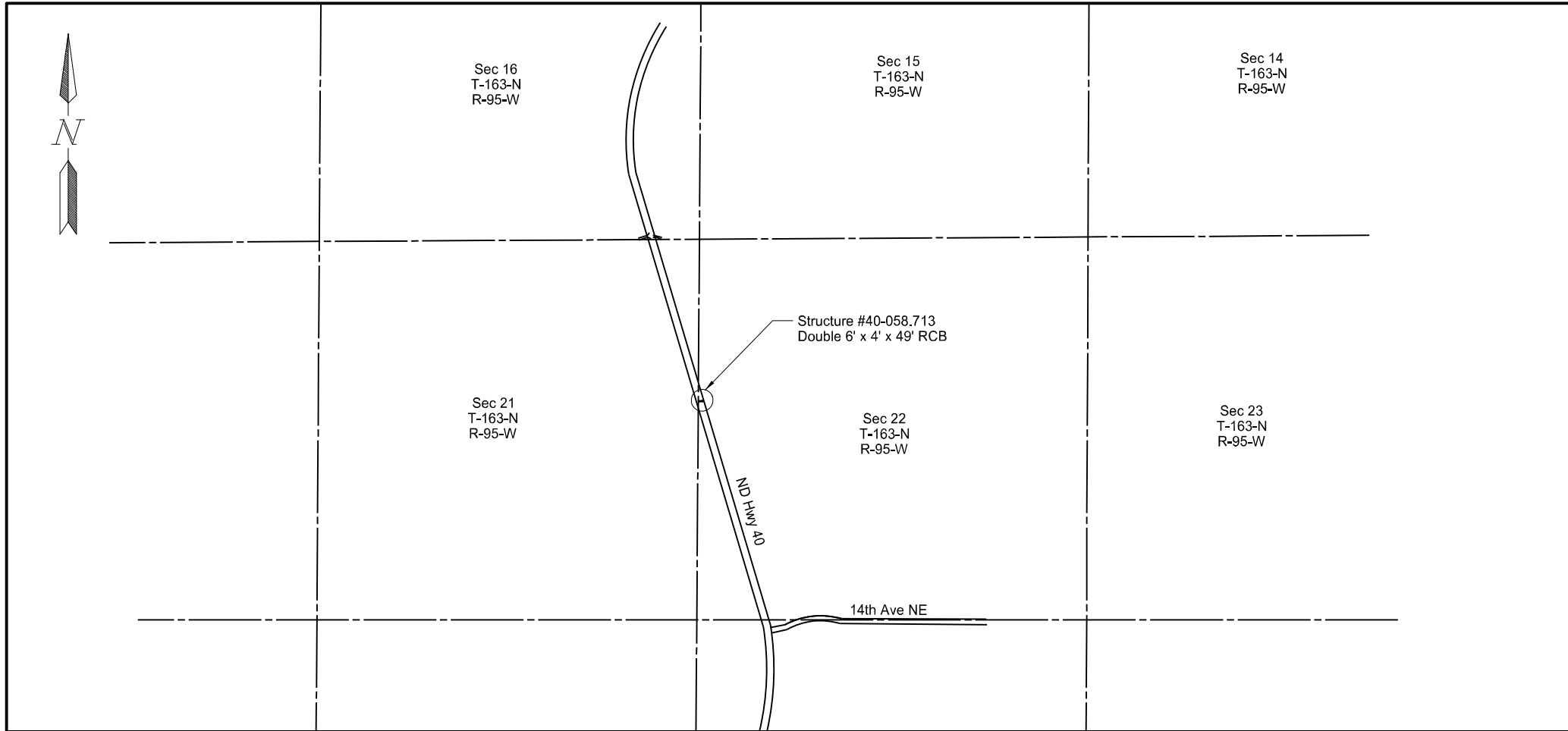
Structure #28-052.462: Fill Scour Hole, Spall Repair, Box Culvert Joint Repair
 Structure #28-095.668: Spall Repair, Box Culvert Joint Repair

Scope of Work

Structure #28-052.462
 Structure #28-095.668

Structural Repair
 Various Structures - Statewide





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REPAIR NOTES:

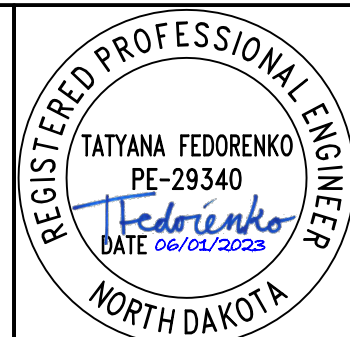
The general repairs of each structure are as follows:

- Structure #40-058.713: Spall Repair, Box Culvert Joint Repair, Joint Treatment
- Structure #52-050.507 T: Fill Scour Hole, Spall Repair, Box Culvert Joint Repair, Wingwall Replacement

Scope of Work

Structure #40-058.713
Structure #52-050.507 T

Structural Repair
Various Structures - Statewide

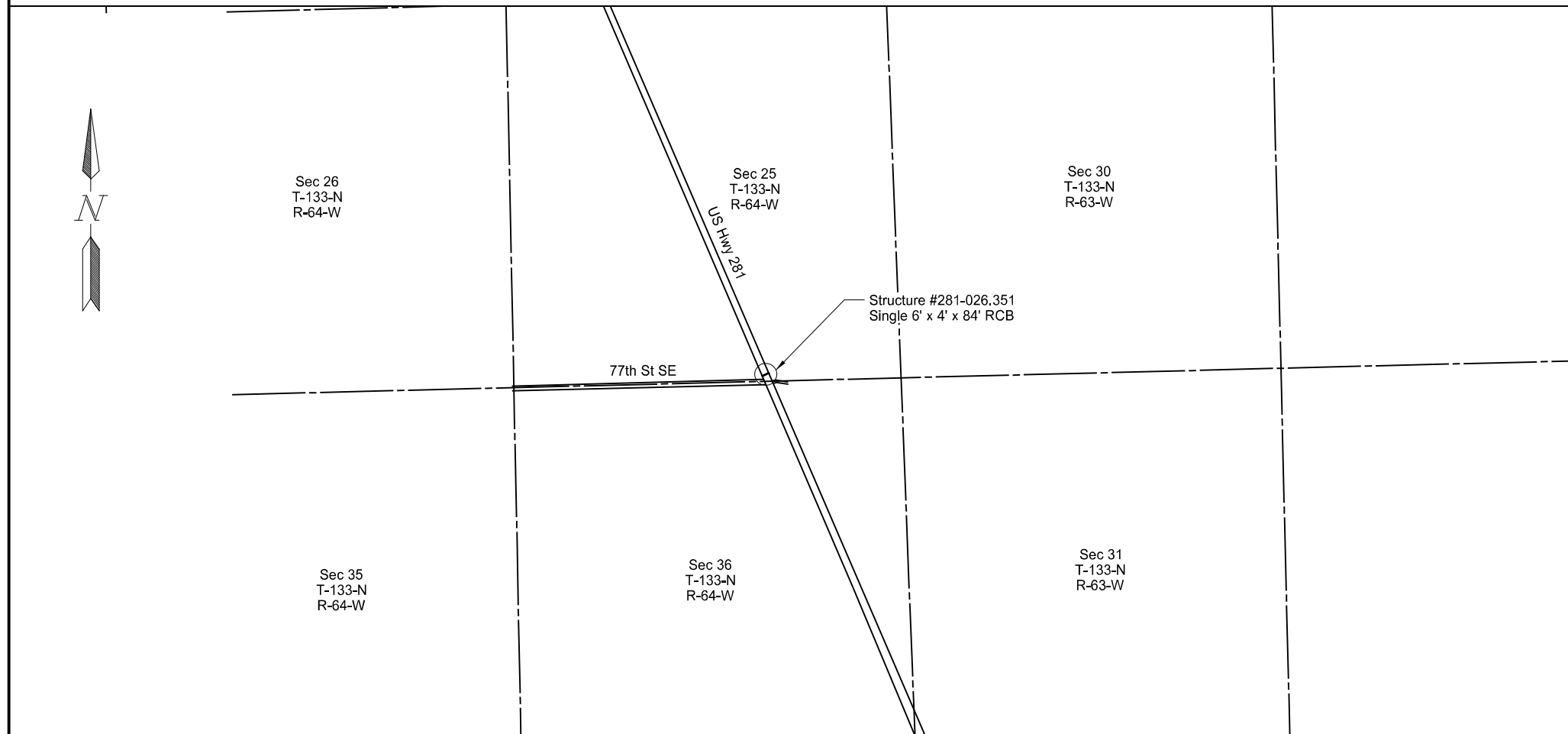
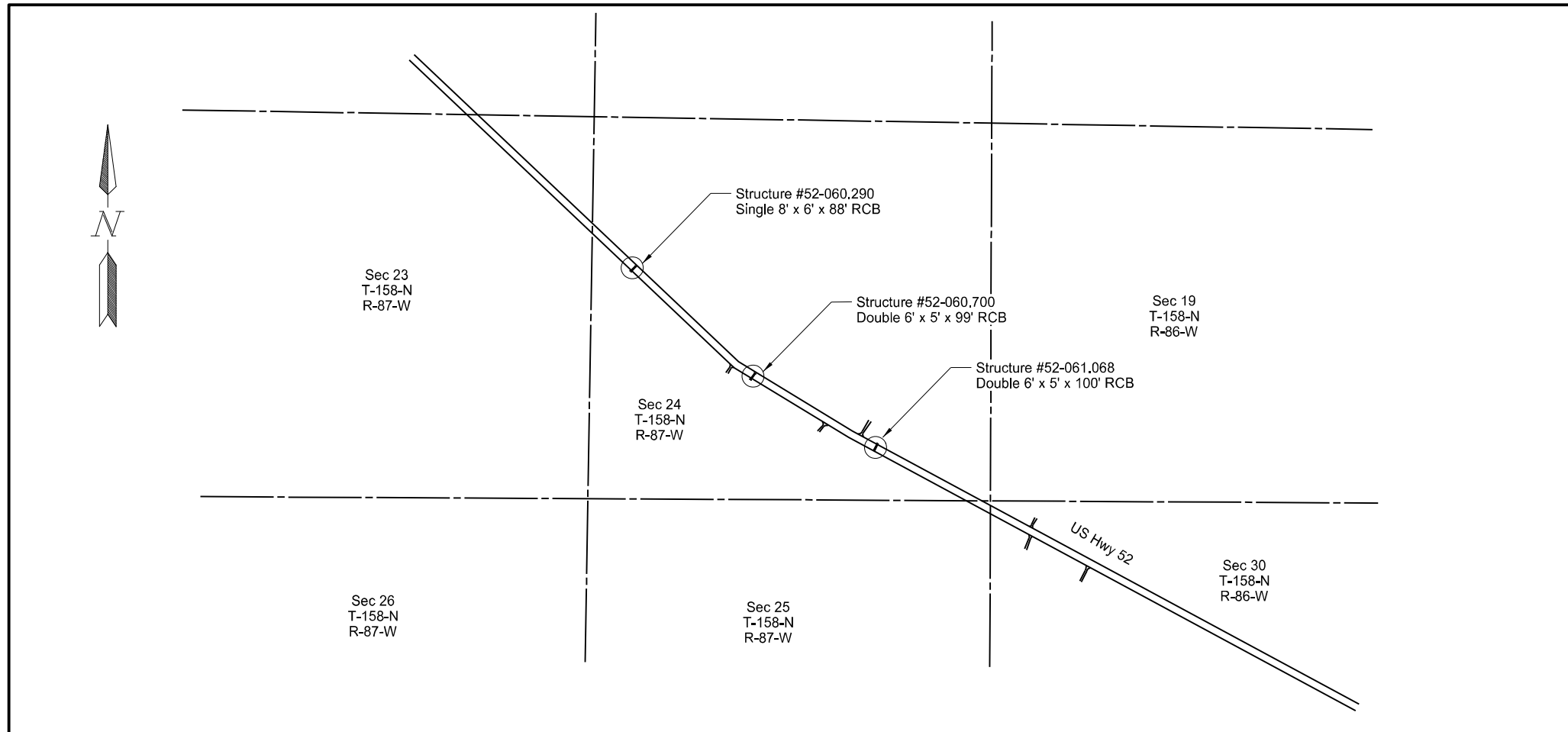


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REPAIR NOTES:

The general repairs of each structure are as follows:

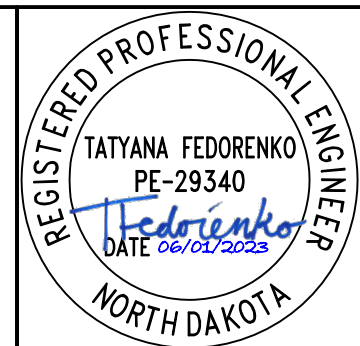
- Structure #52-060.290: Spall Repair, Box Culvert Joint Repair
- Structure #52-060.700: Spall Repair, Box Culvert Joint Repair
- Structure #52-061.068: Spall Repair, Box Culvert Joint Repair
- Structure #281-026.351: Box Culvert Joint Repair



Scope of Work

Structure #52-060.290
 Structure #52-060.700
 Structure #52-061.068
 Structure #281-026.351

Structural Repair
 Various Structures - Statewide



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Sec 15
T-133-N
R-64-W

Sec 14
T-133-N
R-64-W

Sec 13
T-133-N
R-64-W

Sec 18
T-133-N
R-63-W

Structure #281-028.719
Double 10' x 10' x 84' RCB

Maple River

75th St SE

Sec 22
T-133-N
R-64-W

Sec 23
T-133-N
R-64-W

Sec 24
T-133-N
R-64-W

Sec 19
T-133-N
R-63-W

REPAIR NOTES:

The general repairs of each structure are as follows:

Structure #281-028.719: Box Culvert Joint Repair

Scope of Work

Structure #281-028.719

Structural Repair
Various Structures - Statewide



NOTES

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100-P01 COORDINATION OF PROJECTS: Other projects in the vicinity of this project are under contract during the 2023-2025 construction season:

Upcoming project on US 281 at N TWP LINE N ELLENDALE TO EDGELEY.

Upcoming project on ND 28 from E JCT 5-MOHALL N TO STATE LINE.

Project 23342 is located on ND 17 at 5 EAST OF CANDO.

704-500 PORTABLE RUMBLE STRIPS (PRS): Use PRS made of rubber or engineered polymers. Install PRS as part of the temporary traffic control when the following signs are also part of the required of the required traffic control set up:

“Be Prepared to Stop” (W3-4)

“Flagger” symbol (W20-7)

Install PRS that meet the following criteria:

Have no adhesive or fasteners required for placement;
Have a manufacturer’s speed rating that meets or exceeds the posted speed limit;
and each strip in the array must weigh a minimum of 100 pounds.

Use individual PRS constructed in one of the following manners:

A single piece;
Interlocking segments; or
Two pieces hinged at the midpoint.

An installed array of PRS consists of a minimum of 3 individual strips.

Move rumble strips with the flagging operation. Do not place rumble strips on horizontal curves.

The Engineer will count and measure each array as one unit. Include the cost of providing, installing, maintaining, and relocating PRS in the unit price bid for “Portable Rumble Strips”.

704-P01 TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR BOX CULVERTS: Provide traffic control consisting of a lane closure and flagging for thirteen box culvert locations, and a detour and roadway diversion at 0052-050.507T.

Traffic control device quantities for thirteen box culvert locations are based on 2 simultaneous lane closures. The Department will pay for additional devices if more locations are repaired concurrently.

Standard D-704-19 Type F – for thirteen box culverts identified in the plans. Use delineator drums in lieu of attenuation devices and barriers.

See Work Zone Traffic Control Plan for 0052-050.507T detour and roadway diversion.

910-P01 CONTROLLED DENSITY BACKFILL: Controlled density backfill consists of cement, water, fly ash, and aggregate at the ratio specified below. Place controlled density backfill as shown in the plans. Mix the material continuously during pumping or placement to keep the solution from separating. This item will be paid incidental to Item 930 Joint Repair.

Mix Design:
Material Weight (LBS)

Cement = 70 LBS/CY
FLY ASH = 125 LBS/CY
FINE AGGREGATE = 2600 LBS/CY
WATER = 416.5 LBS/CY



ENVIRONMENTAL NOTES

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
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ENVIRONMENTAL NOTES (EN): The North Dakota Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration have made environmental commitments to secure approval of this project. The following environmental notes are requirements to comply with these commitments:

EN-1 SPAWNING RESTRICTION: Do not work within the Oak Creek, Cut Bank Creek, Des Lacs River, and Maple River from April 15 to June 1.

EN-2 AQUATIC NUISANCE SPECIES (ANS): Equipment that was last used outside of North Dakota or within a Class I infested waterbody (identified on the North Dakota Game and Fish Department (NDGFD) website) requires an inspection by NDGFD. Notify the NDGFD at least 10 business days prior to pumps, watercraft, or any equipment entering a public water to allow the NDGFD sufficient time to inspect any and all such equipment for ANS. Contact the NDGFD ANS Coordinator, Ben Holen by e-mail - bholen@nd.gov for equipment inspections. Supply one of the following to the engineer as proof of compliance prior to work taking place in the water: (1) the NDGFD inspection report, (2) documented NDGFD correspondence (email or signed letter).

EN-3 THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES: The project is located near/within suitable habitat for the species listed in the following table.

SPECIES	HABITAT	PRESENCE
Northern Long-Eared Bat	Forested/Wooded Areas/Bridges/Box Culverts/Caves/Mines	Active Season: April 1 - October 31* Inactive Season: November 1 - March 31*

*Time frames can differ slightly, depending on the year

If any of the above threatened and endangered species are identified within 1 mile of the project, the Contractor will notify the Engineer immediately and cease construction activities in the vicinity until an avoidance area is established. The Engineer will establish an avoidance area that is at least a 0.5 mile and immediately coordinate with the USFWS (701-355-8513), FHWA (701-221-9464), and NDDOT Environmental and Transportation Services (701-328-2592). The Contractor will not resume work within the avoidance area until the Engineer has confirmed with the agencies that work may proceed (either the species have left the area, or approved avoidance/minimization measures have been implemented).



Estimated Quantities

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SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	Mainline: Funding A	TOTAL
103	0100	CONTRACT BOND	L SUM	1	1
202	0101	REMOVAL OF CONCRETE	EA	1	1
203	0195	EMBANKMENT SPECIAL	L SUM	1	1
210	0210	FOUNDATION FILL	CY	97	97
255	0101	ECB TYPE 1	SY	44	44
256	0200	RIPRAP GRADE II	CY	1	1
602	1131	CLASS AE-3 CONCRETE-BOX CULVERT	CY	9.1	9.1
612	0114	REINFORCING STEEL-GRADE 60-BOX CULVERT	LBS	555	555
702	0100	MOBILIZATION	L SUM	1	1
704	0100	FLAGGING	MHR	390	390
704	1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS	UNIT	1514	1514
704	1048	PORTABLE RUMBLE STRIPS	EA	12	12
704	1052	TYPE III BARRICADE	EA	6	6
704	1060	DELINEATOR DRUMS	EA	24	24
930	8230	SHORING	EA	1	1
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	148	148
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	96	96
950	9712	JOINT TREATMENT	LF	8	8

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SIGN NUMBER	SIGN SIZE	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT REQUIRED	UNITS PER AMOUNT	UNITS SUB TOTAL
E5-1-48	48"x48"	EXIT GORE		35	
G20-1-60	60"x24"	ROAD WORK NEXT ___ MILES		28	
G20-1b-60	60"x24"	NO WORK IN PROGRESS (Sign and installation only)		18	
G20-2-48	48"x24"	END ROAD WORK	4	26	104
G20-4-36	36"x18"	PILOT CAR FOLLOW ME (Mounted to back of pilot car)		18	
G20-10-108	108"x48"	CONTRACTOR SIGN		70	
G20-50a-72	72"x36"	ROAD WORK NEXT ___ MILES RT & LT ARROWS		43	
G20-52a-72	72"x24"	ROAD WORK NEXT ___ MILES RT or LT ARROW		36	
G20-55-96	96"x48"	SPEED LIMIT ENFORCED - MINIMUM FEE \$80 WHEN WORKERS PRESENT		59	
I2-5-96	96"x48"	YOUR HIGHWAY DOLLARS AT WORK		59	
M1-1-36	36"x36"	INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKER (Post and installation only)		10	
M1-4-24	24"x24"	U.S. ROUTE MARKER (Post and installation only)		10	
M1-5-24	24"x24"	STATE ROUTE MARKER (Post and installation only)		10	
M3-1-24	24"x12"	NORTH (Mounted on route marker post)		7	
M3-2-24	24"x12"	EAST (Mounted on route marker post)		7	
M3-3-24	24"x12"	SOUTH (Mounted on route marker post)		7	
M3-4-24	24"x12"	WEST (Mounted on route marker post)		7	
M4-8-24	24"x12"	DETOUR (Mounted on route marker post)		7	
M4-9-30	30"x24"	DETOUR ARROW RIGHT or LEFT/AHD AND RT or LT		15	
M4-10-48	48"x18"	DETOUR (INSIDE ARROW) RIGHT or LEFT (Mounted on barricade)	2	7	14
M5-1-21	21"x15"	ADVANCE TURN ARROW RT or LT (Mounted on route marker post)		7	
M5-1-30	30"x21"	ADVANCE TURN ARROW RT or LT (Mounted on route marker post)		9	
M6-1-21	21"x15"	DIRECTIONAL ARROW RT or LT (Mounted on route marker post)		7	
M6-1-30	30"x21"	DIRECTIONAL ARROW RT or LT (Mounted on route marker post)		9	
M6-3-21	21"x15"	DIRECTIONAL ARROW UP (Mounted on route marker post)		7	
R1-1-48	48"x48"	STOP		32	
R1-2-60	60"x60"	YIELD		29	
R2-1-36	36"x48"	SPEED LIMIT ___ (Portable only)		30	
R2-1-48	48"x60"	SPEED LIMIT ___	8	39	312
R2-1aP-24	24"x18"	MINIMUM FEE \$80 (Mounted on Speed Limit post)	4	10	40
R3-2-48	48"x48"	NO LEFT TURN		35	
R4-1-48	48"x60"	DO NOT PASS		39	
R4-7-48	48"x60"	KEEP RIGHT		39	
R5-1-48	48"x48"	DO NOT ENTER		35	
R6-1-54	54"x18"	ONE WAY RIGHT or LEFT (Mounted on STOP or DO NOT ENTER post)		14	
R7-1-12	12"x18"	NO PARKING ANY TIME		11	
R10-6-24	24"x36"	STOP HERE ON RED		16	
R11-2-48	48"x30"	ROAD CLOSED (Mounted on barricade)	2	12	24
R11-2a-48	48"x30"	STREET CLOSED (Mounted on barricade)		12	
R11-3a-60	60"x30"	ROAD CLOSED ___ MILES AHEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY (Mtd on barricade)		15	
R11-3c-60	60"x30"	STREET CLOSED ___ MILES AHEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY (Mtd on barricade)		15	
R11-4a-60	60"x30"	STREET CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (Mounted on barricade)		15	
W1-3-48	48"x48"	REVERSE TURN RIGHT or LEFT		35	
W1-4-48	48"x48"	REVERSE CURVE RIGHT or LEFT		35	
W1-4b-48	48"x48"	TWO LANE REVERSE CURVE RIGHT or LEFT		35	
W1-6-48	48"x24"	ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW		26	
W3-1-48	48"x48"	STOP AHEAD		35	
W3-3-48	48"x48"	SIGNAL AHEAD		35	
W3-4-48	48"x48"	BE PREPARED TO STOP	4	35	140
W3-5-48	48"x48"	SPEED REDUCTION AHEAD	4	35	140
W4-2-48	48"x48"	LANE ENDS RIGHT or LEFT		35	
W5-1-48	48"x48"	ROAD NARROWS		35	
W5-8-48	48"x48"	THRU TRAFFIC RIGHT LANE		35	
W5-9-48	48"x48"	ROAD WORK TRAFFIC ONLY DOWN & LT or RT ARROW		35	
W6-3-48	48"x48"	TWO WAY TRAFFIC		35	
W8-1-48	48"x48"	BUMP		35	
W8-3-48	48"x48"	PAVEMENT ENDS		35	
W8-7-48	48"x48"	LOOSE GRAVEL		35	
W8-11-48	48"x48"	UNEVEN LANES		35	
W8-12-48	48"x48"	NO CENTER LINE		35	
W8-17-48	48"x48"	SHOULDER DROP-OFF SYMBOL		35	
W8-53-48	48"x48"	TRUCKS ENTERING HIGHWAY		35	
W8-54-48	48"x48"	TRUCKS ENTERING AHEAD or ___ FT or _ MILE		35	
W8-55-48	48"x48"	TRUCKS CROSSING AHEAD or ___ FT or _ MILE		35	
W8-56-48	48"x48"	TRUCKS EXITING HIGHWAY		35	
W9-3a-48	48"x48"	CENTER LANE CLOSED SYMBOL		35	
W13-1P-30	30"x30"	___ MPH ADVISORY SPEED PLAQUE (Mounted on warning sign post)		14	
W14-3-64	64"x48"	NO PASSING ZONE		28	
W16-2P-30	30"x24"	___ FEET PLAQUE (Mounted on warning sign post)	4	10	40
W20-1-48	48"x48"	ROAD WORK AHEAD or ___ FT or _ MILE	4	35	140
W20-2-48	48"x48"	DETOUR AHEAD or ___ FT or _ MILE		35	
W20-3-48	48"x48"	ROAD or STREET CLOSED AHEAD or ___ FT or _ MILE	4	35	140
W20-4-48	48"x48"	ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD or ___ FT or _ MILE	4	35	140
W20-5-48	48"x48"	RIGHT or CENTER or LEFT LANE CLOSED AHEAD or ___ FT or _ MILE		35	
W20-7-48	48"x48"	FLAGGER	4	35	140
W20-8-18	18"x18"	STOP - SLOW PADDLE Back to Back		5	
W20-52P-54	54"x12"	NEXT ___ MILES (Mounted on warning sign post)		12	
W21-1-48	48"x48"	WORKERS		35	
W21-2-48	48"x48"	FRESH OIL		35	
W21-3-48	48"x48"	ROAD MACHINERY AHEAD or ___ FT or _ MILE		35	
W21-5-48	48"x48"	SHOULDER WORK		35	
W21-5a-48	48"x48"	RIGHT or LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED		35	

SIGN NUMBER	SIGN SIZE	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT REQUIRED	UNITS PER AMOUNT	UNITS SUB TOTAL
W21-5b-48	48"x48"	RIGHT or LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED AHEAD or ___ FT or _ MILE		35	
W21-6-48	48"x48"	SURVEY CREW		35	
W21-50-48	48"x48"	BRIDGE PAINTING AHEAD or ___ FT		35	
W21-51-48	48"x48"	MATERIAL ON ROADWAY		35	
W21-52-48	48"x48"	PAVEMENT BREAKS		35	
W21-53-48	48"x48"	RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD	4	35	140
W22-8-48	48"x48"	FRESH OIL LOOSE ROCK		35	

SPECIAL SIGNS

SIGN NUMBER	SIGN SIZE	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT REQUIRED	UNITS PER AMOUNT	UNITS SUB TOTAL

SPEC & CODE

SPEC & CODE	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL UNITS
704-1000	TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS	1514

SPEC & CODE

SPEC & CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
704-0100	FLAGGING	MHR	390
704-1018	LANE CLOSURE-SIGNAL CONTROL/FLAGGING CONTROL	EACH	
704-1043	ATTENUATION DEVICE-TYPE B-65	EACH	
704-1048	PORTABLE RUMBLE STRIPS	EACH	12
704-1050	TYPE I BARRICADES	EACH	
704-1052	TYPE III BARRICADES	EACH	6
704-1060	DELINEATOR DRUMS	EACH	24
704-1065	TRAFFIC CONES	EACH	
704-1067	TUBULAR MARKERS	EACH	
704-1070	DELINEATOR	EACH	
704-1072	FLEXIBLE DELINEATORS	EACH	
704-1080	STACKABLE VERTICAL PANELS	EACH	
704-1081	VERTICAL PANELS - BACK TO BACK	EACH	
704-1085	SEQUENCING ARROW PANEL - TYPE A	EACH	
704-1086	SEQUENCING ARROW PANEL - TYPE B	EACH	
704-1087	SEQUENCING ARROW PANEL - TYPE C	EACH	
704-1500	OBLITERATION OF PVMT MK	SF	
704-3501	PORTABLE PRECAST CONCRETE MED BARRIER	LF	
704-3510	PRECAST CONCRETE MED BARRIER - STATE FURNISHED	EACH	
762-0200	RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	EACH	
762-0420	SHORT TERM 4IN LINE - TYPE R	LF	
762-0426	SHORT TERM 24IN LINE-TYPE R	LF	
762-0430	SHORT TERM 4IN LINE - TYPE NR	LF	

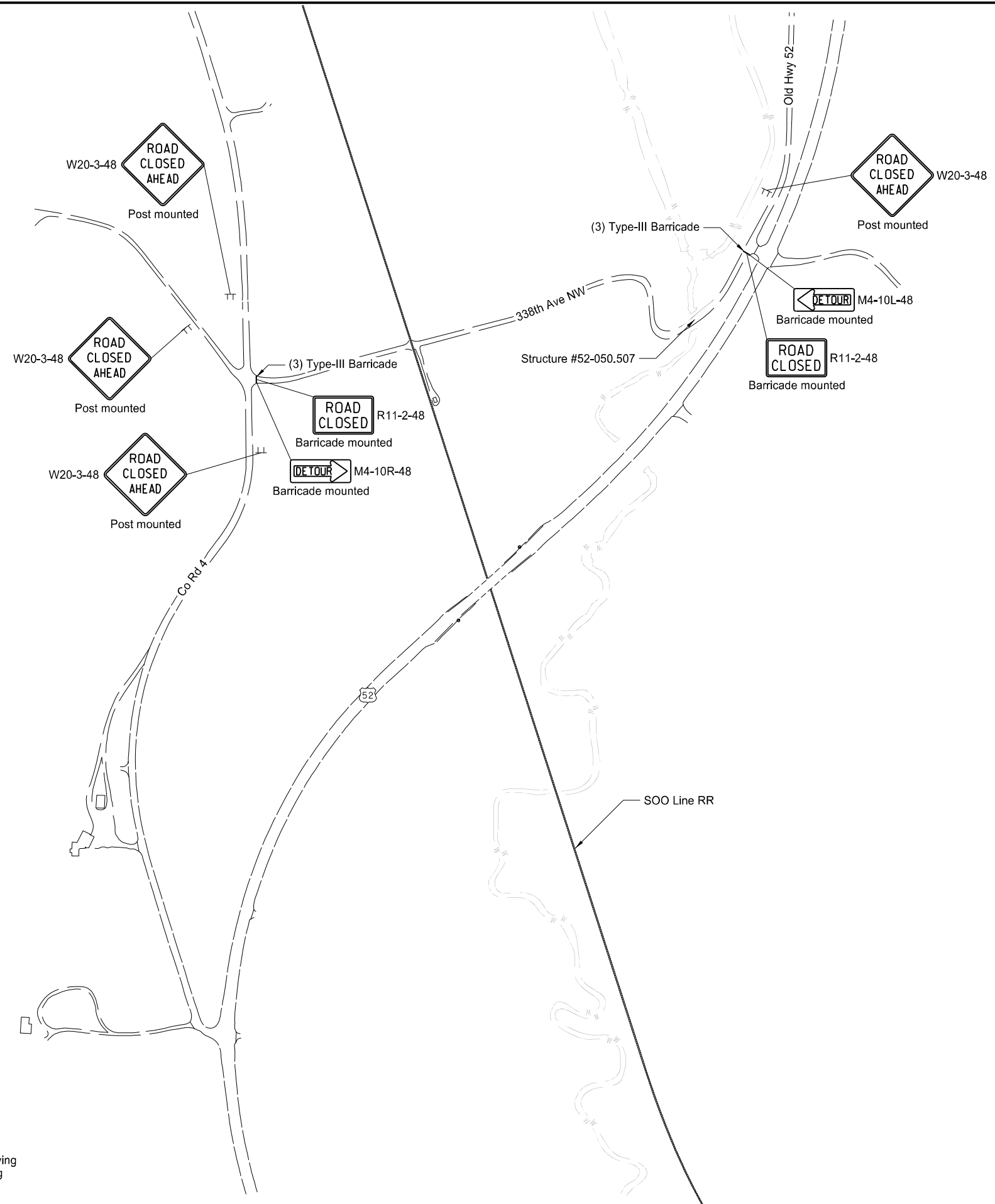
NOTE:
If additional signs are required, units will be calculated using the formula from Section III-18.06 of the Design Manual.
<http://www.dot.nd.gov/>



Traffic Control Devices List

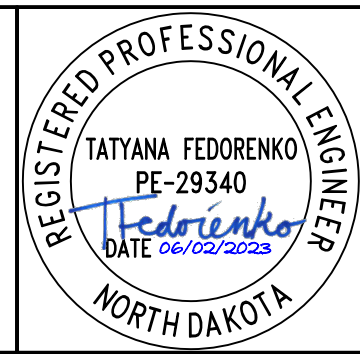
Structural Repair
Various Structures - Statewide

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	100	2

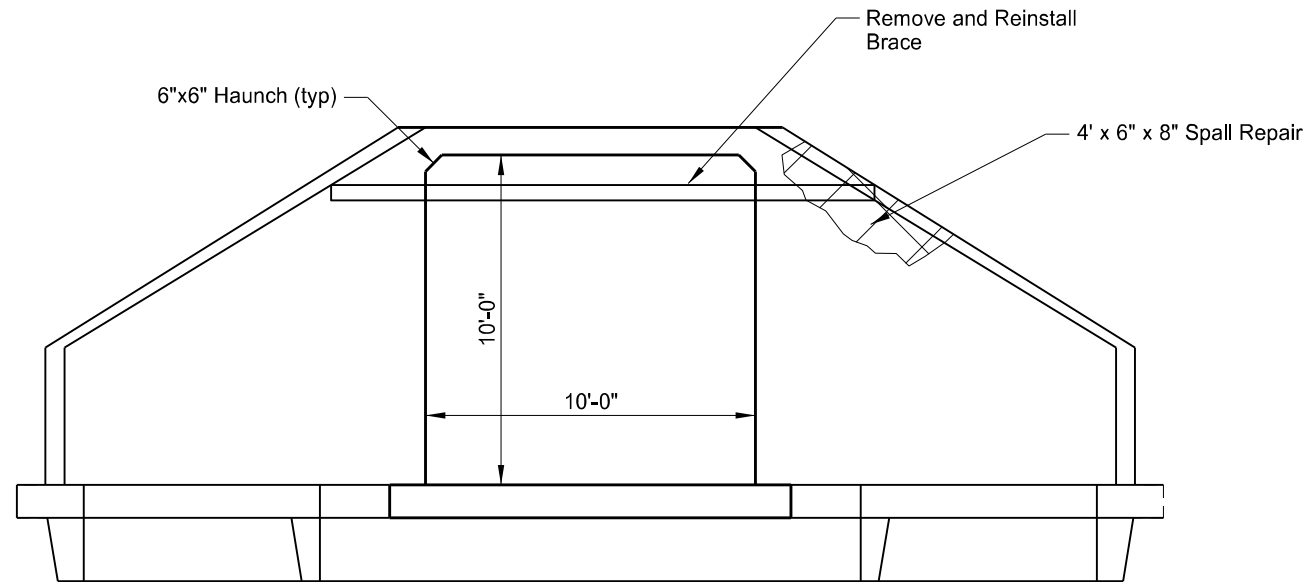


Note: See Standard Drawing D-704-21 for sign spacing


Work Zone Traffic Control
 Structure #52-050.507
 Structural Repair
 Various Structures - Statewide

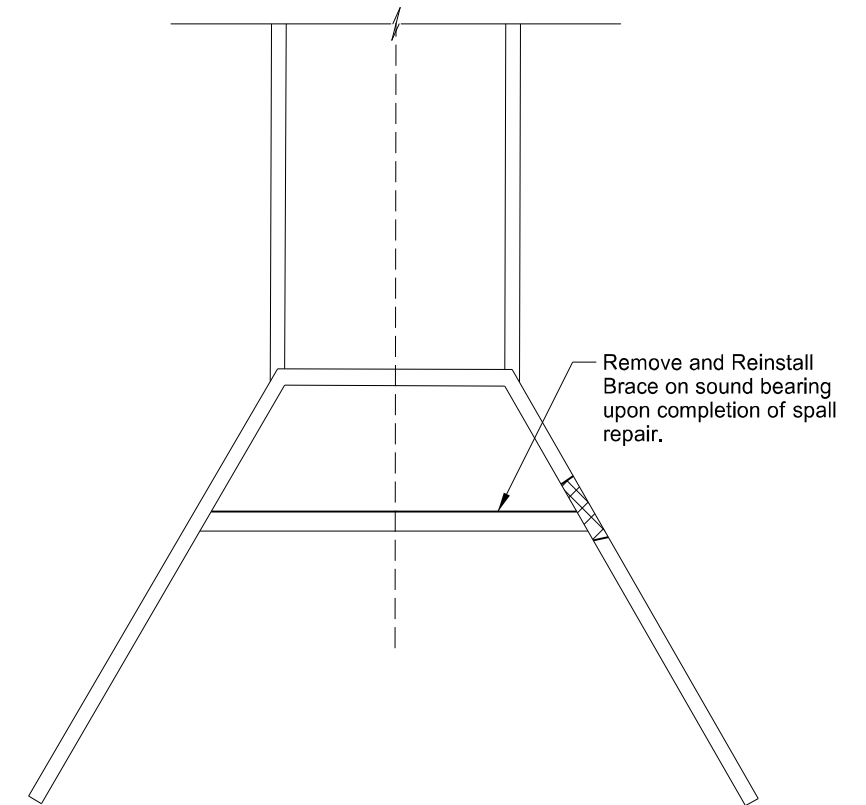
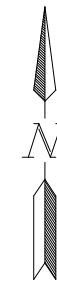


STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	1



BARREL SECTION

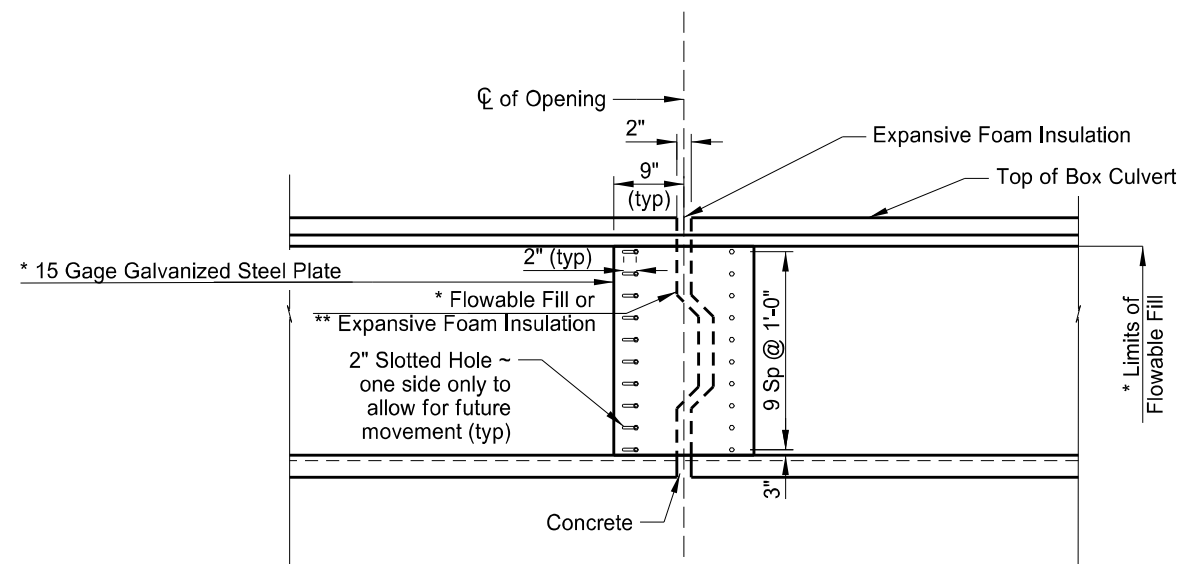
 Indicates spall repair area. Dimensions for estimating purposes only.



PART PLAN

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS


SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	3
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	4



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

* Option 1: See Notes for details
** Option 2: See Notes for details



SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE
BRANCH OF OAK CREEK ND 5, 4 WEST OF ND 60	
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS 5-179.794	
ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BRIDGE DIVISION	
Ketterling, Jonathan 06/12/23 	

NOTES

23 U.S.C. 407
NDDOT Reserves All Objections

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	2

100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this site consists of repairing the spalled concrete on the southeast wingwall and repairing joints at this single 10x10 concrete box culvert.

930 SPALL REPAIR: The bid item "Spall Repair" is for the saw cutting, removal, and replacement of the unsound concrete on the southeast wing of the original box culvert. Restore the spalled areas to their original cross section.

Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete removal. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Within the removal area, remove concrete to provide a minimum 1" clearance around the periphery of the reinforcing steel. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Take care in the removal process to ensure no damage is done to the reinforcing steel.

Sand blast clean the existing concrete and exposed reinforcing steel. Clean the existing concrete surface by high pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried and just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent that includes a migratory corrosion inhibitor. The bonding agent and corrosion inhibitor may be Sika FerroGard 903 (Sika Corp.), Tamms Duralprep A.C., Pro-Poxy 204 (Unitex) or an approved equal.

Use a two component, polymer-modified, cementitious repair mortar material that is specifically intended for patching concrete and contains a corrosion inhibitor. This patching material may be SikaTop 123 Plus (Sika Corporation), Duraltop Gel (Euclid Chemical Company), MasterEmaco N 400 (BASF Corporation), or an approved equal repair mortar. Cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform spall repairs using shotcrete in lieu of cementitious repair mortar. Any additional cost for this option must be borne by the contractor.

The actual limits of spall repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field. Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials needed for spall repair and removing and reinstalling brace in the price bid for "Spall Repair".

930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The construction joint near mid length has separated approximately 2". Voids measured from the inside of the box culvert measured up to 4' deep.

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the amount bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill the voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Use one of the following options at the walls:

*Option 1: Attach an 18" wide, 15 gage galvanized steel plate to both side walls. Install the anchorage system according to the manufacturer's recommendation with a high strength adhesive specifically intended for concrete anchorage in accordance with Section 806.02. Fill the voids behind the walls with flowable fill from inside the box culvert.

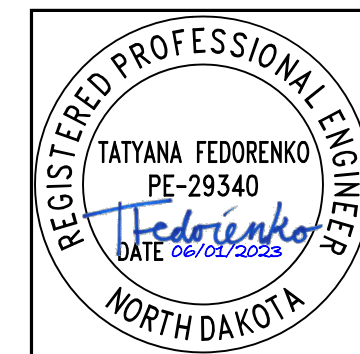
**Option 2: Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

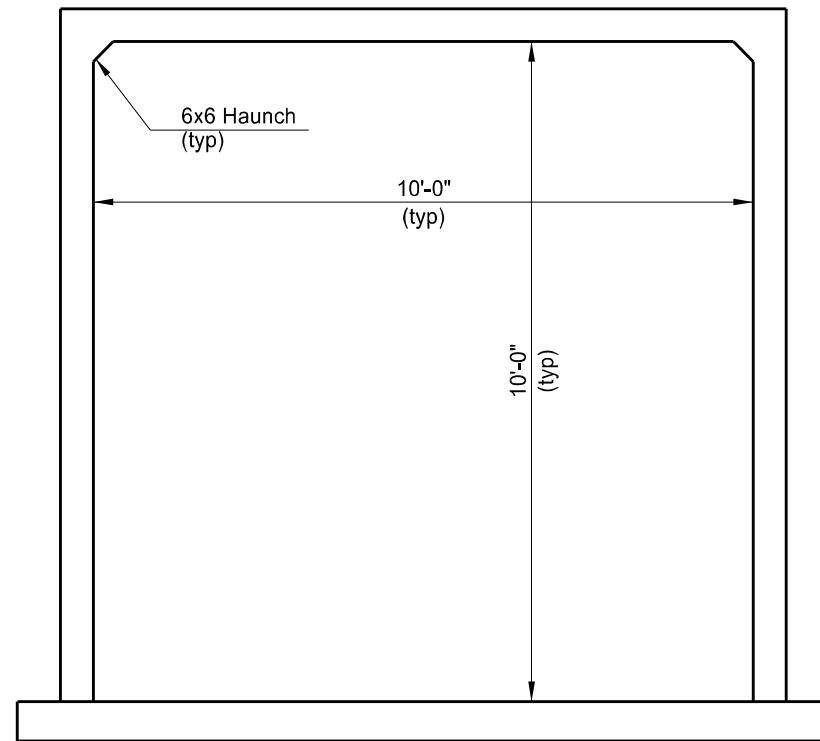
Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 psi	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 psi	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 psi	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 4 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 2 exterior walls, 1 floor segment, and 1 roof segment.

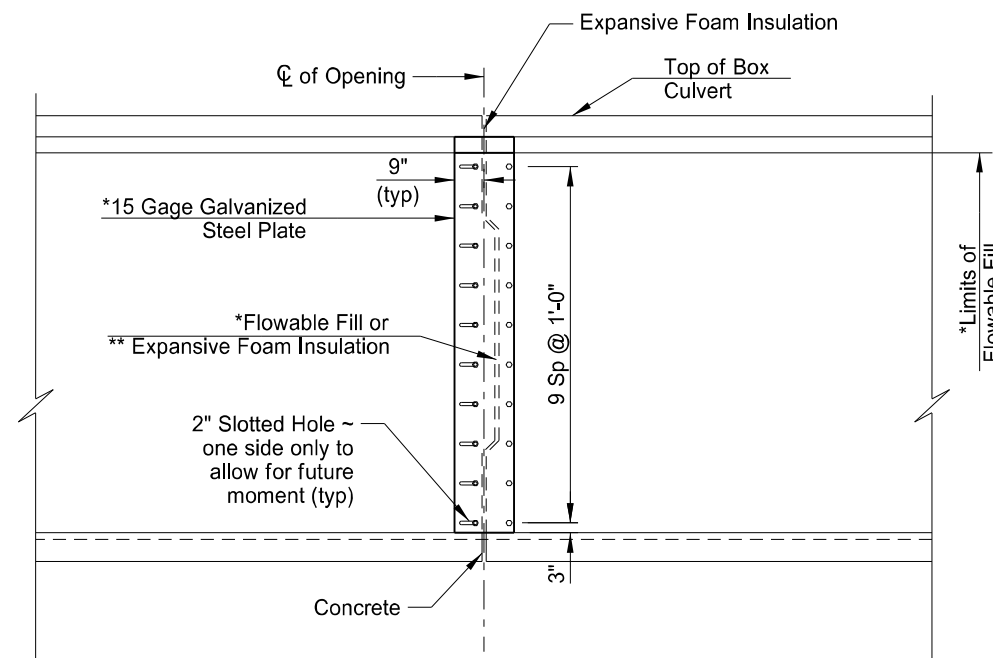
Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".



STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	3



BARREL SECTION



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

NOTES:

- 100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this location consists of repairing the joint at this concrete box culvert.
- 930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The middle construction joint of the reinforced concrete box culvert has separated approximately 2".

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Use one of the following options at the walls:

*Option 1: Attach an 18" wide, 15 gage galvanized steel plate to both side walls. Install the anchorage system according to manufacturer's recommendation with a high strength adhesive specifically intended for concrete anchorage in accordance with Section 806.02. Fill the voids behind the walls with flowable fill from inside the box culvert.

**Option 2: Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 PSI	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 PSI	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 PSI	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 4 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 2 exterior walls, 1 floor segment, and 1 roof segment.

Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair."

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	4

SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE

BRANCH OF OAK CREEK
ND 5, 4 WEST OF ND 60

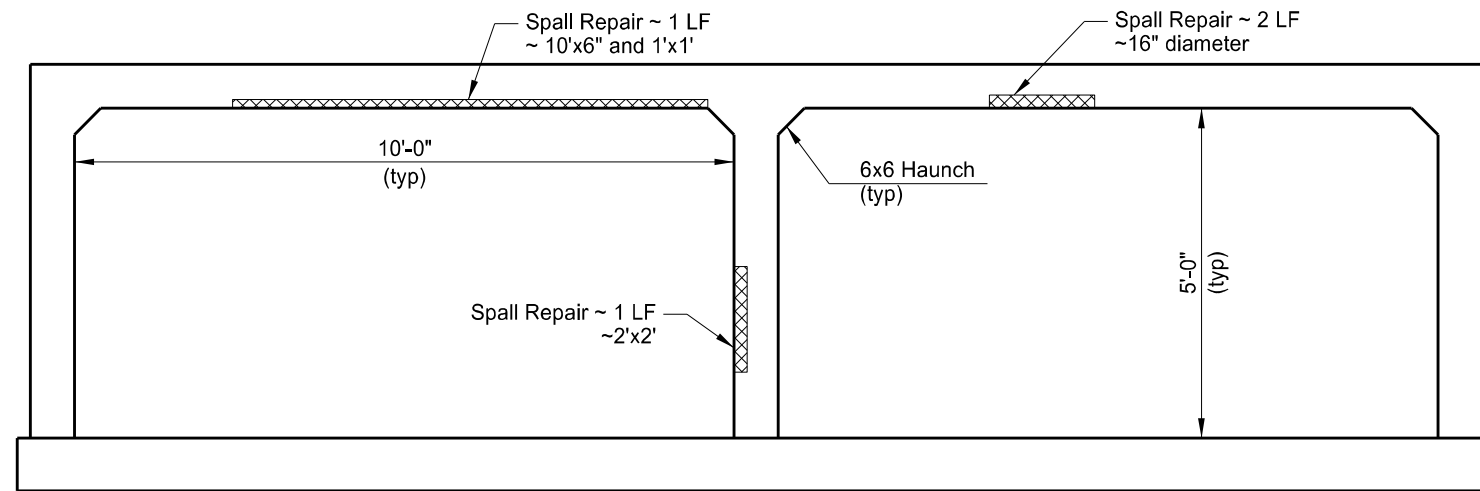
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS
5-179.972

ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BRIDGE DIVISION


Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23



STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	4

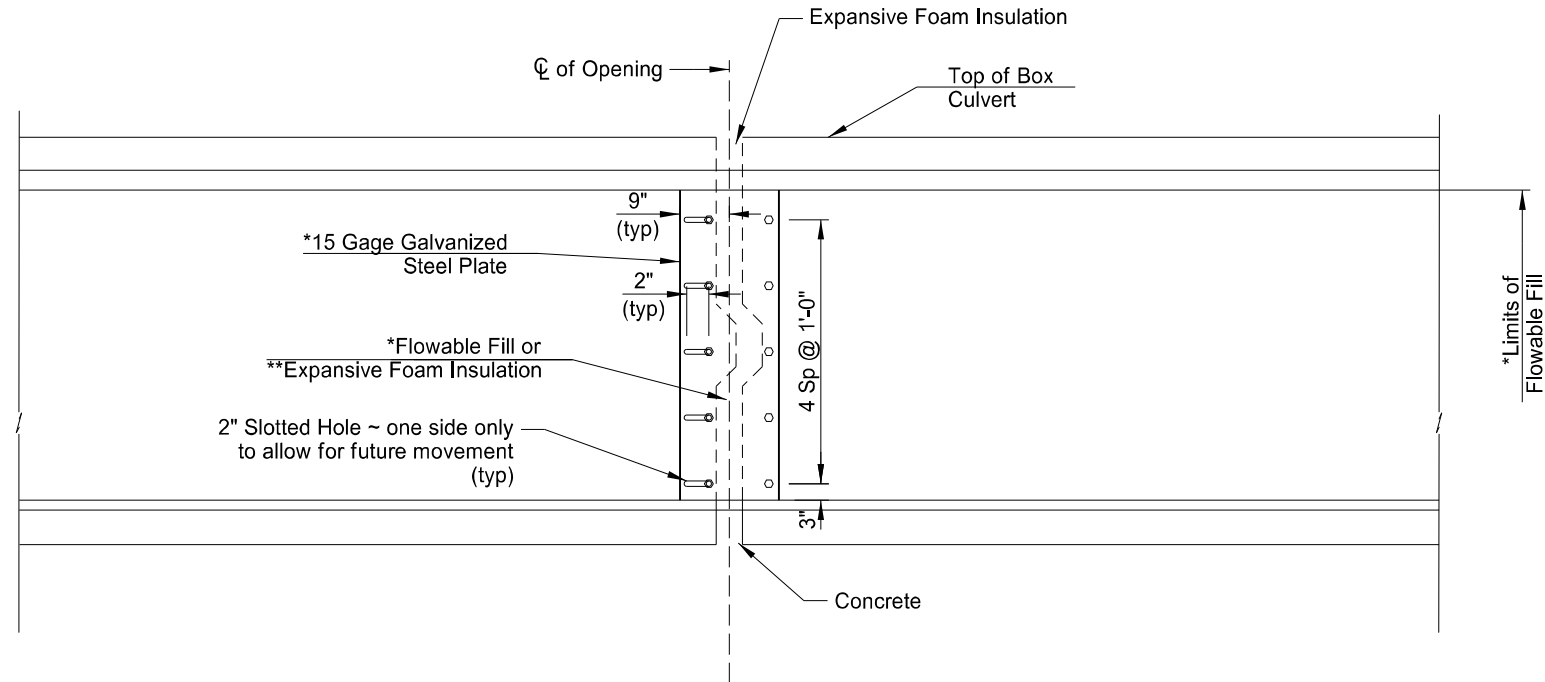


BARREL SECTION

 Indicates spall repair area. dimensions for estimating purposes only.

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	12
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	12



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

* Option 1: See Notes for details
** Option 2: See Notes for details



SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE
CREEK ND 17, 1 EAST OF ND 281	
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS 17-039.840	
ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BRIDGE DIVISION	
Ketterling, Jonathan 06/12/23	

NOTES

23 U.S.C. 407
NDDOT Reserves All Objections

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	5

100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this site consists of removing and replacing the spalled areas on Barrel 1 (east wall and ceiling) and Barrel 2 (ceiling) and repairing joints at this double 10x5 concrete box culvert.

930 SPALL REPAIR: The bid item "Spall Repair" is for the saw cutting, removal, and replacement of the unsound concrete on Barrel 2 (east), ceiling near midpoint, Barrel 1 (west) east wall near midpoint, and Barrel 1 (west) ceiling. Restore the spalled areas to their original cross section.

Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete removal. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Within the removal area, remove concrete to provide a minimum 1" clearance around the periphery of the reinforcing steel. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Take care in the removal process to ensure no damage is done to the reinforcing steel.

Sand blast clean the existing concrete and exposed reinforcing steel. Clean the existing concrete surface by high pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried and just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent that includes a migratory corrosion inhibitor. The bonding agent and corrosion inhibitor may be Sika FerroGard 903 (Sika Corp.), Tamms Duralprep A.C., Pro-Poxy 204 (Unitex) or an approved equal.

Use a two component, polymer-modified, cementitious repair mortar material that is specifically intended for patching concrete and contains a corrosion inhibitor. This patching material may be SikaTop 123 Plus (Sika Corporation), Duraltop Gel (Euclid Chemical Company), MasterEmaco N 400 (BASF Corporation), or an approved equal repair mortar. Cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform spall repairs using shotcrete in lieu of cementitious repair mortar. Any additional cost for this option must be borne by the contractor.

The actual limits of spall repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field. Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials needed for spall repair and removing and reinstalling brace in the price bid for "Spall Repair".

930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The construction joints have separated approximately as follows: Barrel 1 (west) south joint separating horizontally up to 1" and north joint up to 2 1/2" and faulted 1 1/2". Barrel 2 (east) south joint separating horizontally up to 1" and north joint up to 2" and faulted 1 1/2".

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the

contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Use one of the following options at the walls:

*Option 1: Attach an 18" wide, 15 gage galvanized steel plate to both side walls. Install the anchorage system according to the manufacturer's recommendation with a high strength adhesive specifically intended for concrete anchorage in accordance with Section 806.02. Fill the voids behind the walls with flowable fill from inside the box culvert.

**Option 2: Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

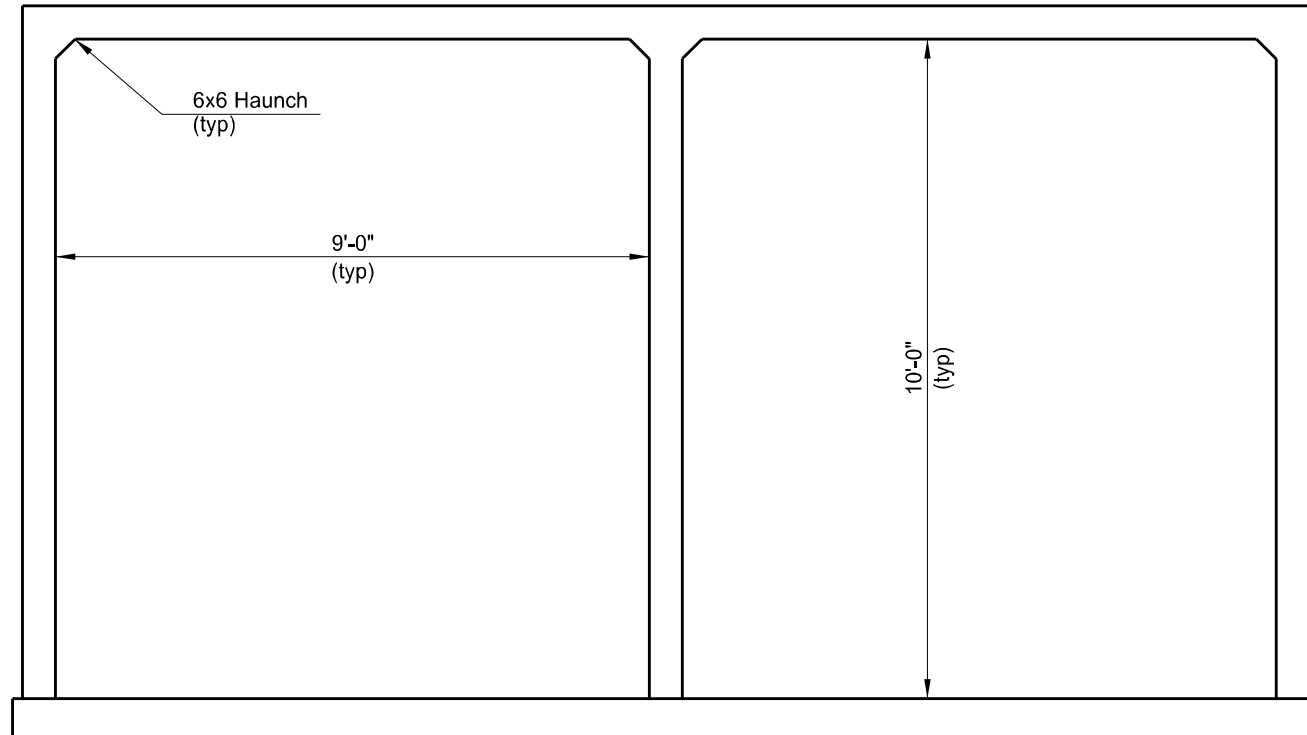
Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 psi	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 psi	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 psi	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 12 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 4 exterior walls, 4 floor segments, and 4 roof segments. The voids will not be filled on the interior walls.

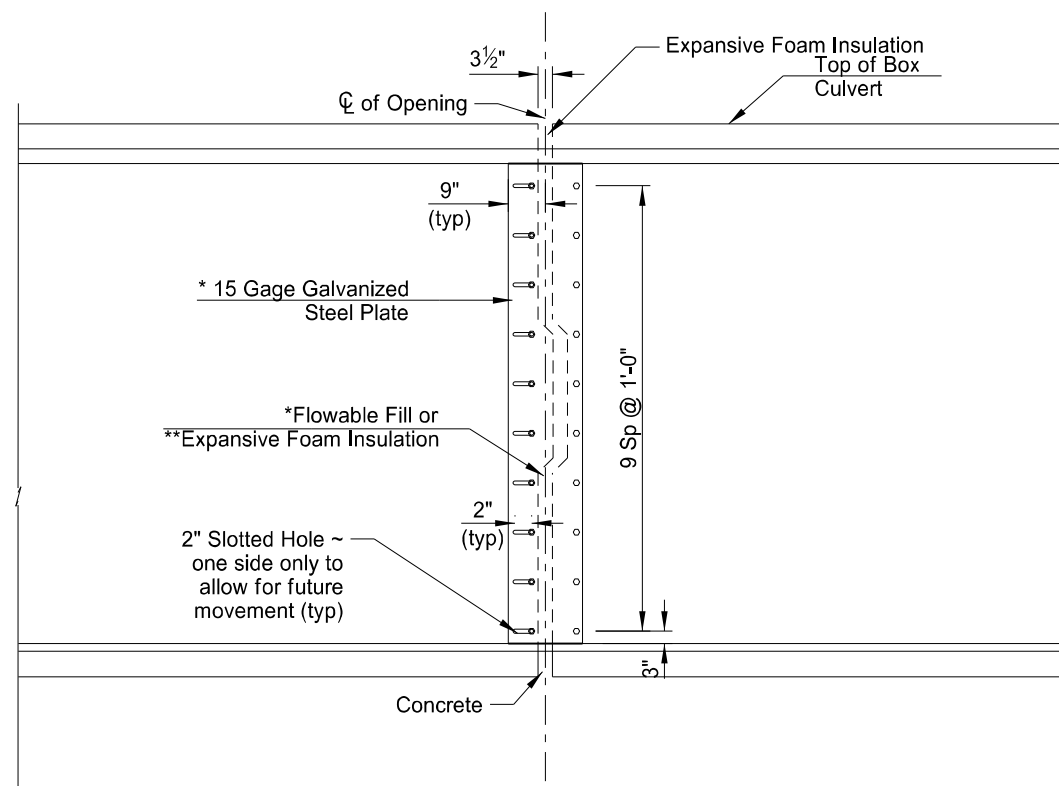
Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".



STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	6



BARREL SECTION



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

NOTES:

- 100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this location consists of repairing the joint at this concrete box culvert.
- 930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The construction joint of the reinforced concrete box culvert has separated approximately 3 1/2". Voids measured from the inside of the box culvert measured up to 5' deep behind east wall.

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Use one of the following options at the walls:

*Option 1: Attach an 18" wide, 15 gage galvanized steel plate to both side walls. Install the anchorage system according to the manufacturer's recommendation with a high strength adhesive specifically intended for concrete anchorage in accordance with Section 806.02. Fill the voids behind the walls with flowable fill from inside the box culvert.

**Option 2: Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 PSI	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 PSI	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 PSI	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 6 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 2 exterior walls, 2 floor segments, and 2 roof segments. The voids will not be filled on the interior walls.

Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	6

SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE

CREEK
ND 21, 5 EAST OF CARSON

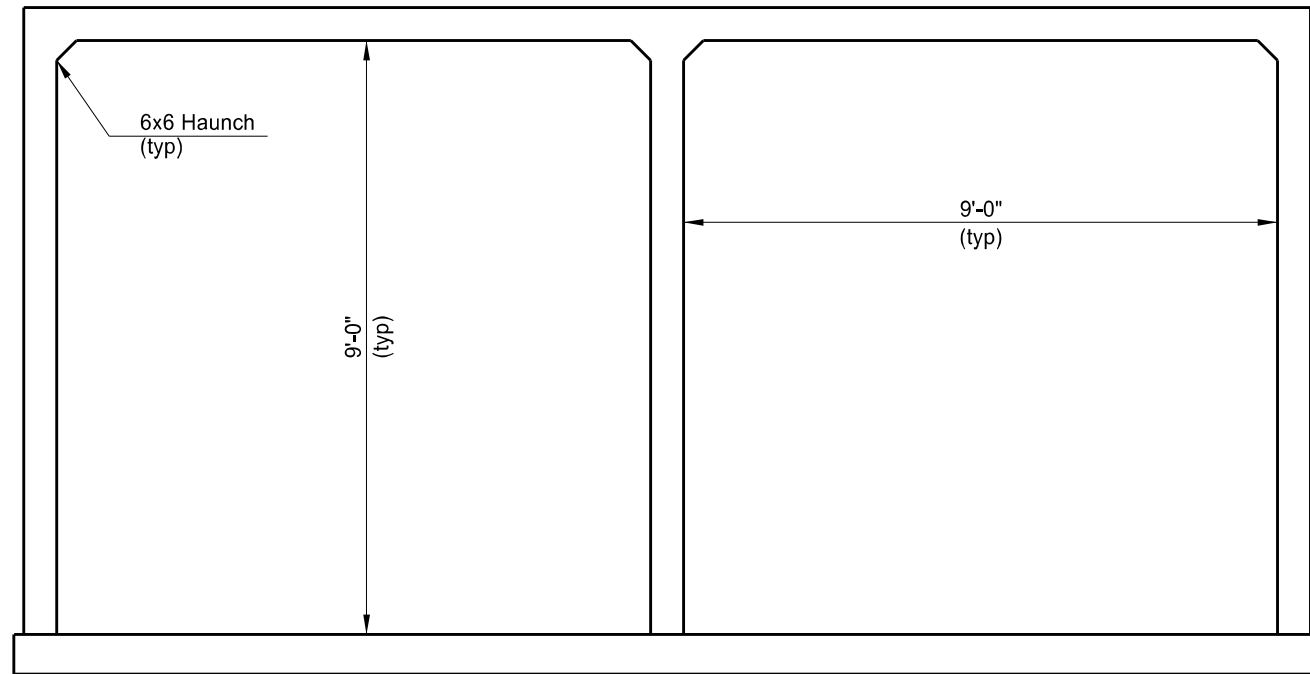
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS
21-095.497

ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BRIDGE DIVISION

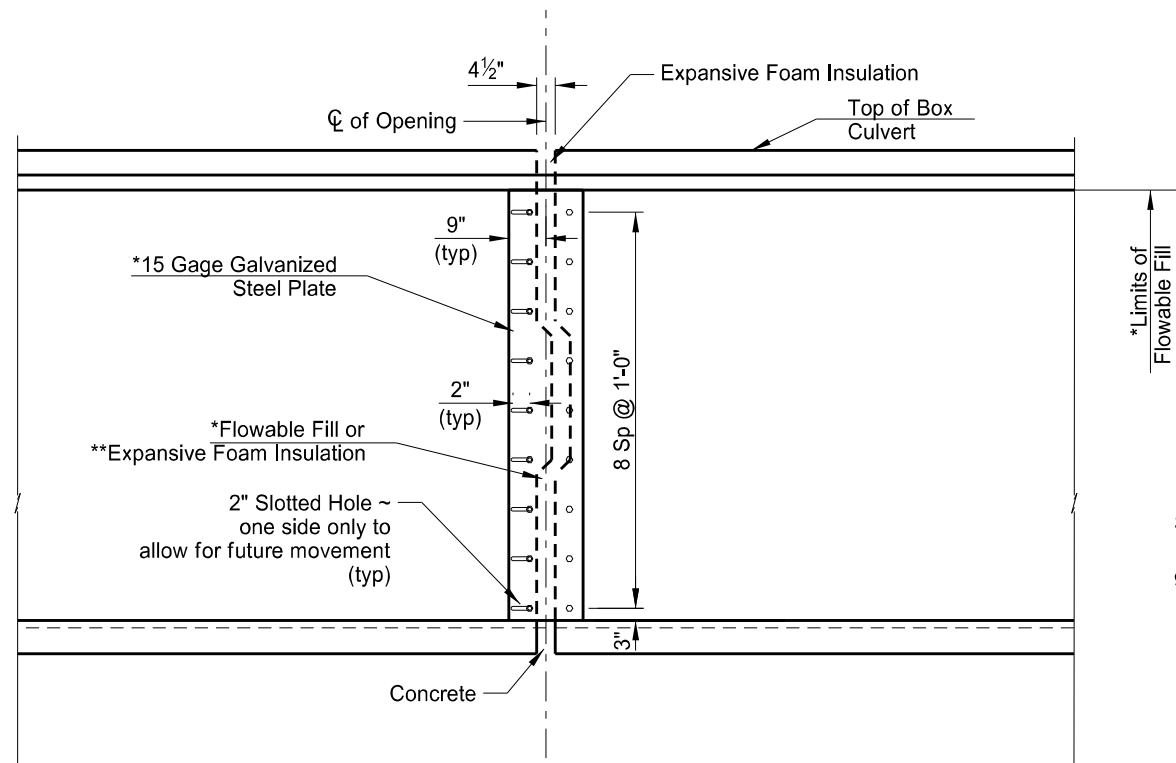
Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23



STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	7



BARREL SECTION



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

NOTES:

- 100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this location consists of repairing the joint at this concrete box culvert.
- 930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The center construction joint of the reinforced concrete box culvert has separated approximately 4 1/2". Voids measured from inside the box culvert measured up to 2.5' deep in the wall.

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Use one of the following options at the walls:

*Option 1: Attach an 18" wide, 15 gage galvanized steel plate to both side walls. Install the anchorage system according to the manufacturer's recommendation with a high strength adhesive specifically intended for concrete anchorage in accordance with Section 806.02. Fill the voids behind the walls with flowable fill from inside the box culvert.

**Option 2: Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 PSI	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 PSI	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 PSI	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 6 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 2 exterior walls, 2 floor segments, and 2 roof segments. The voids will not be filled on the interior walls.

Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	6

SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE

CREEK
ND 21, 10 EAST OF CARSON

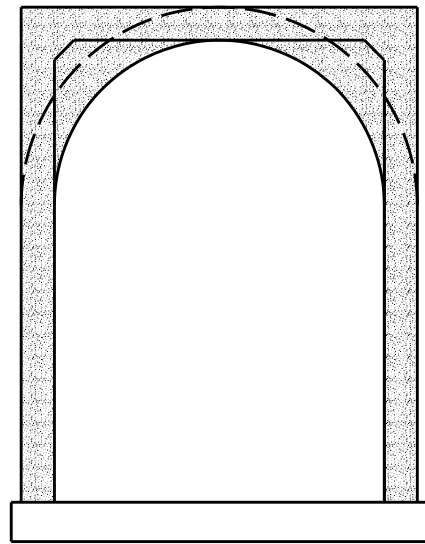
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS
21-100.041

ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BRIDGE DIVISION

Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23



STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	8

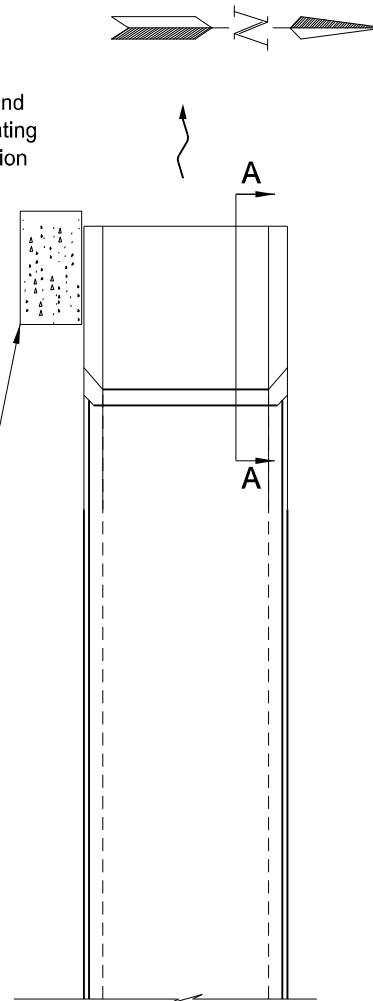


BARREL EXTENSION INTERFACE

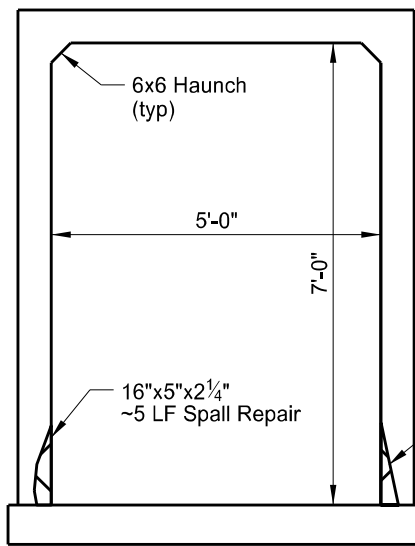


Fill with expansive foam and cover with a shotcrete coating providing a smooth transition between segments. See Joint Repair Detail.

Existing Scour Hole
4'x3'x9"
Cut to 2'-0" depth,
line with Geosynthetic
Material Type RR,
and fill with Riprap Grade II



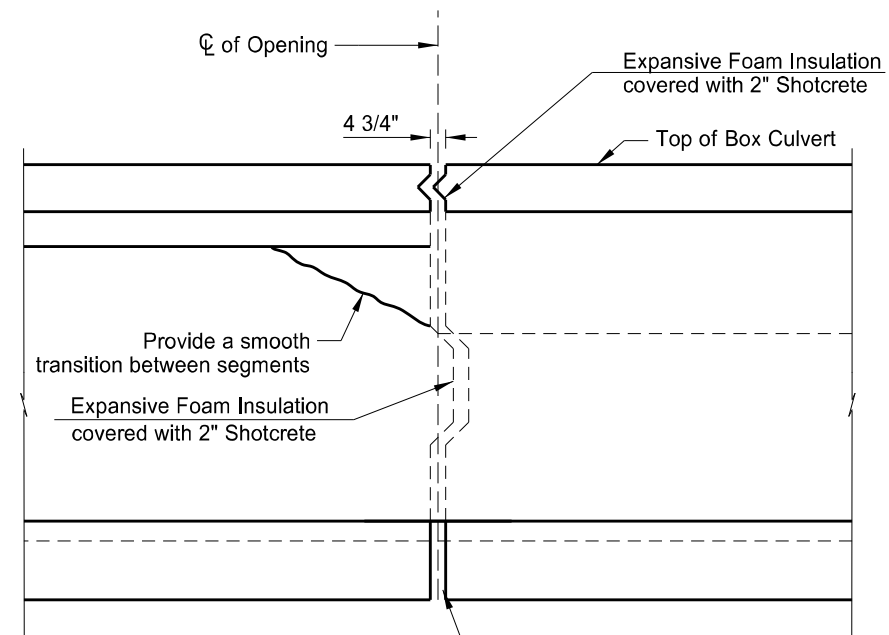
PART PLAN



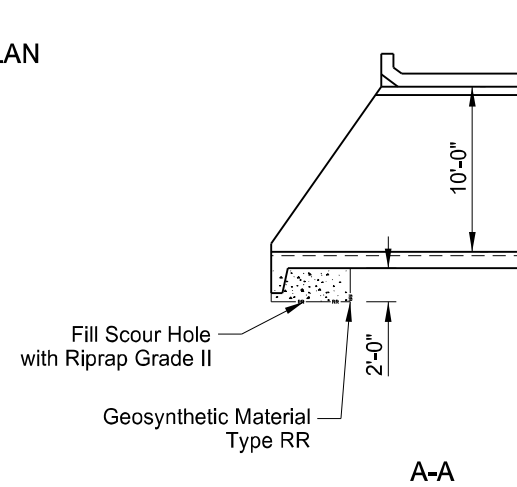
ORIGINAL BARREL SECTION



Indicates spall repair area. Dimensions for estimating purposes only.



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL



A-A

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
256	0200	RIPRAP GRADE II	CY	1
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	16
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	8

SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE

CREEK
ND 28, 3 SOUTH OF US 52

BOX CULVERT REPAIRS
28-052.462

ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BRIDGE DIVISION

Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23



NOTES

23 U.S.C. 407
 NDDOT Reserves All Objections

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	9

100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this site consists of filling the scour hole at west end with riprap and repairing the joint closures at both extension joints.

256 RIPRAP GRADE II: Cut existing scour hole to 2'-0" depth. Line with Geosynthetic Material Type RR and fill scour hole with Riprap Grade II. 2 SY of Geosynthetic Material Type RR should be installed in compliance with Section 700.

Include Geosynthetic Material Type RR and all other materials, labor, and equipment required for this work in the price bid for "Riprap Grade II". Riprap will not be measured on the project and will be paid as plan quantity. Excavation is incidental to this bid item and will be included in the cost of "Riprap Grade II".

930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The middle construction joints have separated up to approximately 4 3/4". Voids measured from the inside of the box culvert measured up to 3' up from inside of the culvert ceiling.

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill the voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Clean the joints of debris and fill voids above the roof and behind the walls with expansive foam insulation.

Use one of the following options:

Option 1: Stop the foam outside of the roof and walls to allow for shotcrete anchorage. Cover with a shotcrete coating a minimum of 2" thick providing a smooth transition between segments in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete. Place and cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

Option 2: Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried. Apply a Concrete Bonding Agent, such as Weld-Crete or approved equivalent installed per the manufacturer's instructions, to 3" minimum on either side of the joint repair prior to the application shotcrete. Cover with a shotcrete coating a minimum of 2" thick providing a smooth transition between segments in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete. Place and cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 psi	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 psi	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 psi	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 8 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 4 exterior walls, 2 floor segments, and 2 roof segments.

Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

930 SPALL REPAIR: The bid item "Spall Repair" is for the saw cutting, removal, and replacement of the unsound concrete on the bottom walls of the original box culvert. Restore the spalled areas to their original cross section.

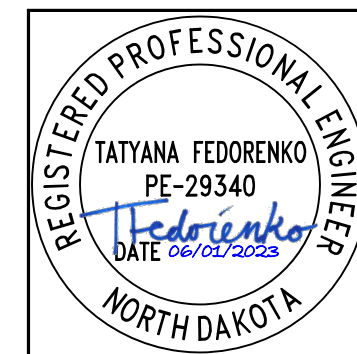
Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete removal. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Within the removal area, remove concrete to provide a minimum 1" clearance around the periphery of the reinforcing steel. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Take care in the removal process to ensure no damage is done to the reinforcing steel.

Sand blast clean the existing concrete and exposed reinforcing steel. Clean the existing concrete surface by high pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried and just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent that includes a migratory corrosion inhibitor. The bonding agent and corrosion inhibitor may be Sika FerroGard 903 (Sika Corp.), Tamms Duralprep A.C., Pro-Poxy 204 (Unitex) or an approved equal.

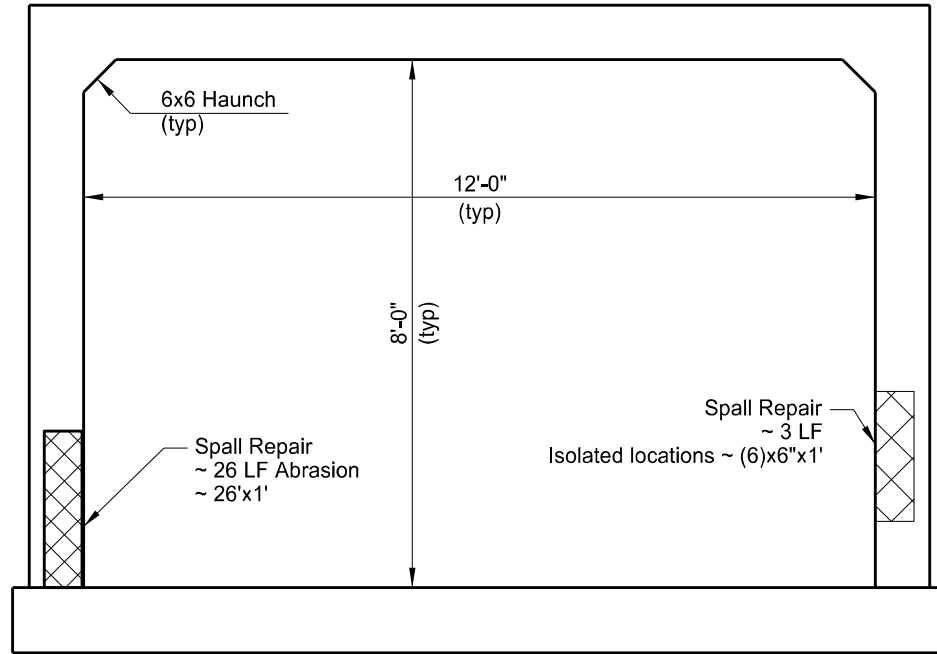
Use a two component, polymer-modified, cementitious repair mortar material that is specifically intended for patching concrete and contains a corrosion inhibitor. This patching material may be SikaTop 123 Plus (Sika Corporation), Duraltop Gel (Euclid Chemical Company), MasterEmaco N 400 (BASF Corporation), or an approved equal repair mortar. Cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform spall repairs using shotcrete in lieu of cementitious repair mortar. Any additional cost for this option must be borne by the contractor.

The actual limits of spall repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field. Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials needed for spall repair and removing and reinstalling brace in the price bid for "Spall Repair".

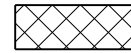


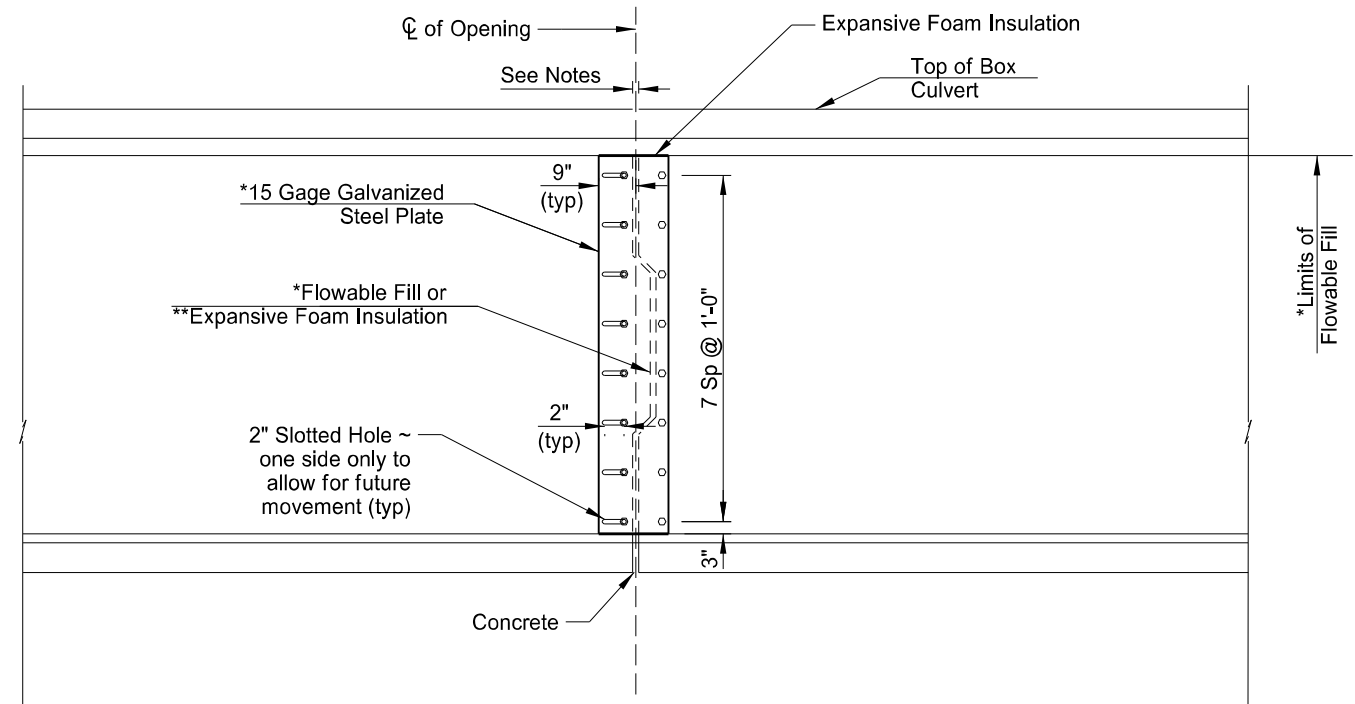
STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	10



BARREL SECTION

NOTE:
All areas to be verified by Engineer
in the field prior to removal.

 Indicates spall repair area.
Dimensions for estimating
purposes only.




JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	29
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	8

* Option 1: See Notes for details
** Option 2: See Notes for details



SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE
CUT BANK CREEK ND 28, 15 NORTH OF ND 5	
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS 28-095.668	
ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BRIDGE DIVISION	
Ketterling, Jonathan 06/12/23 	

NOTES

23 U.S.C. 407
NDDOT Reserves All Objections

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	11

100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this site consists of removing and replacing the spalled concrete on the walls and repairing joints at this single 12x8 concrete box culvert.

930 SPALL REPAIR: The bid item "Spall Repair" is for the saw cutting, removal, and replacement of the unsound concrete. Restore the spalled areas to their original cross section.

Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete removal. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Within the removal area, remove concrete to provide a minimum 1" clearance around the periphery of the reinforcing steel. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Take care in the removal process to ensure no damage is done to the reinforcing steel.

Sand blast clean the existing concrete and exposed reinforcing steel. Clean the existing concrete surface by high pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried and just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent that includes a migratory corrosion inhibitor. The bonding agent and corrosion inhibitor may be Sika FerroGard 903 (Sika Corp.), Tamms Duralprep A.C., Pro-Poxy 204 (Unitex) or an approved equal.

For the 26 LF Abrasion repair, cover with a Shotcrete coating in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete. Place and cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

For the 3 LF Spall provide a repair in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete.

The actual limits of spall repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field. Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials needed for spall repair and removing and reinstalling brace in the price bid for "Spall Repair".

930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The south construction joint of the reinforced concrete box culvert has separated approximately 3" and the north construction joint has separated approximately 1 1/2".

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Use one of the following options at the walls:

*Option 1: Attach an 18" wide, 15 gage galvanized steel plate to both side walls. Install the anchorage system according to the manufacturer's recommendation with a high strength adhesive specifically intended for concrete anchorage in accordance with Section 806.02. Fill the voids behind the walls with flowable fill from inside the box culvert.

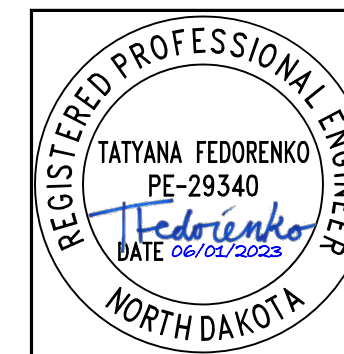
**Option 2: Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

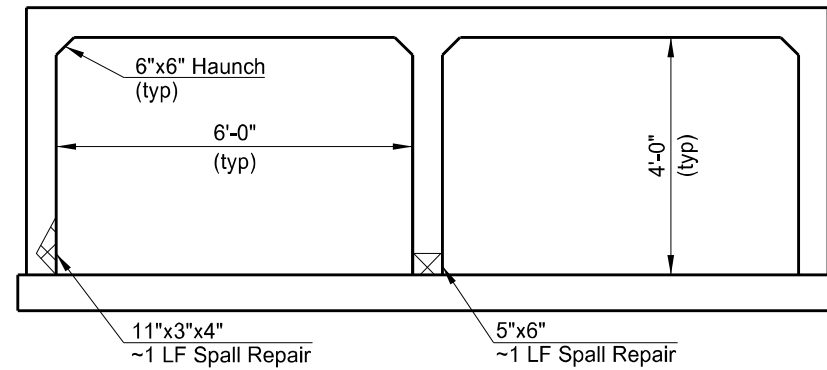
Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 psi	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 psi	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 psi	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 8 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 4 exterior walls, 2 floor segments, and 2 roof segments. The voids will not be filled on the interior walls.

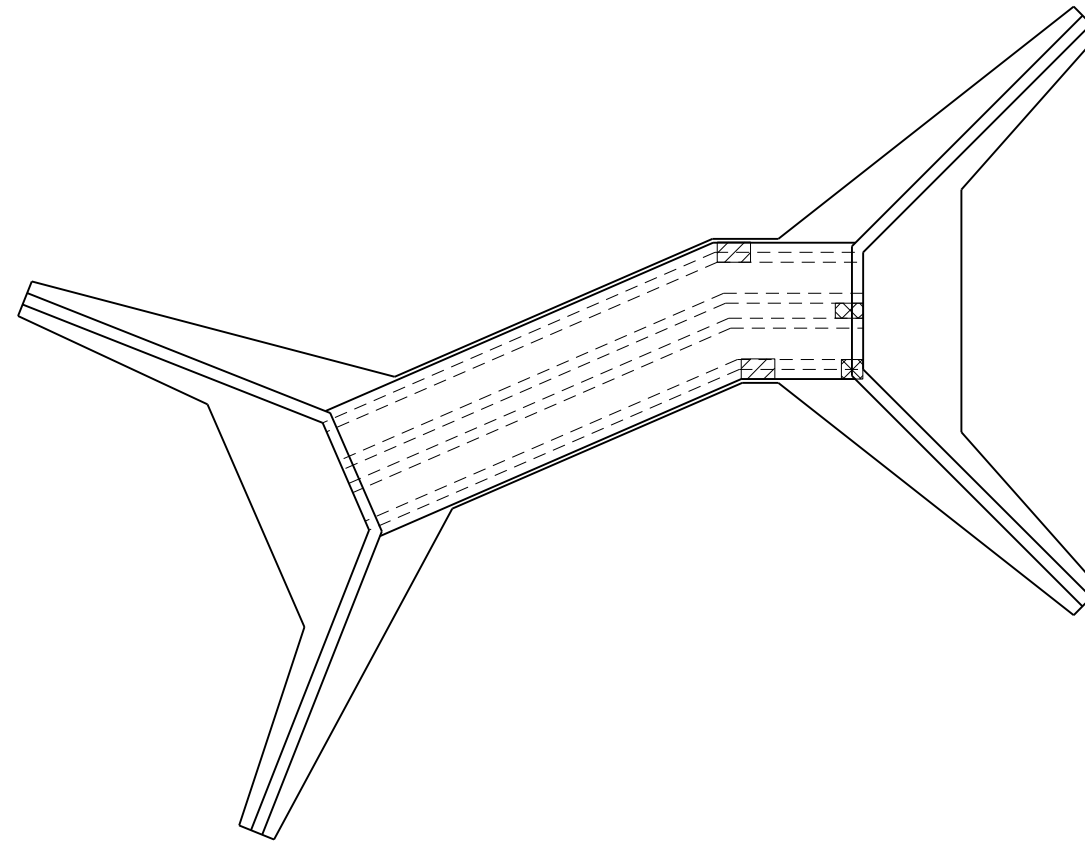
Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".



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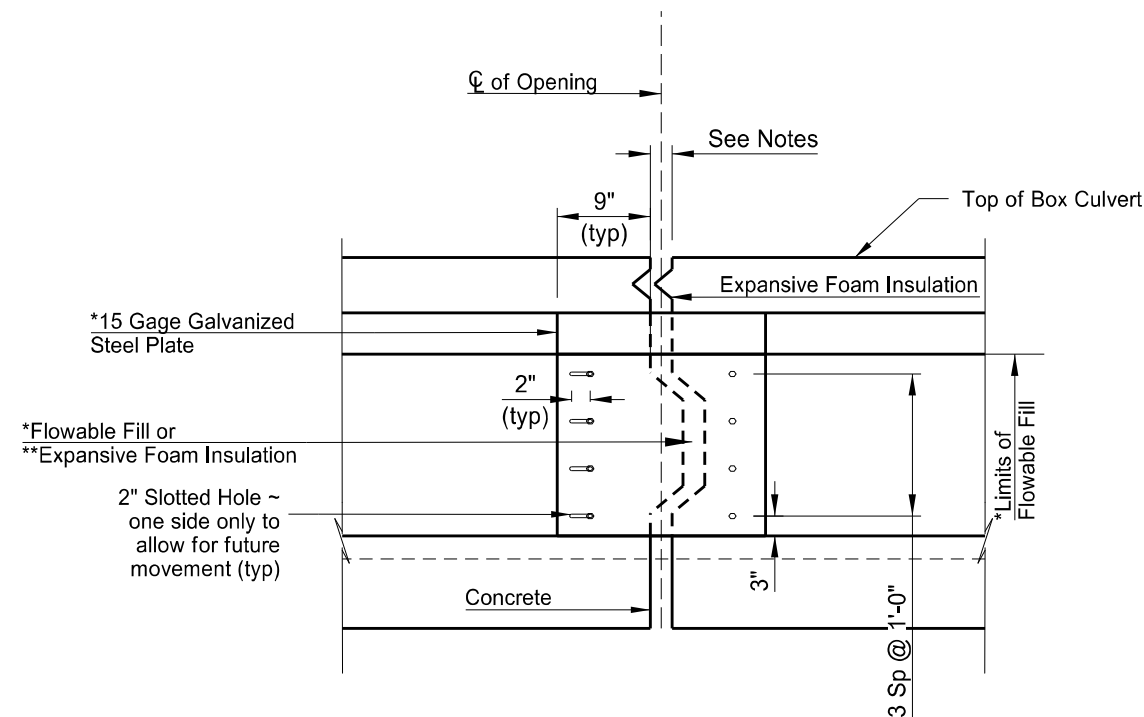
BARREL SECTION



BOX CULVERT PLAN

- Hatched area indicates joint treatment. Dimensions for estimating purposes only.
- Indicates spall repair area. Dimensions for estimating purposes only.

NOTE:
All areas to be verified by Engineer in the field prior to removal.



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

* Option 1: See Notes for details
** Option 2: See Notes for details

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	2
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	6
950	9712	JOINT TREATMENT	LF	8



SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE
CREEK ND 40, 3 NORTH ND 5	
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS 40-058.713	
ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BRIDGE DIVISION	
Ketterling, Jonathan 06/12/23	

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23 U.S.C. 407
NDDOT Reserves All Objections

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	13

100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this site consists of removing and replacing the spalled concrete on the east middle wall and exterior wall, repairing, and treating joints at this double 6x4 concrete box culvert.

930 SPALL REPAIR: The bid item "Spall Repair" is for the saw cutting, removal, and replacement of the unsound concrete on the east walls. Restore the spalled areas to their original cross section.

Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete removal. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Within the removal area, remove concrete to provide a minimum 1" clearance around the periphery of the reinforcing steel. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Take care in the removal process to ensure no damage is done to the reinforcing steel.

Sand blast clean the existing concrete and exposed reinforcing steel. Clean the existing concrete surface by high pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried and just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent that includes a migratory corrosion inhibitor. The bonding agent and corrosion inhibitor may be Sika FerroGard 903 (Sika Corp.), Tamms Duralprep A.C., Pro-Poxy 204 (Unitex) or an approved equal.

Use a two component, polymer-modified, cementitious repair mortar material that is specifically intended for patching concrete and contains a corrosion inhibitor. This patching material may be SikaTop 123 Plus (Sika Corporation), Duraltop Gel (Euclid Chemical Company), MasterEmaco N 400 (BASF Corporation), or an approved equal repair mortar. Cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform spall repairs using shotcrete in lieu of cementitious repair mortar. Any additional cost for this option must be borne by the contractor.

The actual limits of spall repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field. Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials needed for spall repair in the price bid for "Spall Repair".

930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The construction joints have separated approximately as follows: 1 1/4" and faulted 1 3/8".

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill the voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete. Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with

the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Use one of the following options at the walls:

*Option 1: Attach an 18" wide, 15 gage galvanized steel plate to both side walls. Install the anchorage system according to the manufacturer's recommendation with a high strength adhesive specifically intended for concrete anchorage in accordance with Section 806.02. Fill the voids behind the walls with flowable fill from inside the box culvert.

**Option 2: Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 psi	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 psi	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 psi	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 6 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 2 exterior walls, 2 floor segments, and 2 roof segments.

Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".



NOTES

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NDDOT Reserves All Objections

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	14

950 JOINT TREATMENT: The reinforced concrete box culvert has severe damage at the extension joints. The Engineer will sound and mark out areas of unsound concrete prior to removal.

Remove all unsound concrete and replace it with new concrete material. Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Remove concrete to a depth that provides a minimum clearance of 1" around the periphery of the rebar. Take care not to damage existing reinforcement.

Sand blast clean any rust scale found on the exposed reinforcing steel. Clean the existing concrete surface by light sand blasting or high-pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent.

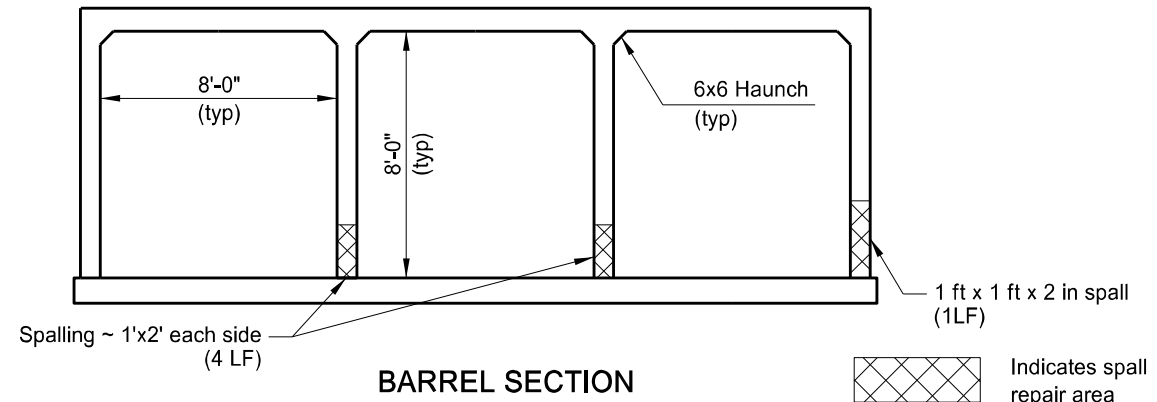
Use shotcrete in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete. Apply and cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

The plan quantity is based on the assumption that the areas to be repaired are to the dimensions shown in plan view. The actual limits of the repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field.

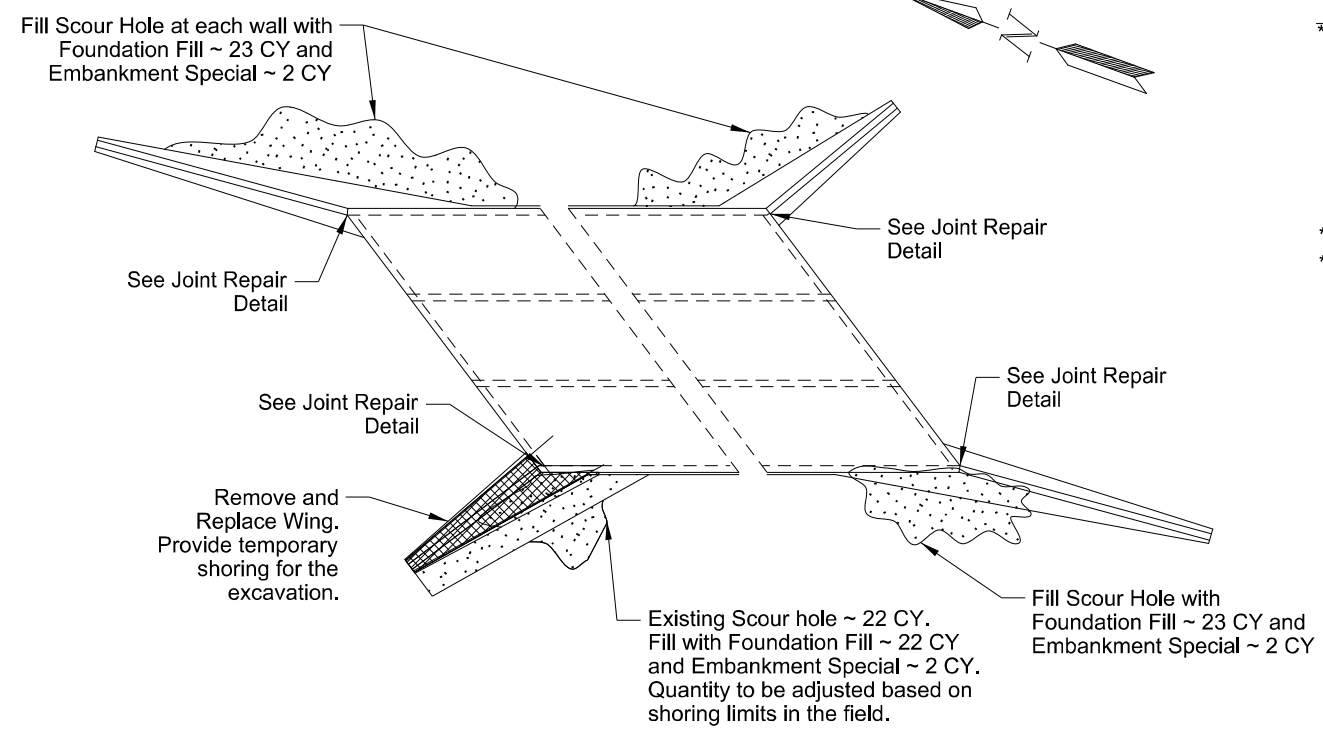
Include all labor, equipment, and materials needed to repair the spall areas in the bid item "Joint Treatment".



STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	15



BARREL SECTION

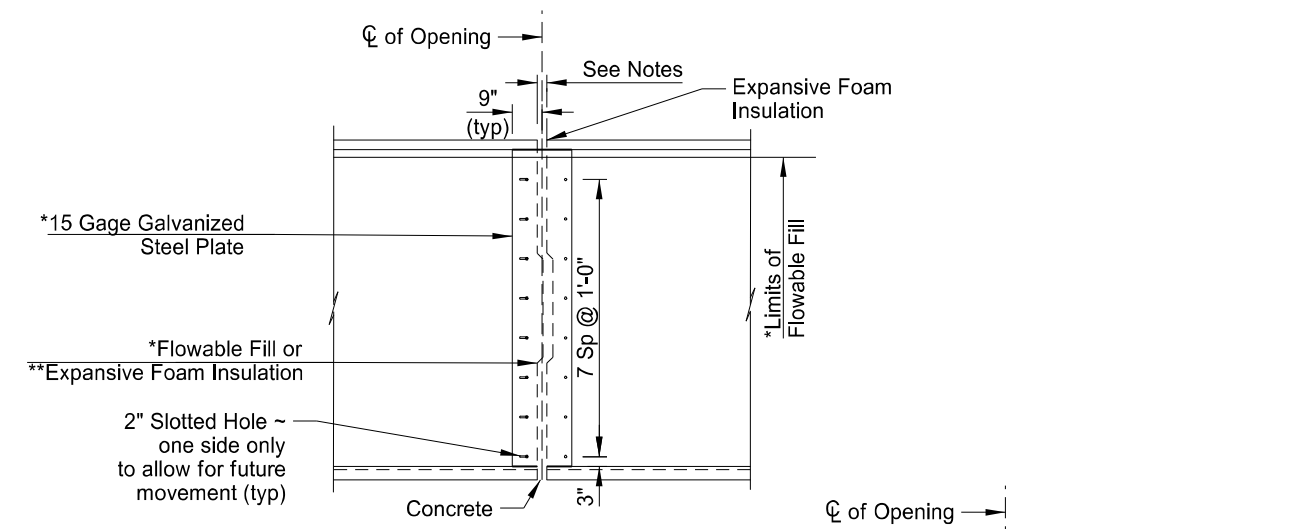


BOX CULVERT PLAN

Foundation Fill with Embankment Special

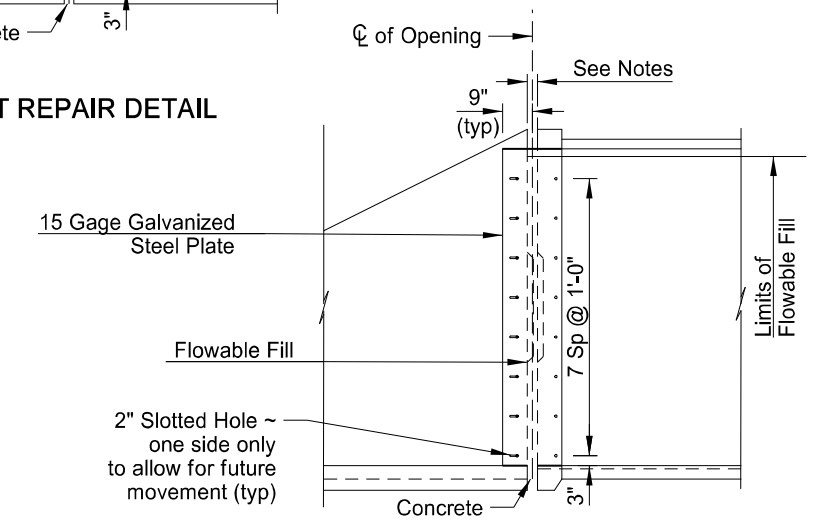
BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
202	0101	REMOVAL OF CONCRETE	EA	1
203	0195	EMBANKMENT SPECIAL	L SUM	1
210	0210	FOUNDATION FILL	CY	97
255	0101	ECB TYPE I	SY	44
602	1131	CLASS AE-3 CONCRETE-BOX CULVERT	CY	9.1
612	0114	REINFORCING STEEL-GRADE 60-BOX CULVERT	LBS	555
930	8230	SHORING	EA	1
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	5
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	12



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

* Option 1: See Notes for details
** Option 2: See Notes for details



WINGWALL JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

NOTE:

Place a 1'-0" minimum depth of foundation fill and bedding under the wingwall footing and extending 3'-0" laterally from the footing limits, ~8 CY. Provide bedding in accordance with Section 606.E.1. Remove and replace all unsound material under the box with foundation fill. The Engineer will determine the depth required.



SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE
DES LACS RIVER ND 52, SOUTHEAST OF KENMARE	
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS 52-050.507	
ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BRIDGE DIVISION	
Ketterling, Jonathan 06/12/23	

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ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	16

NOTES

- 100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this site consists of removing and replacing the northwest wingwall, repairing joints and scour at this triple 8x8 reinforced concrete box culvert.
- 100 GENERAL: Include the cost of furnishing and placing preformed expansion joint filler, concrete inserts, rebar couplers, silicone sealant, and other miscellaneous items in the price bid for "Class AE-3 Concrete".
- 202 REMOVAL OF CONCRETE: Remove existing northeast wingwall in its entirety. Cut wing footing to the limits shown and cut rebar protruding from the barrel into the wing footing flush with the wall of the barrel. Leave the barrel roof, walls, floor, and cutoff walls in place.
- 203 EMBANKMENT SPECIAL: The fill behind the wingwalls has erosion from failed joints. After the joint is replaced and repairs are completed, repair the erosion with foundation fill and the top 6" as imported topsoil meeting specification 203.04B.2. Place and compact the topsoil in layers not exceeding 6 inches loose. Shape and compact the imported topsoil with a juming jack compactor to match the surrounding embankment. It is estimated that less than 8 cubic yds of imported topsoil will be required for the repairs. Include all labor, equipment, and material to repair the erosion in the bid item "EMBANKMENT SPECIAL".
- 255 ECB TYPE I: After repairing the erosion behind the wingwalls, seed the imported topsoil with Class II seed mixture, meeting specification 251.03 D. Place seed by broadcasting the area at a rate of 0.06 pounds per SY. Prior to broadcasting, loosen the soil by means of a hand rake or drag. After seeding, rake the area loosely to cover the seed. Place Erosion Control Blanket Type 1 meeting specification 255 over the repaired embankment. Staple the blanket in accordance with Standard D-255-2, trench the top edge of the blanket along the wingwall, but do not trench the sides of the blanket. Place a small amount of topsoil along the sides of the blanket to hold it down in place. It is estimated that approximately 44 SY of ECB Type 1 will be required for repairs. Include all labor, equipment, and material to seed and blanket the erosion in the bid item "ECB Type I".
- 602 CONCRETE: Cast the following elements of each section in one continuous run:
 - 1. Wing footings
 - 2. Wing complete to the top
 If the existing wall thicknesses is different than the new thickness, set the inner surfaces flush and the exterior surfaces tapered in the first 1'-6" of the wing.
- 602 CURING CONCRETE: Wet cure all concrete surfaces not covered by forms. Cover the concrete with a double thickness of burlap. Maintain surface moisture between the final finish and placement of burlap by periodic applications of a light fog spray of water. Keep the burlap continuously moist until the end of the curing period.
- 602 POST INSTALLED ANCHORAGES: Concrete anchorages for the wing footing will require drilling and anchoring to existing concrete using a chemical adhesive. Provide an adhesive with a minimum characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete of 1.5 ksi. Drill holes 1/8" larger in diameter than anchorage bar or per manufacturer's

recommendations and to the depths shown in the details. The Contractor will verify that no reinforcement will be encountered while drilling and any modifications to anchorage spacing will be approved by the Engineer prior to drilling.

Submit to the Engineer one system, including installation instructions, for approval prior to beginning work. Install all anchors as specified by the Manufacturer's Printed Installation Instructions. Adhesive anchorage installers must hold current ACI-CRSI Adhesive Anchor Installer Certification credentials. Prior to installation of the anchorages on the project, meet with the Project Engineer, Inspectors, and Installers to review the installation process and requirements. At the Pre-installation meeting, submit a record of the contractor/installer ACI-CRSI certification card to the Project Engineer.

Meet the following conditions prior to installing:

- Ensure concrete surface is free of water prior to drilling
- Ensure the hole is dry
- Install anchorages per Manufacturer's Printed Installation Instructions

Include the price for installation and testing of anchorage of individual bars in the bid items "Reinforcing Steel-Grade 60".

612 REINFORCING STEEL: Dimensions of bent bars are given out to out.

930 SHORING: Temporary shoring is required for the excavation and replacement of the wingwall. The Contractor will design, construct, maintain, and remove the temporary shoring. All excavation, labor, equipment, and material needed for this work shall be included in the bid item, "Shoring".

930 SPALL REPAIR: The bid item "Spall Repair" is for the saw cutting, removal, and replacement of the unsound concrete on both walls of the original box culvert. Restore the spalled areas to their original cross section.

Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete removal. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Within the removal area, remove concrete to provide a minimum 1" clearance around the periphery of the reinforcing steel. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Take care in the removal process to ensure no damage is done to the reinforcing steel.

Sand blast clean the existing concrete and exposed reinforcing steel. Clean the existing concrete surface by high pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried and just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent that includes a migratory corrosion inhibitor. The bonding agent and corrosion inhibitor may be Sika FerroGard 903 (Sika Corp.), Tamms Duralprep A.C., Pro-Poxy 204 (Unitex) or an approved equal.

Use a two component, polymer-modified, cementitious repair



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NOTES

mortar material that is specifically intended for patching concrete and contains a corrosion inhibitor. This patching material may be SikaTop 123 Plus (Sika Corporation), Duraltop Gel (Euclid Chemical Company), MasterEmaco N 400 (BASF Corporation), or an approved equal repair mortar. Cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform spall repairs using shotcrete in lieu of cementitious repair mortar. Any additional cost for this option must be borne by the contractor.

The actual limits of spall repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field. Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials needed for spall repair in the price bid for "Spall Repair".

930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The north construction joint has separated a maximum of 5 in.

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill the voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days.

Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

At the wingwall joints, attach an 18" wide, 15 gage galvanized steel plate to both side walls. Bend the steel plate to match the angle at the wingwall, approximately 45 degrees. Install the anchorage system according to the manufacturer's recommendation with a high strength adhesive specifically intended for concrete anchorage in accordance with Section 806.02. Fill the voids behind the walls with flowable fill from inside the box culvert.

Use one of the following options at the walls:

*Option 1: Attach an 18" wide, 15 gage galvanized steel plate to both side walls. Install the anchorage system according to the manufacturer's recommendation with a high strength adhesive specifically intended for concrete anchorage in accordance with Section 806.02. Fill the voids behind the walls with flowable fill from inside the box culvert.

**Option 2: Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

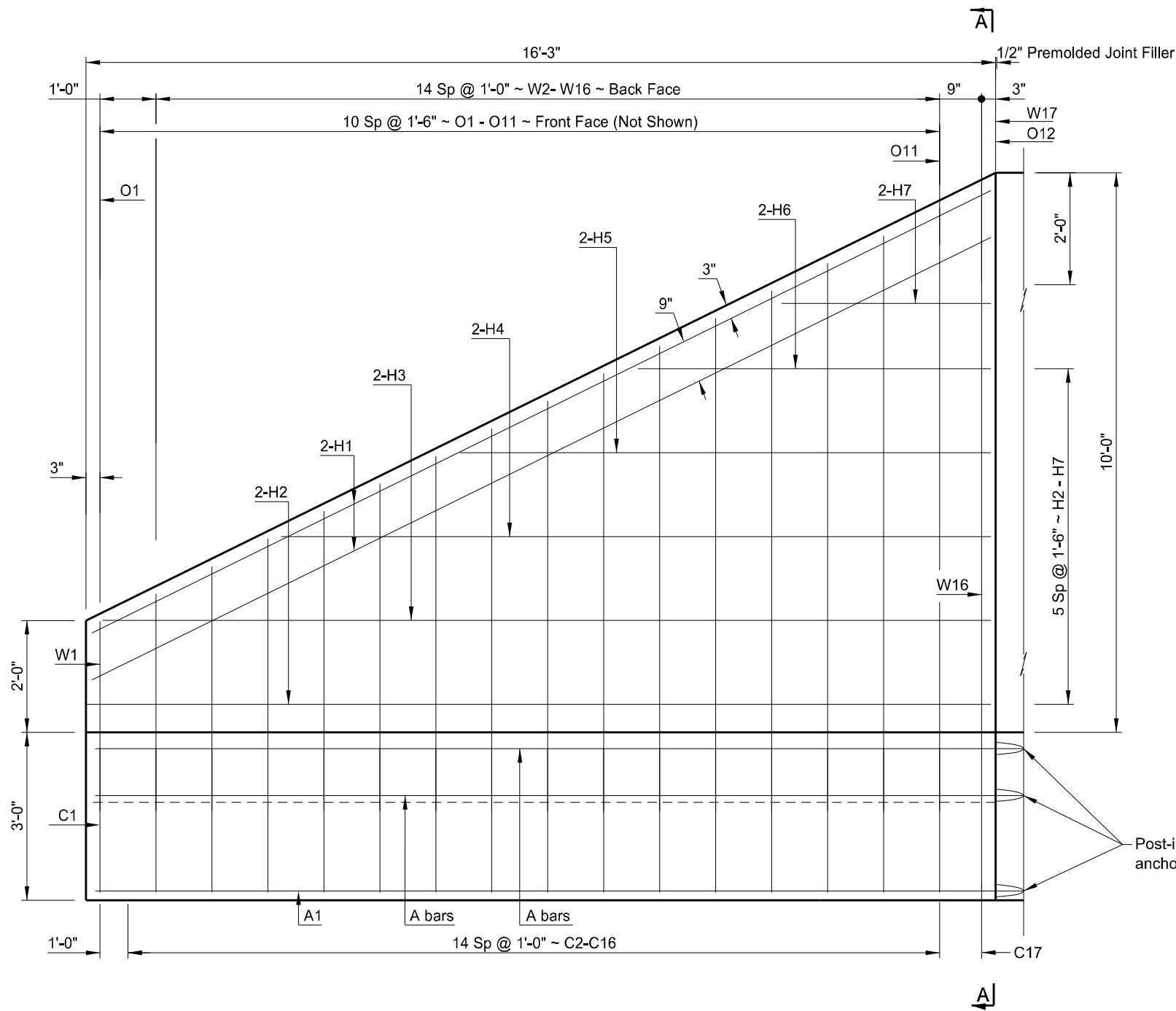
Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 psi	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 psi	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 psi	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 12 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 4 wingwall joints, 2 exterior walls, 3 floor segments, and 3 roof segments.

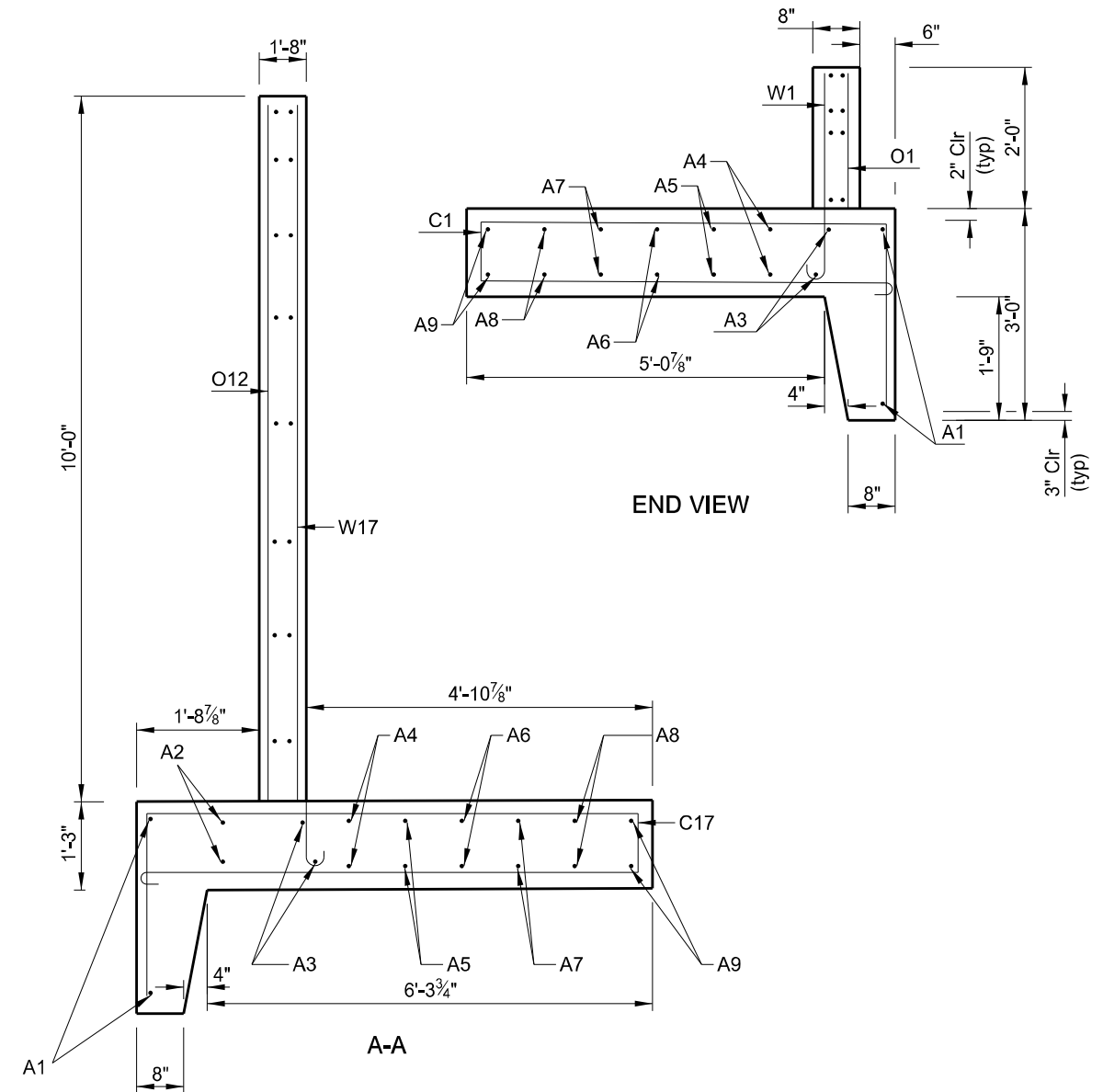
Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".



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WING ELEVATION



END VIEW

A-A

Post-install anchors



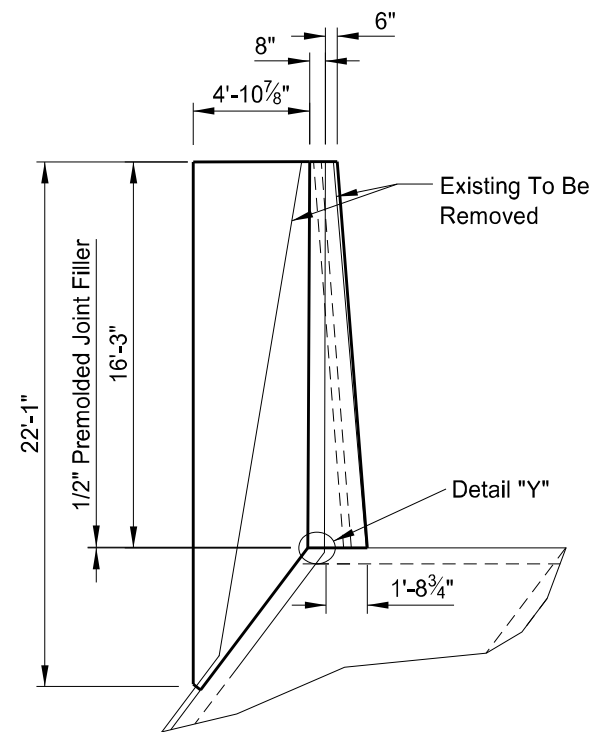
DES LACS RIVER
 ND 52, SOUTHEAST OF KENMARE

BARREL SECTION &
 WING DETAILS

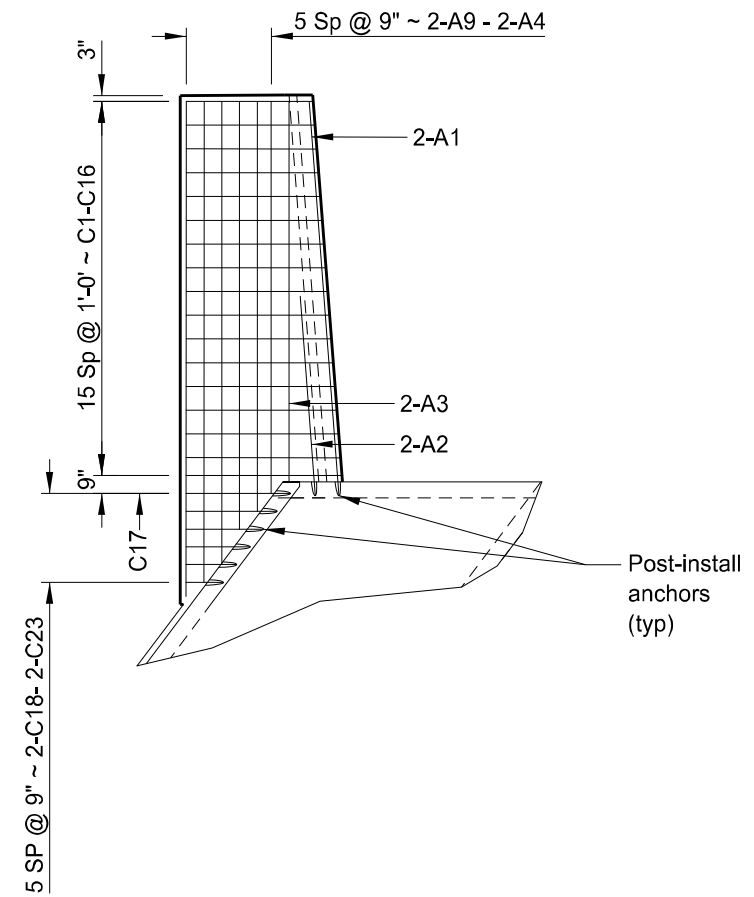
ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 BRIDGE DIVISION

Ketterling, Jonathan
 06/12/23

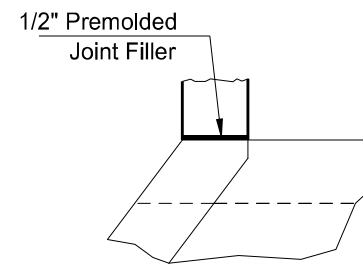
STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
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(SHOWING DIMENSIONS ONLY)



(SHOWING FOOTING REINFORCEMENT ONLY)



DETAIL 'Y'



DES LACS RIVER
ND52, SOUTHEAST OF KENMARE

FLOOR DETAIL

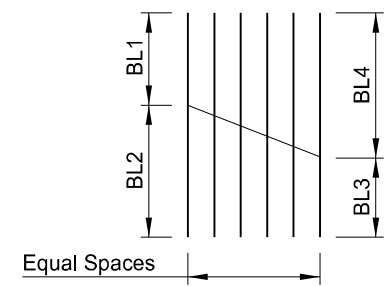
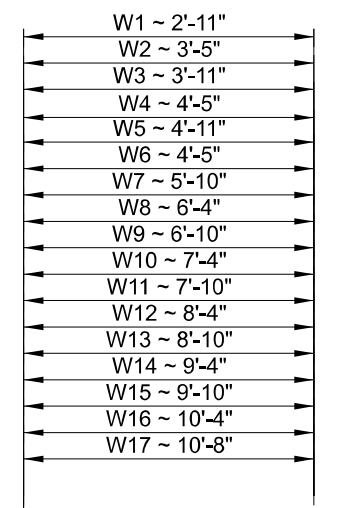
ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BRIDGE DIVISION

Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23

BAR LIST (CONSTANT)				
MARK	SIZE	NO.	LENGTH	SHAPE
W1	5	1	3'-6"	BENT
W2	5	1	4'-0"	BENT
W3	5	1	4'-6"	BENT
W4	5	1	5'-0"	BENT
W5	5	1	5'-6"	BENT
W6	5	1	6'-0"	BENT
W7	5	1	6'-5"	BENT
W8	5	1	6'-11"	BENT
W9	5	1	7'-5"	BENT
W10	5	1	7'-11"	BENT
W11	5	1	8'-5"	BENT
W12	5	1	8'-11"	BENT
W13	5	1	9'-5"	BENT
W14	5	1	9'-11"	BENT
W15	5	1	10'-5"	BENT
W16	5	1	10'-11"	BENT
W17	5	1	11'-3"	BENT
C1	5	1	15'-6"	BENT
C2	5	1	15'-8"	BENT
C3	5	1	15'-10"	BENT
C4	5	1	16'-0"	BENT
C5	5	1	16'-2"	BENT
C6	5	1	16'-4"	BENT
C7	5	1	16'-6"	BENT
C8	5	1	16'-8"	BENT
C9	6	1	16'-10"	BENT
C10	6	1	17'-0"	BENT
C11	6	1	17'-2"	BENT
C12	6	1	17'-4"	BENT
C13	6	1	17'-6"	BENT
C14	6	1	17'-8"	BENT
C15	6	1	17'-10"	BENT
C16	6	1	18'-0"	BENT
C17	6	1	18'-2"	BENT
C18	5	2	5'-7"	BENT
C19	5	2	5'-1"	BENT
C20	5	2	4'-6"	BENT
C21	5	2	3'-11"	BENT
C22	5	2	3'-4"	BENT
C23	5	2	2'-10"	BENT
H1	4	4	17'-9"	STR.
H2	4	2	16'-1"	STR.
H3	4	2	15'-8"	STR.
H4	4	2	12'-7"	STR.
H5	4	2	9'-7"	STR.
H6	4	2	6'-6"	STR.
H7	4	2	3'-6"	STR.
O1 - O12	4	1 SET	71'-2"	STR.
A1	6	2	16'-6"	STR.
A2	6	2	8'-4"	STR.
A3	6	2	16'-1"	STR.
A4	6	2	16'-9"	STR.
A5	6	2	18'-3"	STR.
A6	6	2	19'-3"	STR.
A7	6	2	20'-3"	STR.
A8	6	2	21'-2"	STR.
A9	6	2	21'-11"	STR.

23 U.S.C. 407
NDDOT Reserves All Objections

STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	20

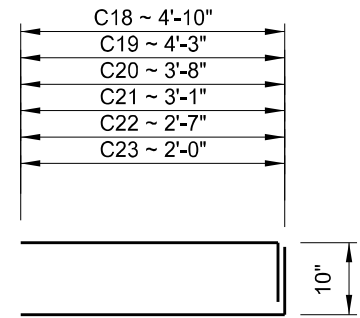
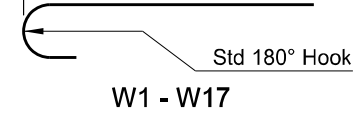


1 SET SHOWN

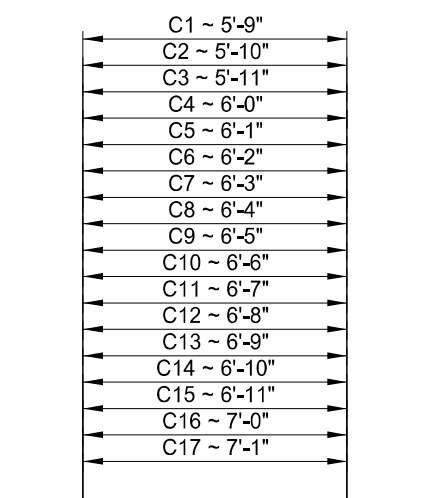
MARK	LENGTH 1 SET	BL1	BL2	BL3	BL4	SPACES
O1-O12	71'-2"	1'-11"	9'-8"	5'-7"	6'-4"	5

BAR CUTTING DETAILS

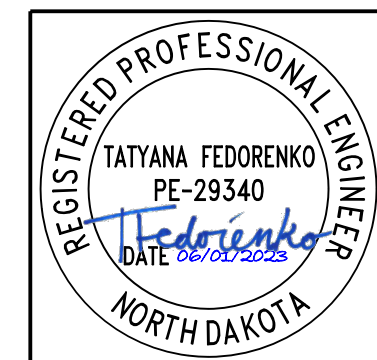
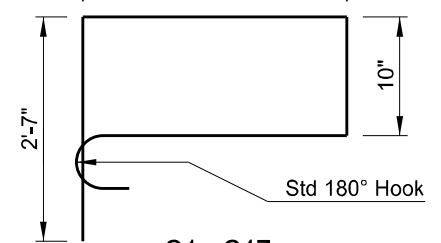
CONCRETE QUANTITIES (0° SKEW)	
FLOOR	6.7 CY
WING	2.4 CY
TOTAL	9.1 CY



C18 - C23



C1 - C17



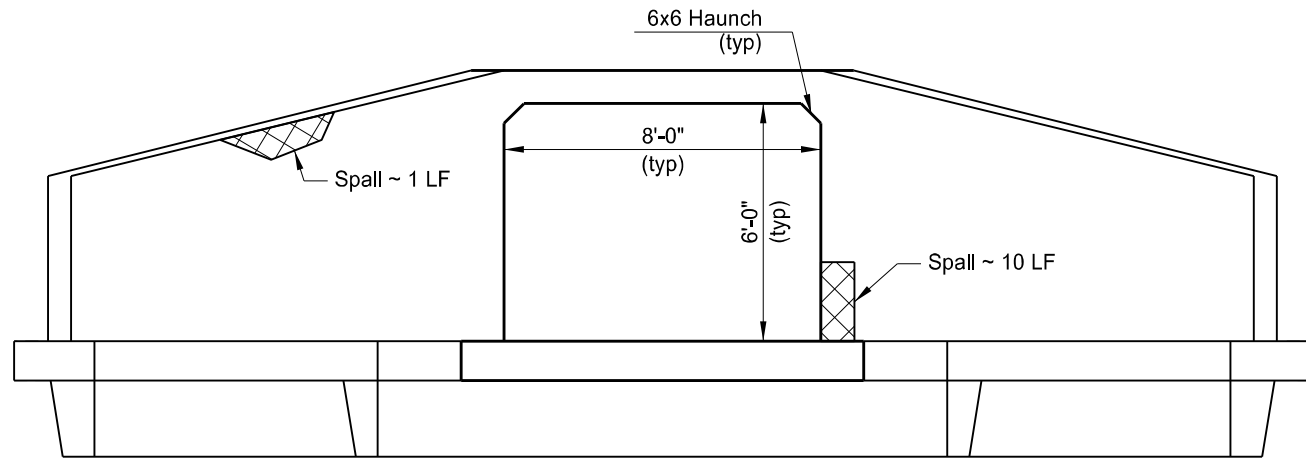
DES LACS RIVER
ND 52, SOUTHEAST OF KENMARE


REINFORCING BAR LIST

ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BRIDGE DIVISION

Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23

STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	21

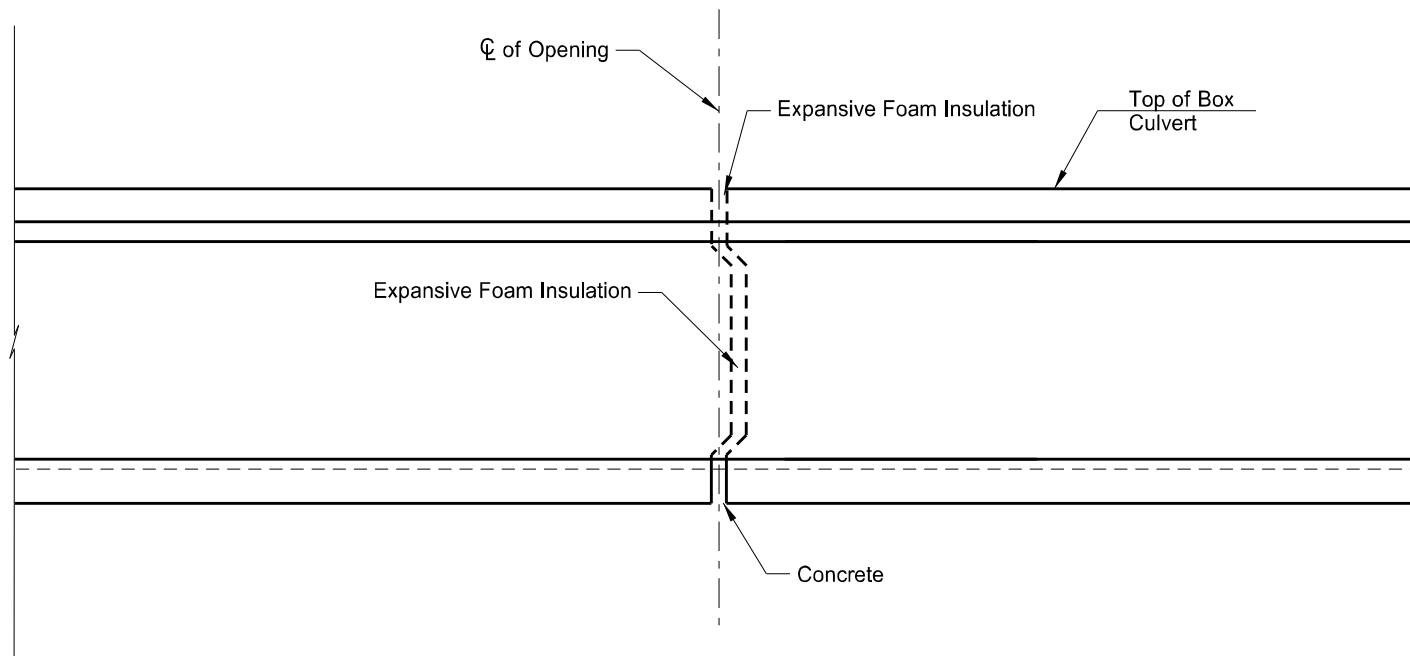


 Indicates spall repair area. Dimensions for estimating purposes only.

BARREL SECTION


BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	20
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	4



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL



SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE
CREEK ND 52, 8 NORTHWEST OF ND 28	
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS 52-060.290	
ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BRIDGE DIVISION	
Ketterling, Jonathan 06/12/23 	

NOTES

23 U.S.C. 407
NDDOT Reserves All Objections

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	22

100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this site consists of removing and replacing the unsound concrete on the southwest wing and repairing the center joint at this single 8x6 concrete box culvert.

930 SPALL REPAIR: The bid item "Spall Repair" is for the saw cutting, removal, and replacement of the unsound concrete on the southwest wing. Restore the spalled areas to their original cross section.

Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete removal. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Within the removal area, remove concrete to provide a minimum 1" clearance around the periphery of the reinforcing steel. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Take care in the removal process to ensure no damage is done to the reinforcing steel.

Sand blast clean the existing concrete and exposed reinforcing steel. Clean the existing concrete surface by high pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried and just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent that includes a migratory corrosion inhibitor. The bonding agent and corrosion inhibitor may be Sika FerroGard 903 (Sika Corp.), Tamms Duralprep A.C., Pro-Poxy 204 (Unitex) or an approved equal.

Use a two component, polymer-modified, cementitious repair mortar material that is specifically intended for patching concrete and contains a corrosion inhibitor. This patching material may be SikaTop 123 Plus (Sika Corporation), Duraltop Gel (Euclid Chemical Company), MasterEmaco N 400 (BASF Corporation), or an approved equal repair mortar. Cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform spall repairs using shotcrete in lieu of cementitious repair mortar. Any additional cost for this option must be borne by the contractor.

The actual limits of spall repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field. Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials needed for spall repair in the price bid for "Spall Repair".

930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The center construction joint has separated approximately 1/2".

If the box culvert needs to be feathered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill the voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof and behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

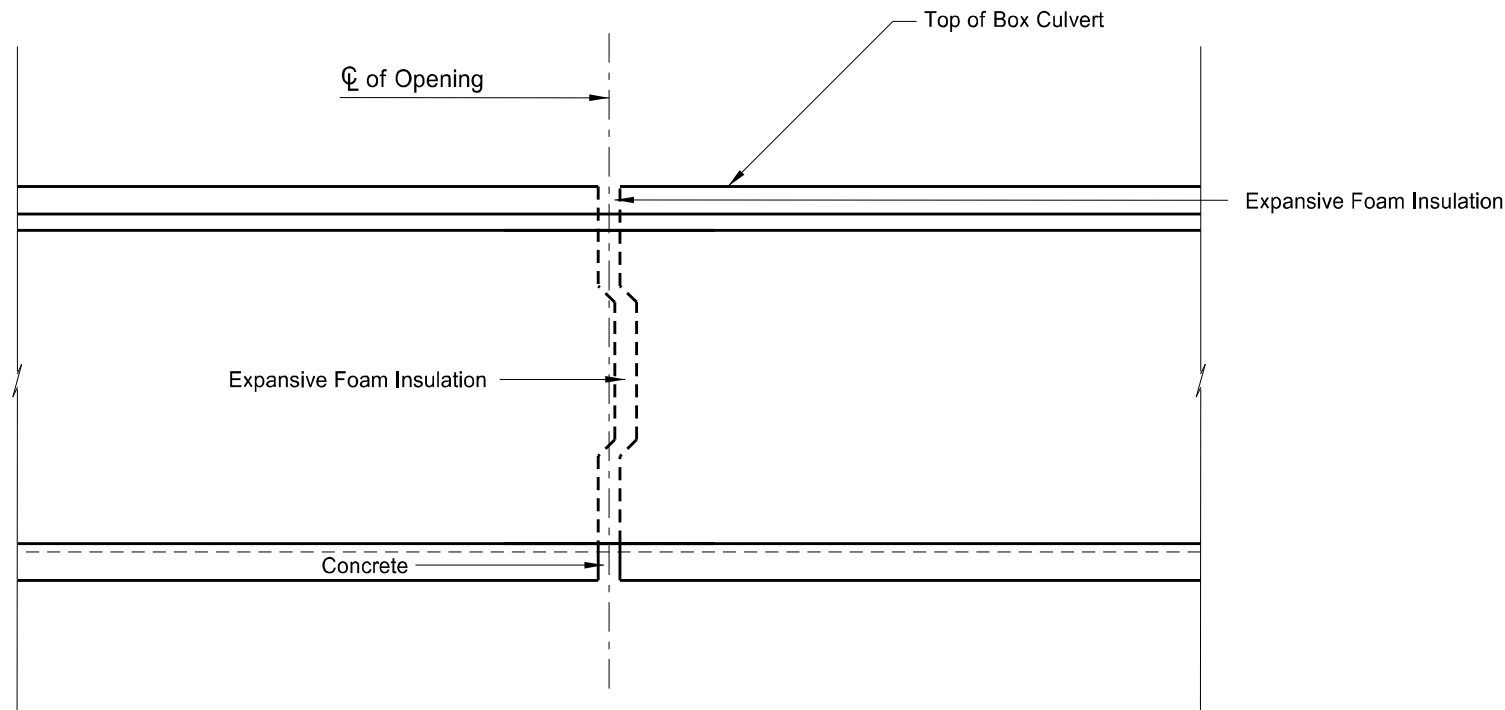
Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 psi	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 psi	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 psi	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 4 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 2 exterior walls, 1 floor segment, and 1 roof segment.

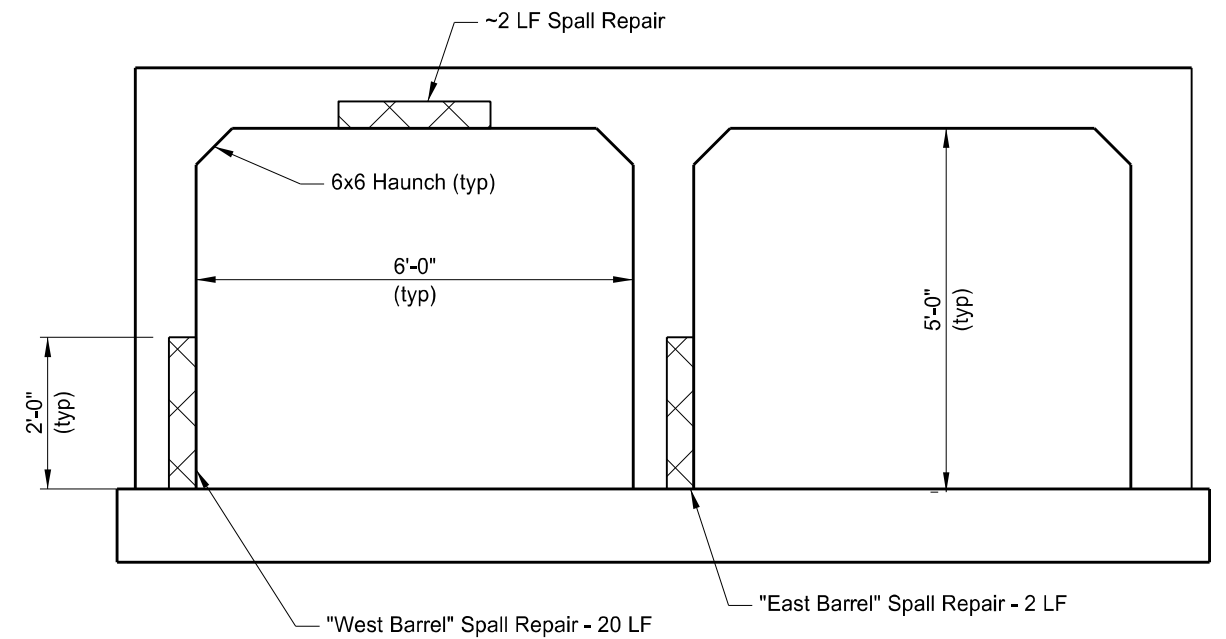
Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".




STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	23



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL



 Indicates spall repair area. Dimensions for estimating purposes only.

BARREL SECTION

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	46
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	12

SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE

CREEK
ND 52, 7 NORTHWEST OF ND 28

BOX CULVERT REPAIRS
52-060.700

ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BRIDGE DIVISION

Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23




NOTES

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	24

100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this site consists of removing and replacing the unsound concrete on the west walls and repairing the extension joints at this double 6x5 concrete box culvert.

930 SPALL REPAIR: The bid item "Spall Repair" is for the saw cutting, removal, and replacement of the unsound concrete on the west walls of the original box culvert. Restore the spalled areas to their original cross section.

Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete removal. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Within the removal area, remove concrete to provide a minimum 1" clearance around the periphery of the reinforcing steel. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Take care in the removal process to ensure no damage is done to the reinforcing steel.

Sand blast clean the existing concrete and exposed reinforcing steel. Repair any damaged epoxy coating on the reinforcing steel according to Section 612.04E. Clean the existing concrete surface by high pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried and just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent that includes a migratory corrosion inhibitor. The bonding agent and corrosion inhibitor may be Sika FerroGard 903 (Sika Corp.), Tamms Duralprep A.C., Pro-Poxy 204 (Unitex) or an approved equal.

Use a two component, polymer-modified, cementitious repair mortar material that is specifically intended for patching concrete and contains a corrosion inhibitor. This patching material may be SikaTop 123 Plus (Sika Corporation), Duraltop Gel (Euclid Chemical Company), MasterEmaco N 400 (BASF Corporation), or an approved equal repair mortar. Cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform spall repairs using shotcrete in lieu of cementitious repair mortar. Any additional cost for this option must be borne by the contractor.

The actual limits of spall repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field. Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials needed for spall repair in the price bid for "Spall Repair".

930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The construction joint at the south extension joint in Barrel 1 has separated approximately 7/8". The north extension joint in Barrel 1 has separated approximately 3/8". The south and north extension joints in Barrel 2 have separated approximately 3/8".

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill the voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5

days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

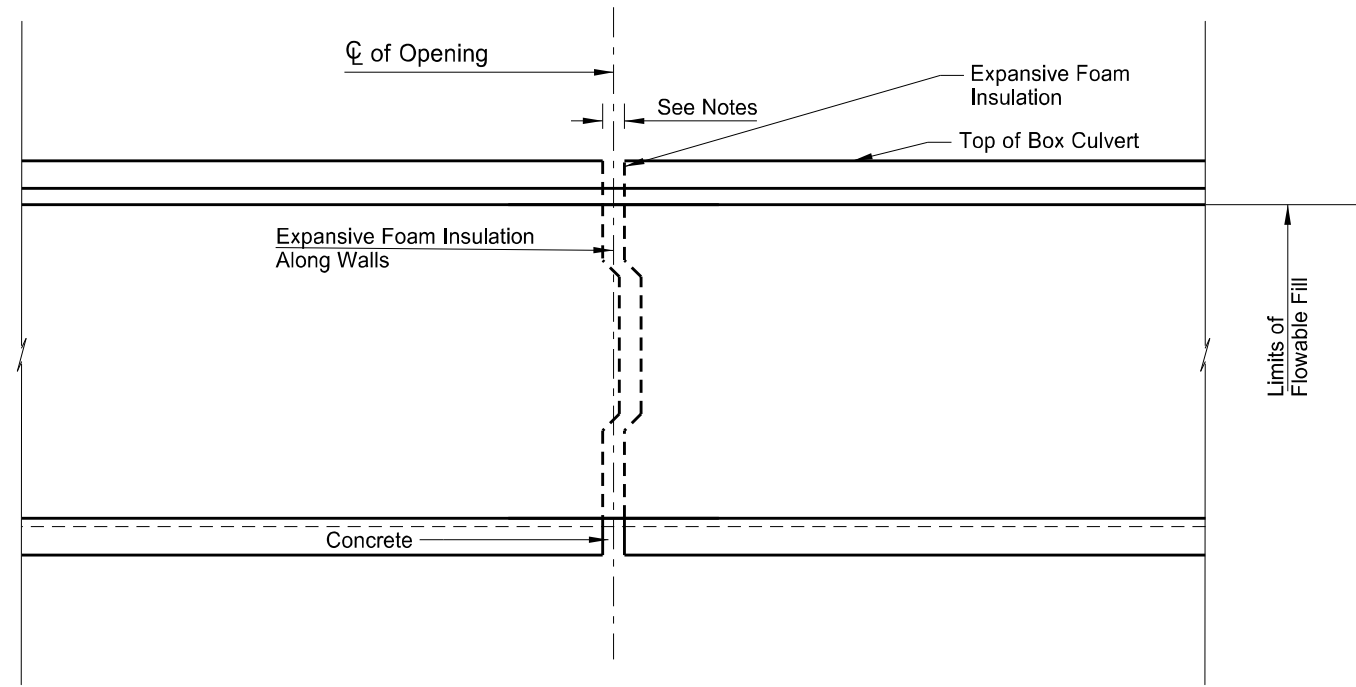
Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 psi	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 psi	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 psi	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 12 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 4 exterior walls, 4 floor segments, and 4 roof segments.

Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".



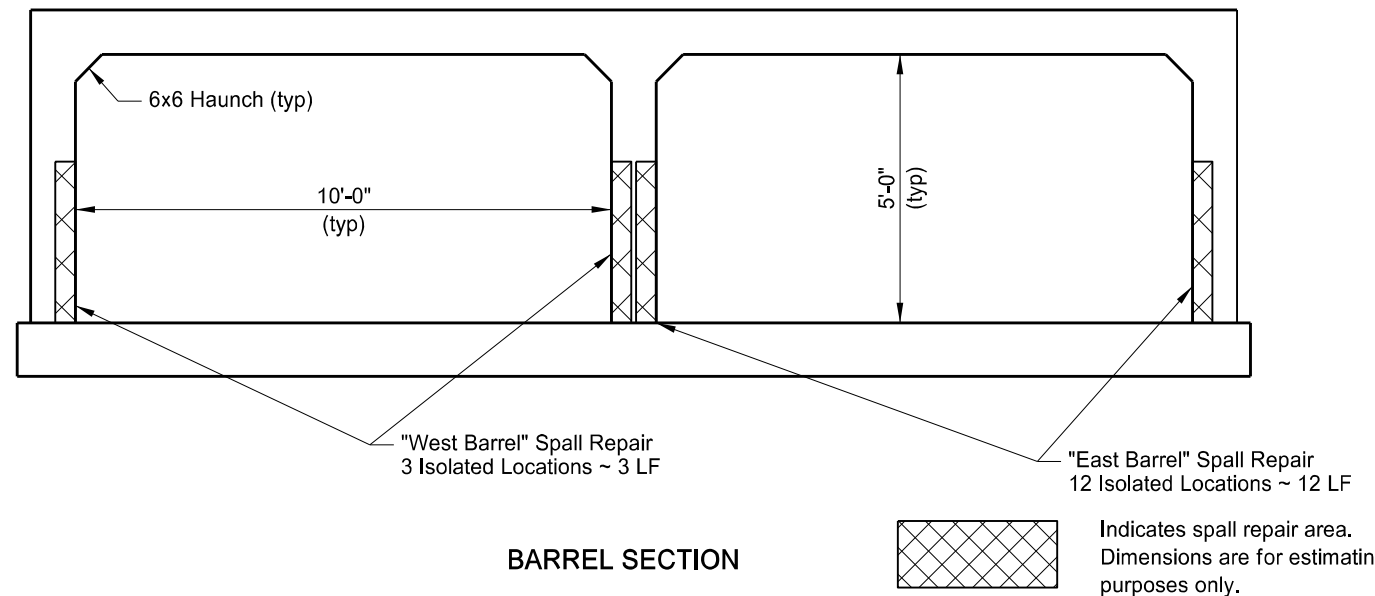
STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	25



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9612	SPALL REPAIR	SF	15
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	6



BARREL SECTION

SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE
CREEK ND 52, 7 NORTHWEST OF ND 28	
BOX CULVERT REPAIRS 52-061.068	
ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BRIDGE DIVISION	
Ketterling, Jonathan 06/12/23	



NOTES

23 U.S.C. 407
NDDOT Reserves All Objections

STATE	PROJECT NO.	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	26

100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this site consists of removing and replacing the unsound concrete on the walls and repairing the center construction joints at this double 10x5 concrete box culvert.

930 SPALL REPAIR: The bid item "Spall Repair" is for the saw cutting, removal, and replacement of the unsound concrete on walls of the original box culvert. Restore the spalled areas to their original cross section.

Use a 15-pound maximum size chipping hammer on any unsound concrete removal. Provide sharp, neat lines at least 1 inch deep at the edges of the repair areas. Within the removal area, remove concrete to provide a minimum 1" clearance around the periphery of the reinforcing steel. Produce these sharp, neat lines by saw cutting or other means approved by the Engineer. Take care in the removal process to ensure no damage is done to the reinforcing steel.

Sand blast clean the existing concrete and exposed reinforcing steel. Clean the existing concrete surface by high pressure water blasting. After the surface has dried and just before the patching material is placed, coat the surface with an epoxy bonding agent that includes a migratory corrosion inhibitor. The bonding agent and corrosion inhibitor may be Sika FerroGard 903 (Sika Corp.), Tamms Duralprep A.C., Pro-Poxy 204 (Unitex) or an approved equal.

Use a two component, polymer-modified, cementitious repair mortar material that is specifically intended for patching concrete and contains a corrosion inhibitor. This patching material may be SikaTop 123 Plus (Sika Corporation), Duraltop Gel (Euclid Chemical Company), MasterEmaco N 400 (BASF Corporation), or an approved equal repair mortar. Cure the material as recommended by the manufacturer.

At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform spall repairs using shotcrete in lieu of cementitious repair mortar. Any additional cost for this option must be borne by the contractor.

The actual limits of spall repair are to be determined by the Engineer in the field. Include the cost of all labor, equipment, and materials needed for spall repair in the price bid for "Spall Repair".

930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The west barrel center construction joint has separated approximately 1/2". The east barrel center construction joint has separated approximately 5/8".

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill the voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof and behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

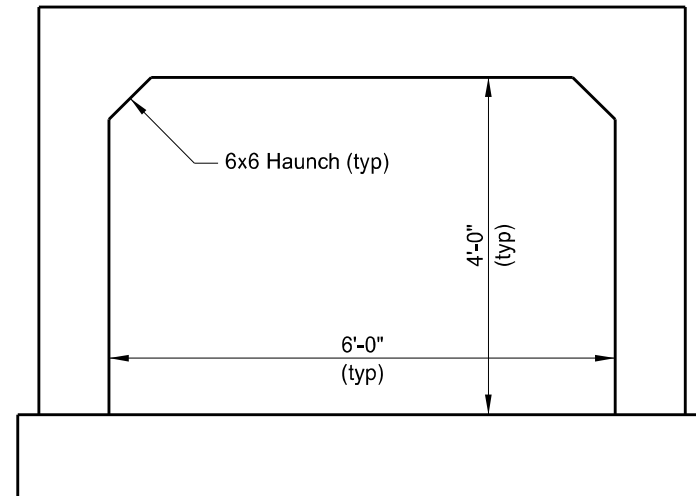
Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 psi	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 psi	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 psi	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 6 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 2 exterior walls, 2 floor segments, and 2 roof segments.

Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".





BARREL SECTION

NOTES:

- 100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this location consists of repairing the joint at this concrete box culvert.
- 930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The east construction joint of the reinforced concrete box culvert has separated.

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the amount bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill the voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

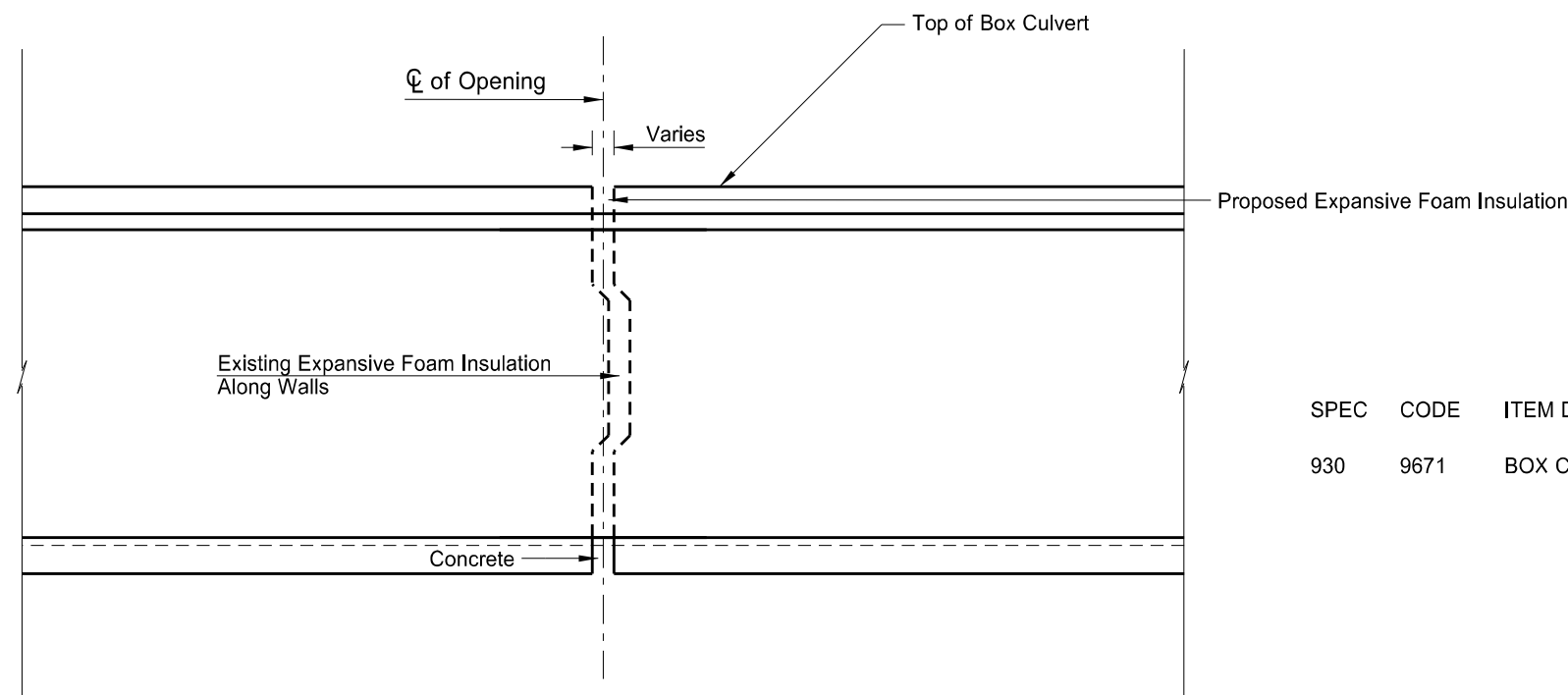
Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 PSI	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 PSI	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 PSI	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 2 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 1 floor segment, and 1 roof segment.

Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	2

SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE

CREEK
ND 281, 4 SOUTH OF ND 13

BOX CULVERT REPAIRS
281-026.351

ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BRIDGE DIVISION

Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23



STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SECTION NO.	SHEET NO.
ND	SS-9-999(502)	170	28

NOTES:

- 100 SCOPE OF WORK: Work at this location consists or repairing the joint at this concrete box culvert.
- 930 BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR: The west and east construction joints of the reinforced concrete box culvert have separated approximately 7/8".

If the box culvert needs to be dewatered, include the price in the amount bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".

Fill the voids along the box culvert floor with concrete. Provide AE-3 Concrete in accordance with Section 602 or a commercially packaged mix meeting ASTM C387. Mix concrete according to manufacturer's instructions. Wet cure concrete a minimum of 5 days. At the contractor's option, and in accordance with SP 498(22) Shotcrete, the contractor may perform joint repair along the floor using shotcrete in lieu of concrete.

Fill voids above the roof with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

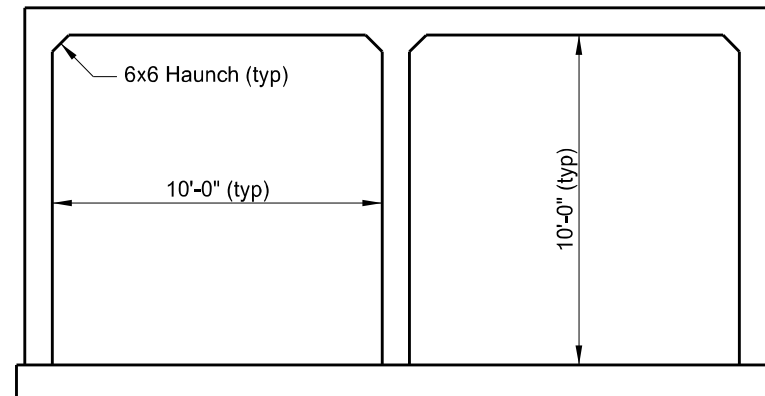
Fill voids behind the walls with expansive foam insulation. Cut expansive foam flush with the interior of the box culvert after it has dried.

Expansive foam insulation must consist of a high expansion hydrophobic polyurethane foam that is nontoxic, nonflammable, and meets the following requirements:

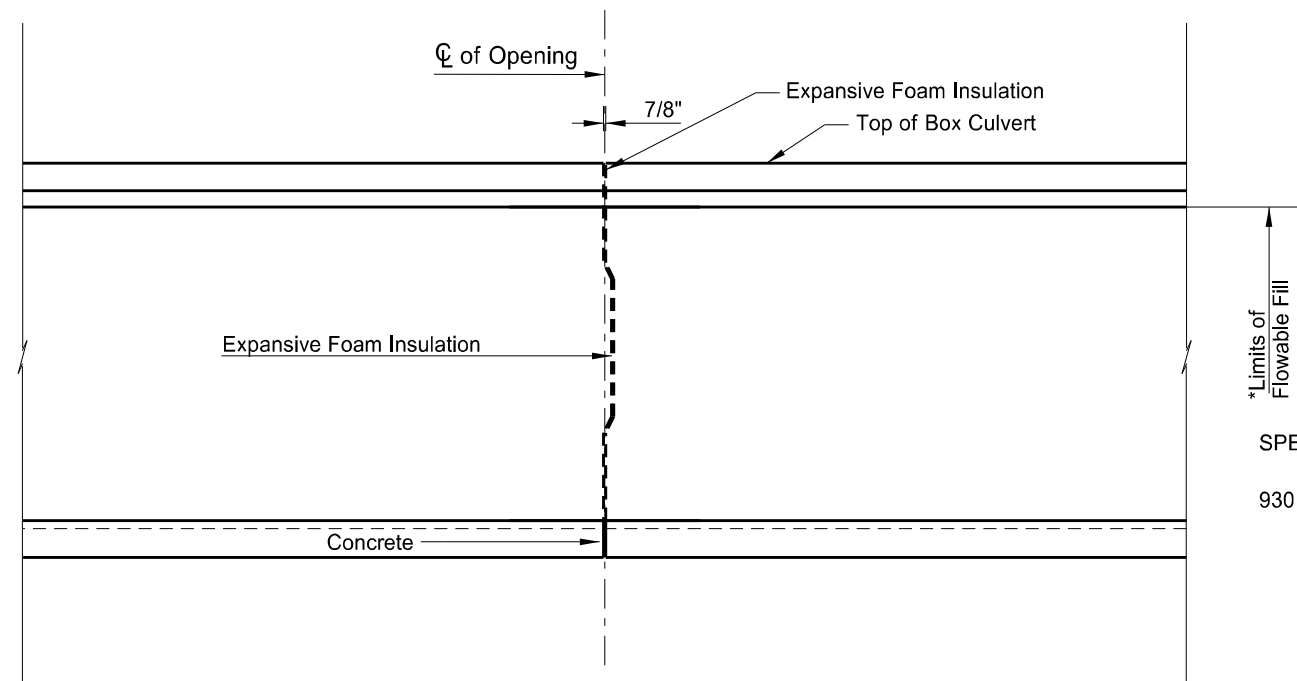
Test	Requirement	Method
Tensile Strength	50 PSI	ASTM D 638
Compressive Strength	90 PSI	ASTM D 1621
Shear Strength	25 PSI	ASTM D 732
Water Absorption	< 2% by volume	ASTM D 2842

The bid item "Box Culvert Joint Repair" applies to all different types of joint segments in a box culvert. At this site, a total of 6 joint segments will be paid for at the construction joint: 2 exterior walls, 2 floor segments, and 2 roof segments.

Include the cost of all equipment, labor, and materials required for the joint repair work at each segment in the price bid for "Box Culvert Joint Repair".



BARREL SECTION



JOINT REPAIR DETAIL

BOX CULVERT BID ITEMS

SPEC	CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
930	9671	BOX CULVERT JOINT REPAIR	EA	6

SPECIAL PROVISIONS	
SSP 2	MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT
SP 498(22)	SHOTCRETE

MAPLE RIVER
2 SOUTH OF ND 13

BOX CULVERT REPAIRS
281-028.719

ND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
BRIDGE DIVISION

Ketterling, Jonathan
06/12/23



NDDOT ABBREVIATIONS

D-101-1

? This is a special text character used in the labeling of existing features. It indicates a feature that has an unknown characteristic, potentially based on: lack of description, location accuracy or purpose.

Abn abandoned
 Abut abutment
 Adj adjusted
 Aggr aggregate
 Ahd ahead
 ARV air release valve
 Align alignment
 Al alley
 Alt alternate
 Alum aluminum
 ADA Americans with Disabilities Act
 & and
 Appr approach
 Approx approximate
 ACP asbestos cement pipe
 Asph asphalt
 AC asphalt cement
 Assmd assumed
 @ at
 Atten attenuation
 ATR automatic traffic recorder
 Ave Avenue
 Avg average
 ADT average daily traffic

Bk back
 BF back face
 Balc balcony
 B Wire barbed wire
 Barr barricade
 Btry battery
 BI beehive inlet
 Beg begin
 BG below grade
 BM bench mark
 Bkwy bikeway
 Bit bituminous
 Blk block
 BH bore hole
 Bot bottom
 Blvd Boulevard
 Bndry boundary
 Brkwy breakaway
 Br bridge
 Bldg building
 Bus. business
 BV butterfly valve
 Byp bypass

C Gdrl cable guardrail
 Calc calculate
 CIP cast iron pipe
 CB catch basin
 CRS cationic rapid setting
 C Gd cattle guard
 C To C center to center
 CL or C centerline
 Ch chain
 Chnlk chain-link
 Ch Blk channel block
 Ch Ch channel change
 Chk check
 Chsld chiseled
 Cir circle
 Cl class
 Clnt clean-out
 Clr clear
 Cl&gr clearing & grubbing
 Comb. combination
 Coml commercial
 Compr compression
 CADD computer aided drafting & design
 Conc concrete
 CECB concrete erosion control blanket
 Cond conductor
 Const construction
 Cont continuous
 CSB continuous split barrel sample
 Contr contraction
 Contr contractor
 CP control point
 Coord coordinate
 Cor corner
 Corr corrected
 CAES corrugated aluminum end section
 CAP corrugated aluminum pipe
 CMES corrugated metal end section
 CMP corrugated metal pipe
 CPVCP corrugated poly-vinyl chloride pipe
 CSES corrugated steel end section
 CSFES corrugated steel flared end section
 CSP corrugated steel pipe
 CSTES corrugated steel traversable end section
 Co County
 Crse course
 Ct Court
 Xarm cross arm
 Xbuck cross buck
 Xsec cross sections
 Xing crossing
 Xrd crossroad
 Crn crown

Culv culvert
 C&G curb & gutter
 CI curb inlet
 CR curb ramp
 C cut
 Dd Ld dead load
 Defl deflection
 Defm deformed
 DInt delineate
 DIntr delineator
 Depr depression
 Desc description
 Det detail
 DWP detectable warning panel
 Dtr detour
 Dia or \emptyset diameter
 Dir direction
 Dist distance
 DM disturbed material
 DB ditch block
 DG ditch grade
 Dbl double
 Dn down
 Dwg drawing
 Dr drive
 Drwy driveway
 DI drop inlet
 D dry density

Ea each
 Esmt easement
 E East
 EB Eastbound
 Elast elastomeric
 EL electric locker
 E Mtr electric meter
 Elec electric/al
 EDM electronic distance meter
 Elev or El elevation
 Ellipt elliptical
 Emb embankment
 Emuls emulsion/emulsified
 ES end section
 Engr engineer
 ESS environmental sensor station
 Eq equal
 Evgr evergreen
 Exc excavation
 Exst existing
 Exp expansion
 Expy Expressway
 E external of curve
 Extru extruded

FOS factor of safety
 Fed Federal
 FP feed point
 Fn fence
 Fn P fence post
 FO fiber optic
 FD field drive
 F fill
 FAA fine aggregate angularity
 FH fire hydrant
 Fl flange
 Flrd flared
 FES flared end section
 F Bcn flashing beacon
 FA flight auger sample
 FL flow line
 Ftg footing
 FM force main
 Fnd found
 Fdn foundation
 Frac fractional
 Frwy freeway
 Frt front
 FF front face
 F Disp fuel dispenser
 FFP fuel filler pipes
 FLS fuel leak sensor
 Furn furnish/ed

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
07-01-14	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
04-23-18	General Revisions
05-20-18	General Revisions
12-10-20	General Revisions
08-16-22	General Revisions



NDDOT ABBREVIATIONS

D-101-2

Galv	galvanized	Ln	lane	Obsc	obscure(d)	Qty	quantity
Gar	garage	Lg	large	Ocpd	occupied	Qtr	quarter
Gs L	gas line	Lat	latitude	Ocpy	occupy		
G Reg	gas line regulator	Lt	left	O/s	offset		
GMV	gas main valve	Lens	lenses	OC	on center	Rad or R	radius
G Mtr	gas meter	Lvl	level	C	one dimensional consolidation	RR	railroad
GSV	gas service valve	Lvng	leveling	OC	organic content	Rlwy	railway
GVP	gas vent pipe	Lht	light	Orig	original	Rsd	raised
GV	gate valve	LP	light pole	O To O	out to out	RC	rapid curing
Ga	gauge	Ltg	lighting	OD	outside diameter	Rec	record
Gov	government	Liq	liquid	OH	overhead	Recy	recycle
Grd	graded/grade	LL	liquid limit			RAP	recycled asphalt pavement
Grnd	ground	Loc	location			RPCC	recycled portland cement concrete
GWM	ground water monitor	Long.	longitude	PMT	pad mounted transformer	Ref	reference
Gdrl	guardrail	Lp	loop	Pg	pages	R Mkr	reference marker
Gtr	gutter	LD	loop detector	Pntd	painted	RM	reference monument
		Lum	luminaire	Pr	pair	RP	reference point
				Pnl	panel	Refl	reflectorized
H Plg	H piling			Pk	park	RCB	reinforced concrete box
Hdwl	headwall	Mb	mailbox	PSD	passing sight distance	RCES	reinforced concrete end section
Ht	height	ML	main line	Pvmt	pavement	RCFES	reinforced concrete flared end section
Hel	helical	MH	manhole	Ped	pedestal	RCP	reinforced concrete pipe
HDPE	high density polyethylene	Mkd	marked	Ped	pedestrian	RCPS	reinforced concrete pipe sewer
HM	high mast	Mkr	marker	PPP	pedestrian pushbutton post	RCTES	reinforced concrete traversable end section
HP	high pressure	Mkg	marking	Pen.	penetration	Reinf	reinforcement
HPS	high pressure sodium	MA	mast arm	Perf	perforated	Res	reservation
HTCG	high tension cable guardrail	Matl	material	Per.	perimeter	Res	residence
Hwy	highway	Max	maximum	Perm	permanent	Ret	retaining
Hor	horizontal	MC	meander corner	PL	pipeline	Rev	reverse
HBP	hot bituminous pavement	Meas	measure	PI	place	Rt	right
HMA	hot mix asphalt	Mdn	median	P&P	plan & profile	R/W	right of way
Hyd	hydrant	MD	median drain	PL	plastic limit	Riv	river
Ph	hydrogen ion content	MC	medium curing	Pl or \bar{P}	plate	Rd	road
		MGS	Midwest Guardrail System	Pt	point	Rdbd	road bed
		MM	mile marker	PE	polyethylene	Rdwy	roadway
Id	identification	MP	mile post	PVC	polyvinyl chloride	RWIS	roadway weather information system
Incl	inclinometer tube	Min	minimum	PCC	Portland Cement concrete	Rk	rock
IMH	inlet manhole	Misc	miscellaneous	PP	power pole	Rt	route
ID	inside diameter	Mon	monument	Preempt	preemption		
Inst	instrument	Mnd	mound	Prefab	prefabricated		
Intchg	interchange	Mtbl	mountable	Prfmd or Pref	performed		
Intmdt	intermediate	Mtd	mounted	Prep	preparation		
Intscn	intersection	Mtg	mounting	Press.	pressure		
Inv	invert	Mk	muck	PRV	pressure relief valve		
IP	iron pipe			Prestr	prestressed		
				Pvt	private		
				PD	private drive		
Jt	joint	Neop	neoprene	Prod.	production/produce		
Jct	junction	Ntwk	network	Prog	programmed		
		N	North	Prop.	property		
		NE	North East	Prop Ln	property line		
		NW	North West	Ppsd	proposed		
		NB	Northbound	PB	pull box		
		No. or #	number				

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NDDOT ABBREVIATIONS

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Salv	salvage(d)	Tel	telephone
San	sanitary sewer line	Tel B	Telephone Booth
Sec	section	Tel P	telephone pole
SL	section line	Tv	television
Sep	separation	Temp	temperature
Seq	sequence	Temp	temporary
Serv	service	TBM	temporary bench mark
Sht	sheet	T	thinwall tube sample
Shtng	sheeting	Ts	topsoil
Shldr	shoulder	Traf	traffic
Sw or Sdwk	sidewalk	TSCB	traffic signal control box
SD	sight distance	Tr	trail
SN	sign number	Transf	transformer
Sig	signal	Trans	transition
Sgl	single	TT	transmission tower
SRCP	slotted reinforced concrete pipe	TES	traversable end section
SC	slow curing	Trans	transverse
SS	slow setting	Trtd	treated
Sm	small	Trmt	treatment
S	South	Qc	triaxial compression
SE	South East	TERO	tribal employment rights ordinance
SW	South West	Tpl	triple
SB	Southbound	Typ	typical
Sp	spaces		
Spcl	special	Qu	unconfined compressive strength
SA	special assembly	Ugrnd	underground
SP	special provisions	Util	utility
G	specific gravity		
Spk	spike	VG	valley gutter
SB	split barrel sample	Vap	vapor
SH	sprinkler head	Vert	vertical
SV	sprinkler valve	VCP	vitrified clay pipe
Sq	square	Vol	volume
Stk	stake	VSFS	vehicle speed feedback sign
Std	standard		
N	standard penetration test	Wkwy	walkway
Std Specs	standard specifications	W	water content
Stm L	steam line	WGV	water gate valve
SEC	steel encased concrete	WL	water line
SMA	stone matrix asphalt	WM	water main
SSD	stopping sight distance	WMV	water main valve
SD	storm drain	W Mtr	water meter
St	street	WSV	water service valve
SPP	structural plate pipe	WW	water well
SPPA	structural plate pipe arch	Wrng	wearing
Str	structure	WIM	weigh in motion
Subd	subdivision	W	west
Sub	subgrade	WB	westbound
Sub Prep	subgrade preparation	Wrng	wiring
Ss	subsoil	W/	with
SS	supplement specification	W/o	without
Supp	supplemental	WC	witness corner
Surf	surfacing		
Surv	survey		
Sym	symmetrical		

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MEASUREMENTS

ac acres
 A ampere
 Bd Ft board feet
 Cd candela
 cm centimeter
 C coulomb
 CF cubic feet
 m3 cubic meter
 m3/s cubic meters per second
 CY cubic yard
 CY/mi cubic yards per mile
 D or Deg degree
 F Fahrenheit
 F farad
 ft feet/foot
 Gal gallon
 G giga
 Ha hectare
 H henry
 Hz hertz
 hr hour(s)
 in inch
 J joule
 K kelvin
 kN kilo newton
 kPa kilo pascal
 kg kilogram
 kg/m3 kilogram per cubic meter
 km kilometer
 K Kip(s)
 LF linear foot
 L litre
 Lm lumen
 L sum lump sum
 Lx lux
 M Hr man hour
 M mega
 m meter
 m/s meters per second
 mi mile
 mL milliliter
 mm millimeter
 mm/hr millimeters per hour
 n nano
 N newton
 Pa pascal
 lb pounds
 sec seconds
 S siemens
 SF square feet
 km2 square kilometer
 m2 square meter
 SY square yard
 Sta Yd station yards
 SI Systems International

T tesla
 T/mi tons per mile
 V volt
 W watt
 Wb weber

SURVEY DESCRIPTIONS

Az azimuth
 Bs backsight
 Brg bearing
 BP Cap blue plastic cap
 BS both sides
 BC brass cap
 CS curve to spiral
 Eq equation
 E external of curve
 FS far side
 FB field book
 Fs foresight
 Geod geodetic
 GIS Geographical Information System
 GPS Global Positioning System
 HI height of instrument
 IM iron monument
 I Pn iron pin
 LS Land Surveyor (licensed)
 LSIT Land Surveyor In Training
 L length of curve
 LC long chord
 LB level book
 Mer meridian
 M mid ordinate of curve
 NGS National Geodetic Survey
 NS near side
 Obsn observation
 Off Loc office location
 OP Cap orange plastic cap
 PK Parker-Kalon nail
 P Cap plastic cap
 PP Cap pink plastic cap
 PCC point of compound curve
 PC point of curve
 PI point of intersection
 PRC point of reverse curvature
 PT point of tangent
 POC point on curve
 POT point on tangent
 RTP random traverse point
 Rge range
 RP Cap red plastic cap
 SC spiral to curve
 ST spiral to tangent
 Sta station
 SE superelevation
 Tan tangent
 T tangent (semi)
 TS tangent to spiral
 Twp township
 TB transit book
 TP traverse point
 TP turning point
 USC&G US Coast & Geodetic Survey
 USGS US Geologic Survey
 VC vertical curve
 WGS World Geodetic System
 YP Cap yellow plastic cap
 Z zenith

SOIL TYPES

Cl clay
 Cl F clay fill
 Cl Hvy clay heavy
 Cl Lm clay loam
 Co S coal slack
 C Gr coarse gravel
 CS coarse sand
 FS fine sand
 Gr gravel
 Lig Co lignite coal
 Lig Sl lignite slack
 Lm loam
 Rk rock
 Sd sand
 Sdy Cl sandy clay
 Sdy Cl Lm sandy clay loam
 Sdy Fl sandy fill
 Sdy Lm sandy loam
 Sc scoria
 Sh shale
 Si Cl silt clay
 Si Cl Lm silty clay loam
 Si Lm silty loam

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NDDOT UTILITY COMPANY AND ORGANIZATION ABBREVIATIONS

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702COM	702 Communications	GT PLNS NAT GAS	Great Plains Natural Gas Company	RED RIV COMM	Red River Rural Communications
ACCENT	Accent Communications	HALS TEL	Halstad Telephone Company	RESVTN TEL	Reservation Telephone
AGASSIZ WU	Agassiz Water Users Incorporated	IDEA1	Idea1	ROBRTS TEL	Roberts Company Telephone
AGC	Associated General Contractors of America	INT-COMM TEL	Inter-Community Telephone Company	R-RIDER ELEC	Roughrider Electric Cooperative
ALL PL	Alliance Pipeline	KANEB PL	Kaneb Pipeline Company	RRVW	Red River Valley & Western Railroad
ALL SEAS WU	All Seasons Water Users Association	KEM ELEC	Kem Electric Cooperative Incorporated	S CENT REG WD	South Central Regional Water District
AMOCO PI	Amoco Pipeline Company	KOCH GATH SYS	Koch Gathering Systems Incorporated	S E W U	South East Water Users Incorporated
AMRDA HESS	Amerada Hess Corporation	LKHD PL	Lakehead Pipeline Company	SCOTT CABLE	Scott Cable Television Dickinson
AT&T	AT&T Corporation	LNGDN RWU	Langdon Rural Water Users Incorporated	SHERDN ELEC	Sheridan Electric Cooperative
B PAW	Bear Paw Energy Incorporated	LWR YELL R ELEC	Lower Yellowstone Rural Electric	SHEYN VLY ELEC	Sheyenne Valley Electric Cooperative
BAKER ELEC	Baker Electric	MCKNZ CON	McKenzie Consolidated Telcom	SKYTECH	Skyland Technologies Incorporated
BASIN ELEC	Basin Electric Cooperative Incorporated	MCKNZ ELEC	McKenzie Electric Cooperative	SLOPE ELEC	Slope Electric Cooperative Incorporated
BEK TEL	Bek Communications Cooperative	MCKNZ WRD	McKenzie County Water Resource District	SOURIS RIV TELCOM	Souris River Telecommunications
BELLE PL	Belle Fourche Pipeline Company	MCLEOD	McLeod USA	ST WAT COMM	State Water Commission
BLM	Bureau of Land Management	MCLN ELEC	McLean Electric Cooperative	STATE LN WATER	State Line Water Cooperative
BNSF	Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railway	MCLN-SHRDN R WAT	McLean-Sheridan Rural Water	STER ENG	Sterling Energy
BOEING	Boeing	MDU	Montana-dakota Utilities	STUT RWU	Stutsman Rural Water Users
BRNS RWD	Barnes Rural Water District	MIDCO	MidContinent Communications	SW PL PRJ	Southwest Pipeline Project
BURK-DIV ELEC	Burke-Divide Electric Cooperative	MIDSTATE TEL	Midstate Telephone Company	T M C	Turtle Mountain Communications
BURL WU	Burleigh Water Users	MINOT CABLE	Minot Cable Television	TCI	TCI of North Dakota
CABLE ONE	Cable One	MINOT TEL	Minot Telephone Company	TESORO GHG PLNS PL	Tesoro High Plains Pipeline
CABLE SERV	Cable Services	MISS VALL COMM	Missouri Valley Communications	TRI-CNTY WU	Tri-County Water Users Incorporated
CAP ELEC	Capital Electric Cooperative Incorporat	MISS W W S	Missouri West Water System	TRL CO RWU	Traill County Rural Water Users
CASS CO ELEC	Cass County Electric Cooperative	MNKOTA PWR	Minnkota Power	UNTD TEL	United Telephone
CASS RWU	Cass Rural Water Users Incorporated	MOR-GRAN-SOU ELEC	Mor-gran-sou Electric Cooperative	UPPR SOUR WUA	Upper Souris Water Users Association
CAV ELEC	Cavalier Rural Electric Cooperative	MOUNT-WILLI ELEC	Mountrail-williams Electric Cooperative	US SPRINT	U.S. Sprint
CBLCOM	Cablecom Of Fargo	MRE LBTY TEL	Moore & Liberty Telephone	USAF MSL CABLE	U.S.A.F. Missile Cable
CENEX PL	Cenex Pipeline	MUNICIPAL	City Water And Sewer	USFWS	US Fish and Wildlife Service
CENT PL WATER DIST	Central Pipe Line Water District	MUNICIPAL	City Of '.....'	USW COMM	U.S. West Communications
CENT PWR ELEC	Central Power Electric Cooperative	N CENT ELEC	North Central Electric Cooperative	VRNDRY ELEC	Verendrye Electric Cooperative
CENTURYLINK	CenturyLink	N VALL W DIST	North Valley Water District	W RIV TEL	West River Telephone Incorporated
COE	Corps of Engineers	ND PKS & REC	North Dakota Parks And Recreation	WAPA	Western Area Power Administration
CONS TEL	Consolidated Telephone	ND TEL	North Dakota Telephone Company	WAWSA	Western Area Water Supply Authority
CONT RES	Continental Resource Inc	NDDOT	North Dakota Department of Transportation	WEB	W. E. B. Water Development Association
CPR	Canadian Pacific Railway	NDSU SOIL SCI DEPT	NDSU Soil Science Department	WILLI RWA	Williams Rural Water Association
D O E	Department Of Energy	NEMONT TEL	Nemont Telephone	WILSTN BAS PL	Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company
DAK CARR	Dakota Carrier Network	NODAK R ELEC	Nodak Rural Electric Cooperative	WLSH RWD	Walsh Water Rural Water District
DAK CENT TEL	Dakota Central Telephone	NOON FRMS TEL	Noonan Farmers Telephone Company	WOLVRTN TEL	Wolverton Telephone
DAK RWD	Dakota Rural Water District	NPR	Northern Plains Railroad	XLENER	Xcel Energy
DGC	Dakota Gasification Company	NSP	Northern States Power	YSVR	Yellowstone Valley Railroad
DICKEY R NET	Dickey Rural Networks	NTH PRAIR RW	Northern Prairie Rural Water Association		
DICKEY RWU	Dickey Rural Water Users Association	NTHN BRDR PL	Northern Border Pipeline		
DICKEY TEL	Dickey Telephone	NTHN PLNS ELEC	Northern Plains Electric Cooperative Incorporated		
DNRR	Dakota Northern Railroad	NTHWSTRN REF	Northwestern Refinery Company		
DOME PL	Dome Pipeline Company	NW COMM	Northwest Communication Cooperation		
DVELEC	Dakota Valley Electric Cooperative	NWRWD	Northwest Rural Water District		
DVMW	Dakota, Missouri Valley & Western	ONEOK	Oneok gas		
ENBRDG	Enbridge Pipelines Incorporated	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration		
ENVENTIS	Enventis Telephone	OTTR TL PWR	Otter Tail Power Company		
EQUINOR	Equinor Pipeline	PAAP	Plains All American Pipeline		
FALK MNG	Falkirk Mining Company	P L E M	Prairielands Energy Marketing		
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration	POLAR COM	Polar Communications		
G FKS-TRL WD	Grand Forks-traill Water District	PVT ELEC	Private Electric		
GETTY TRD & TRAN	Getty Trading & Transportation	QWEST	Qwest Communications		
GLDN W ELEC	Golden West Electric Cooperative	R&T W SUPPLY	R & T Water Supply Association		
GRGS CO TEL	Griggs County Telephone				
GTR RAMSEY WD	Greater Ramsey Water District				

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LINE STYLES

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Existing Topography

- Void — Void — Void — V Existing Ground Void
- + — + — Existing Cemetary Boundary
- - - - - Existing Box Culvert Bridge
- - - - - Existing Concrete Surface
- - - - - Existing Drainage Structure
- — — — — Existing Gravel Surface
- — — — — Existing Riprap
- — — — — Existing Dirt Surface
- — — — — Existing Asphalt Surface
- — — — — Existing Tie Point Line
- - - - - Existing Railroad Centerline
- . - . - . Existing Guardrail Cable
- • — • — • Existing Guardrail Metal
- . — . — . Existing Edge of Water
- - - - -x- - - - -x- Existing Fence
- | | | | | Existing Railroad
- Existing Field Line
- ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Exst Flow
- ===== Existing Curb
- - - - - Existing Valley Gutter
- - - - - Existing Driveway Gutter
- ===== Existing Curb and Gutter
- ===== Existing Mountable Curb and Gutter

- - - - - Existing 3-Cable w Posts
- - - - - Site Boundary
- Existing Berm, Dike, Pit, or Earth Dam
- Existing Ditch Block
- ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Existing Tree Boundary
- ===== Existing Brush or Shrub Boundary
- Existing Retaining Wall
- ===== Existing Planter or Wall
- ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Existing W-Beam Guardrail with Posts
- Existing Railroad Switch
- ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Gravel Pit - Borrow Area
- - - - - Existing Wet Area-Vegetation Break
- - - - - Existing High Tension Cable Guardrail
- - - - - Existing High Tension Cable Guardrail with Posts

Proposed Topography

- — — — — 3-Cable w Posts
- ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Flow
- x- - - -x- - - -x- Fence
- REMOVE — REMOVE — Remove Line
- ===== Wall
- ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ Retaining Wall (Plan View)
- ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ W-Beam w Posts
- • • • • High Tension Cable Guardrail with Posts

Existing Utilities

- — — — — E — Existing Electrical
- — — — — FO — Existing Fiber Optic Line
- — — — — FO — Existing TV Fiber Optic
- — — — — G — Existing Gas Pipe
- — — — — OH — Existing Overhead Utility Line
- — — — — P — Existing Power
- — — — — PL — Existing Fuel Pipeline
- — — — — PL — Existing Undefined Above Ground Pipe Line
- - - - - SAN - - - - - Existing Sanitary Sewer
- - - - - SAN FM - - - - - Existing Sanitary Force Main
- - - - - SD - - - - - Existing Storm Drain
- - - - - SD FM - - - - - Existing Storm Drain Force Main
- - - - - Existing Culvert
- — — — — T — Existing Telephone Line
- — — — — TV — Existing TV Line
- — — — — W — Existing Water or Steam Line
- ===== Existing Under Drain
- ===== Existing Slotted Drain
- — — — — Existing Conduit
- - - - - Existing Conductor
- — — — — Existing Down Guy Wire Down Guy
- — — — — Existing Underground Vault or Lift Station

Proposed Utilities

- ===== 24 Inch Pipe
- ===== Reinforced Concrete Pipe
- ===== Under Drain
- - - - - Edge Drain

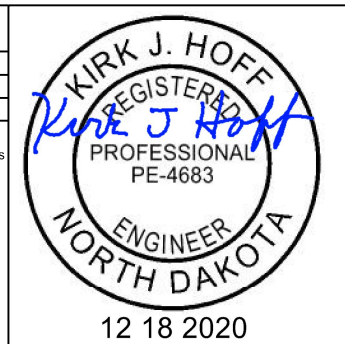
Traffic Utilities

- - - - - Conductor
- - - - - Fiber Optic
- - - - - Existing Loop Detector
- Existing Double Micro Loop Detector
- Micro Loop Detector Double
- Existing Micro Loop Detector
- Micro Loop Detector
- ↓ Signal Head with Mast Arm
- ↓ Existing Signal Head with Mast Arm

Sign Structures

- Existing Overhead Sign Structure
- Existing Overhead Sign Structure Cantilever
- Overhead Sign Structure Cantilever

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LINE STYLES

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Right Of Way

- Easement
- Existing Easement
- Right of Way
- Existing Right of Way
- Existing Right of Way Railroad
- Existing Right of Way Not State Owned
- Existing Government Lot Line
- Existing Adjacent Block Lines
- Existing Adjacent Lot Lines
- Existing Adjacent Property Line
- Existing Adjacent Subdivision Lines
- Sight Distance Triangle Line
- Dimension Leader

Boundary Control

- ////// Existing City Corporate Limits or Reservation Boundary
- Existing State or International Line
- Existing Township
- Existing County
- Existing Section Line
- Existing Quarter Section Line
- Existing Sixteenth Section Line
- Existing Centerline
- Tangent Line

Cross Sections and Typical

- Existing Ground
- Existing Topsoil (Cross Section View)
- void - void - void - v Existing Ground Void (Not Surveyed)
- Existing Concrete
- Existing Aggregate (Cross Section View)
- Existing Curb and Gutter (Cross Section View)
- Existing Asphalt (Cross Section View)
- Existing Reinforcement Rebar

Geotechnical

- D ----- D ----- Geotextile Fabric Type D
- **Geo** ----- **Geo** ----- Geogrid
- R ----- R ----- Geotextile Fabric Type R
- R ----- R ----- Geotextile Fabric Type R1
- RR ----- RR ----- Geotextile Fabric Type RR
- S ----- S ----- Geotextile Fabric Type S

Countours

- Depression Contours
- Supplemental Contour

Profile

- Subgrade, Subcut or Ditch Grade
- Topsoil Profile

Striping

- Centerline Pavement Marking
- ===== Barrier with Centerline Pavement Marking
- ===== Barrier Pavement Marking
- - - - - Stripe 4 IN Dotted Extension White
- - - - - Stripe 8 IN Dotted Extension White
- - - - - Stripe 8 IN Lane Drop

Pavement Joints

- ===== Doweled Joint
- +++++ Tie Bar 30 Inch 4 Foot Center to Center
- +++++ Tie Bar 18 Inch 3 Foot Center to Center
- +++++ Tie Bar at Random Spacing

Bridge Details

- Small Hidden Object
- Large Hidden Object
- Phantom Object
- Existing Conditions Object
- Centerline Main
- Centerline Secondary
- Excavation Limits
- Proposed Ground
- Sheet Piling

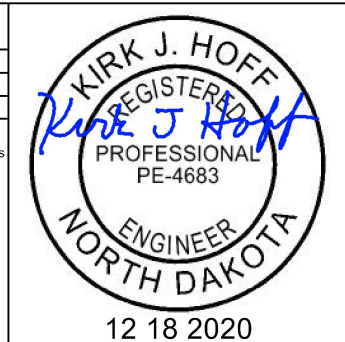
Erosion Control

- Limits of Const Transition Line
- Bale Check
- Rock Check
- s ----- s ----- Floating Silt Curtain
- SF ----- SF ----- Silt Fence
- Excavation Limits
- Fiber Rolls

Environmental

- Wetland Mitigation
- Existing Wetland Easement USFWS
- Existing Wetland Jurisdictional
- Existing Wetland
- Tree Row

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SYMBOLS



North Arrow (Half Scale)



Alignment Data Point



Alignment Monument



Spot Elevation



Existing Miscellaneous Spot



Existing Access Control Arrow



Existing Benchmark



Reset USGS Marker



Iron Monument Found



Iron Pin R/W Monument



Property Corner



Iron Pin Reference Monument



Right of Way Marker (Exst, Ppsd, Reset)



Existing Federal Reference Corner



Existing Section Corner (Full, Quarter, Sixteenth, Meander)



Existing Witness Corner



Existing Control Point (CP, GPS-RTK, TRI)



Existing Traverse PI Aerial Panel



Existing Reference Marker Point NGS



Existing EFB Misc



Existing Bush or Shrub



Existing Large Evergreen Tree



Existing Small Evergreen Tree



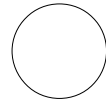
Existing Large Tree



Existing Small Tree



Existing Tree Trunk



Cairn or Stone Circle



Existing Artifact



Existing Satellite Dish



Existing Weather Station



Existing Windmill or Tower



Reinforced Pavement



Continuous Split Barrel Sample



Flight Auger Sample



Split Barrel Sample



Thinwall Tube Sample



Standard Penetration Test



Inclinometer Tube



Excavation Unit



















































































Existing Ground Water Well Bore Hole

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
07-01-14	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
12-18-20	General Revisions

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NORTH DAKOTA
PE-4683
12 18 2020

SYMBOLS

D-101-32

 Existing Luminaire  Luminaire LED  Existing Light Standard Luminaire  Relocate Light Standard  Light Standard Light LED Luminaire  Light Standard 35 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 50 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 70 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 100 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 150 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 200 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 250 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 310 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 400 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 700 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 1000 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Emergency Vehicle Detector  Video Detection Camera	  High Mast Light Standard 3 Luminaire (Exst, Ppsd)   High Mast Light Standard 4 Luminaire (Exst, Ppsd)   High Mast Light Standard 5 Luminaire (Exst, Ppsd)   High Mast Light Standard 6 Luminaire (Exst, Ppsd)   High Mast Light Standard 7 Luminaire (Exst, Ppsd)   High Mast Light Standard 8 Luminaire (Exst, Ppsd)   High Mast Light Standard 9 Luminaire (Exst, Ppsd)   High Mast Light Standard 10 Luminaire (Exst, Ppsd)   Overhead Sign Structure Load Center (Exst, Ppsd)   Traffic Signal Controller (Exst, Ppsd)   Pad Mounted Traffic Signal Controller (Exst, Ppsd)   Flashing Beacon (Exst, Ppsd)   Concrete Foundation (Exst, Ppsd)   Pipe Mounted Flasher (Exst, Ppsd)   Pad Mounted Feed Point (Exst, Ppsd)   Pipe Mounted Feed Point with Pad (Exst, Ppsd)   Pole Mounted Feed Point (Exst, Ppsd)   Junction Box (Exst, Ppsd)  Existing Pedestrian Head with Number  Existing Signal Head  Pole Mounted Head  Existing Lighting Standard Pole	 Existing Traffic Signal Standard    Pull Box (Exst-Ppsd-Undefined)   Intelligent Transportation Pull Box (Exst, Ppsd)   Transformer (Exst, Ppsd)    Power Pole (Exst-Ppsd-with Transformer)   Wood Pole (Exst, Ppsd)   Pedestrian Push Button Post (Exst, Ppsd)  Existing Pole  Existing Telephone Pole  Existing Post     Connection Conductor (Ground, Neutral, Phase 1, Phase 2)
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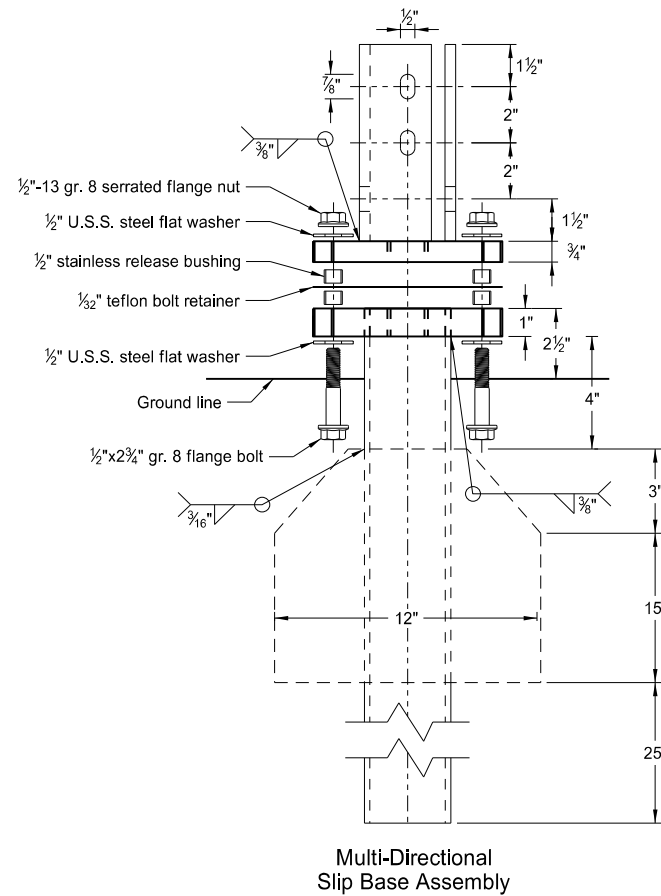
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
07-01-14	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
12-18-20	General Revisions



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12 18 2020

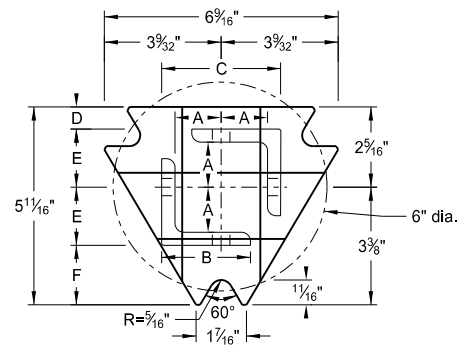
BREAKAWAY SYSTEMS FOR CONSTRUCTION ZONE SIGNS

Perforated Tube



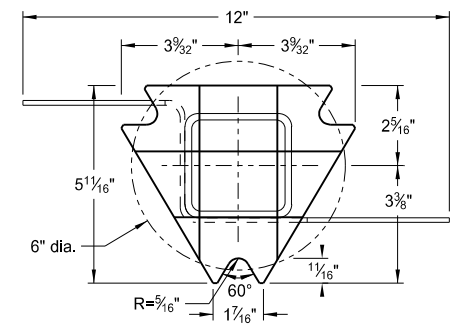
Multi-Directional Slip Base Assembly

Traffic Flow

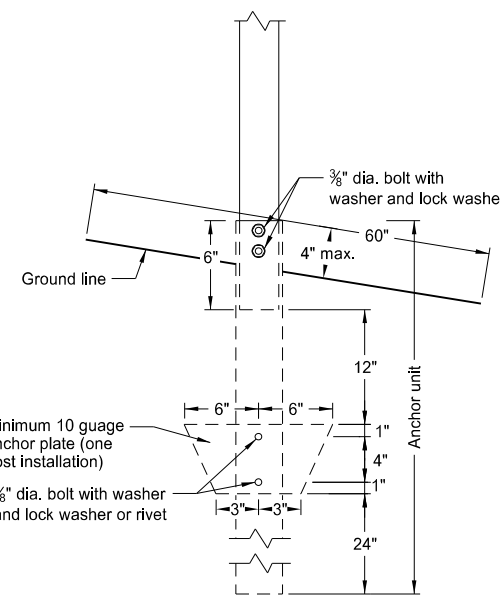


Top Post Receiver
Plate - ASTM A572 grade 50
Angle Receiver - 2 1/2" x 2 1/2" x 3/8" ASTM A36 structural angle

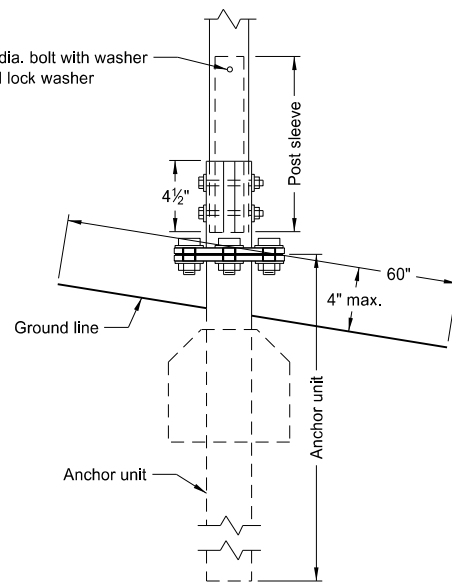
Traffic Flow



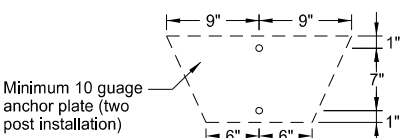
Bottom Soil Stub
Tube - 3"x3"x7 gauge ASTM A500 grade B tube
Stabilizing Wing - 7 gauge H.R.P.O. ASTM A1011
Plate - ASTM A572 grade 50



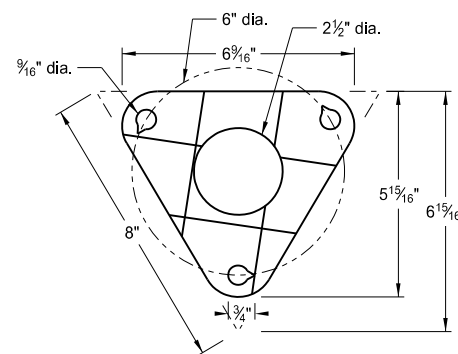
Anchor Unit and Post Assembly



Multi-Directional Slip Base Anchor Unit and Post Sleeve Assembly



Minimum 10 gauge anchor plate (two post installation)



Bolt Retainer for Base Connection
Bolt Retainer- 1/2" Reprocessed Teflon

Notes:

1. Torque slip base bolts as specified by manufacturer.
2. Use anchor with 43.9 KSI yield strength and 59.3 KSI tensile strength.
3. Provide 4" vertical clearance for anchor or breakaway base. Measure the 4"x60" measurement above and below post location and back and ahead of post.
4. In concrete sidewalk, use same anchor without wings.
5. Provide more than 7' between the first and fourth posts of a four post sign.

Telescoping Perforated Tube

Number of Posts	Post Size in.	Wall Thickness Gauge	Sleeve Size in.	Wall Thickness Gauge	Slip Base	Anchor Size without Slip Base in.
1	2	12			No	2 1/4
1	2 1/4	12			No	2 1/2
1	2 1/2	12			(A)	3
1	2 1/2	10			Yes	
1	2 1/2	12	2	12	Yes	
1	2 1/2	12	2 1/4	12	Yes	
2	2	12			No	2 1/4
2	2 1/4	12			No	2 1/2
2	2 1/2	12			Yes	
2	2 1/2	12			Yes	
2	2 1/4	10	2	12	Yes	
2	2 1/2	12	2 1/4	12	Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/2	12			Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/2	10			Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/2	12	2 1/4	12	Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/4	12	2	12	Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/2	10	2 3/16	10	Yes	

Properties of Telescoping Perforated Tube

Tube Size in.	Wall Thickness in.	U.S. Standard Gauge	Weight per Foot lbs.	Moment of Inertia in. ⁴	Cross Sec. Area in. ²	Section Modulus in. ³
1 1/2 x 1 1/2	0.105	12	1.702	0.129	0.380	0.172
2 x 2	0.105	12	2.416	0.372	0.590	0.372
2 1/4 x 2 1/4	0.105	12	2.773	0.561	0.695	0.499
2 3/16 x 2 3/16	0.135	10	3.432	0.605	0.841	0.590
2 1/2 x 2 1/2	0.105	12	3.141	0.804	0.803	0.643
2 1/2 x 2 1/2	0.135	10	4.006	0.979	1.010	0.785

Top Post Receiver Data Table

Square Post Sizes (B)	A	B	C	D	E	F
2 3/16" x 10 ga.	1 5/16"	2 1/2"	3 1/2"	2 5/32"	1 3 3/64"	1 7/8"
2 1/2" x 10 ga.	1 3/32"	2 1/2"	3 5/16"	5/8"	1 2 1/32"	1 3/4"

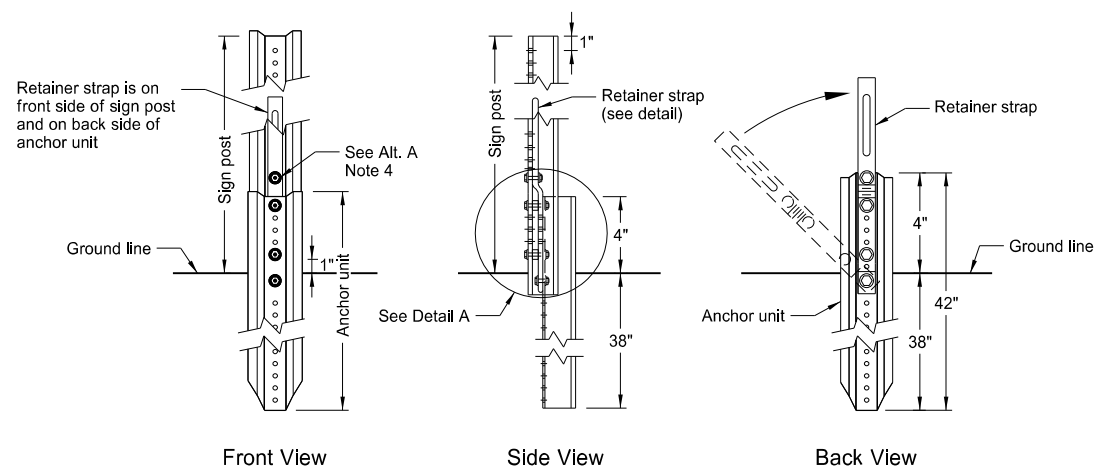
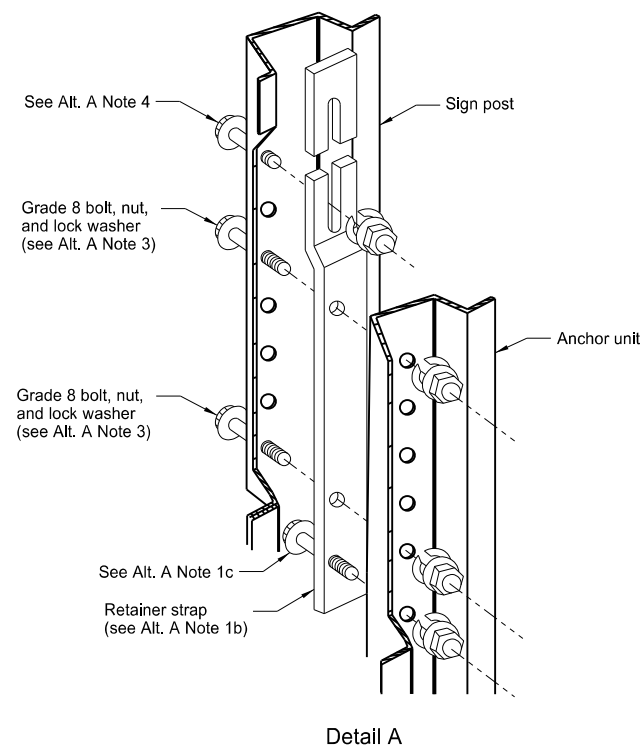
(A) Use breakaway base when support is placed in weak soils. Engineer determines if soils are weak.

(B) For additional wind load, insert the 2 3/16" x 10 ga. into 2 1/2" x 10 ga.

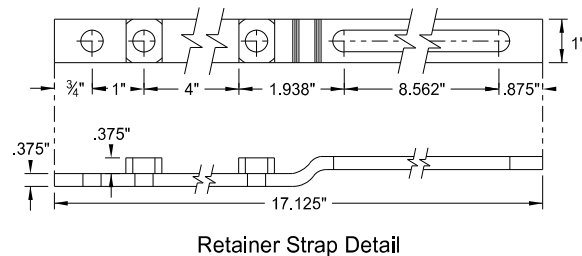
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
2-28-14	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
9-27-17	Updated to active voice
10-03-19	New Design Engr PE Stamp

This document was originally issued and sealed by
Kirk J Hoff,
Registration Number
PE- 4683,
on 10/03/19 and the original document is stored at the North Dakota Department of Transportation

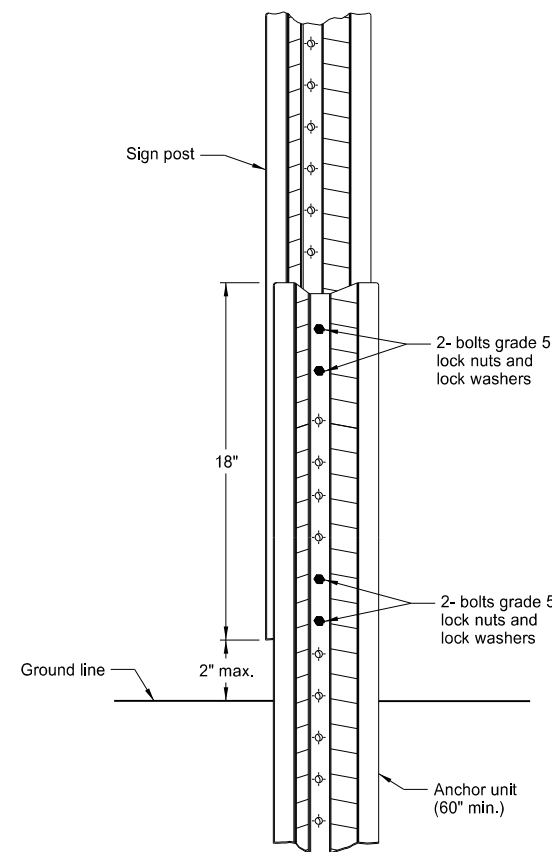
U-Channel Post



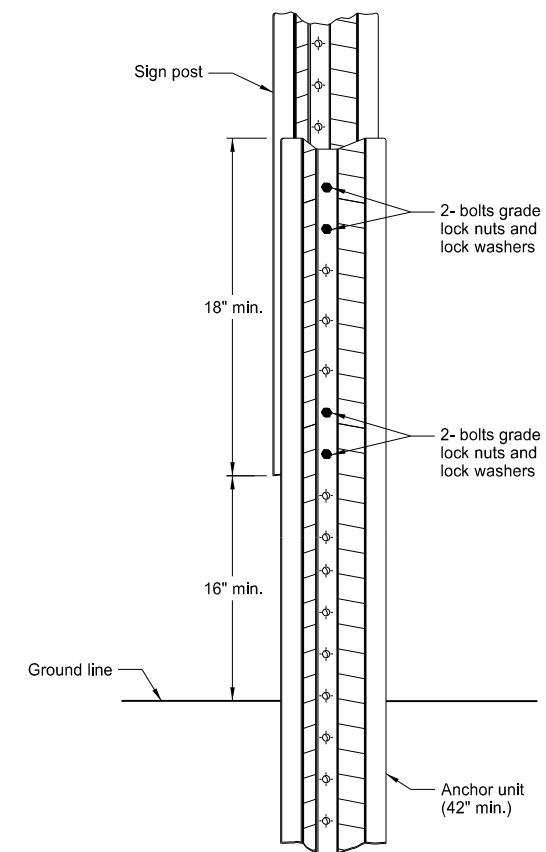
Breakaway U-Channel Detail Alternate A
Install a maximum of 2 posts within 7'.



Retainer Strap Detail



Breakaway U-Channel Splice Detail Alternate B
(2.5 and 3 lb/ft)
Install a maximum of 3 posts within 7'.



Breakaway U-Channel Splice Detail Alternate C
(2.5 and 3 lb/ft)
Install a maximum of 3 posts within 7'.

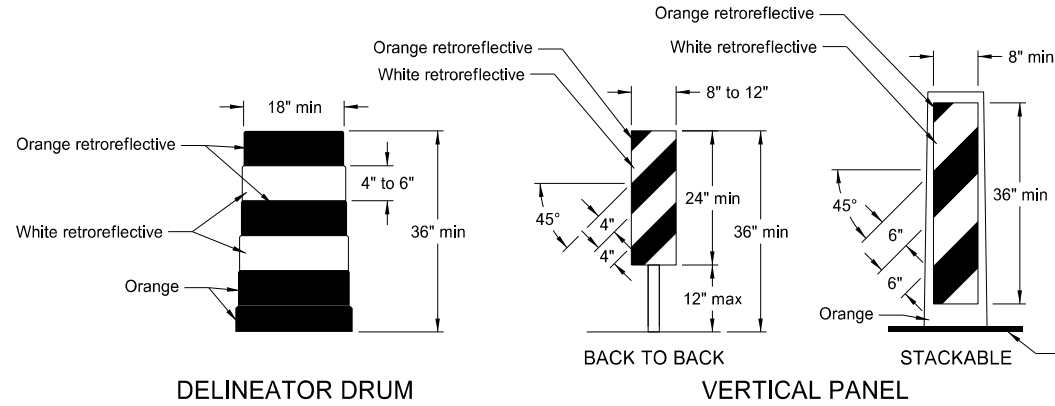
Alternate A Steps of Installation:

1. a) Drive anchor unit to within 12" of ground level.
b) Establish proper assembly by lining up bottom hole of retainer strap with 6th hole from the top of the anchor unit.
c) Assemble strap to back of anchor unit using 5/16"x2" bolt, lock washer and nut.
d) Rotate strap 90° to left.
2. a) Drive anchor unit to 4" above ground.
b) Rotate strap to vertical position.
3. a) Place 5/16"x2" bolt, lock washer and nut in bottom of sign post to facilitate alignment of sign post with proper hole in anchor unit.
b) Alternately tighten two connector bolts.
4. Complete assembly by tightening 5/16"x2" bolt (this fastens sign post to retainer strap).
5. Properly nest base post, strap, and sign post. Proper nesting occurs when all flat surfaces of the base post, strap, and sign post at the bolts have full contact across the entire width.

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
2-28-14	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
9-27-17 10-03-19	Updated to active voice New Design Engr PE Stamp

This document was originally issued and sealed by
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on 10/03/19 and the original document is stored at the North Dakota Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CHANNELIZING DEVICE DETAILS

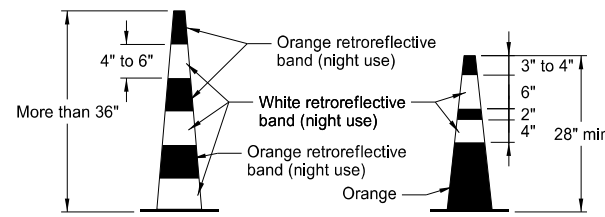


DELINEATOR DRUM

VERTICAL PANEL

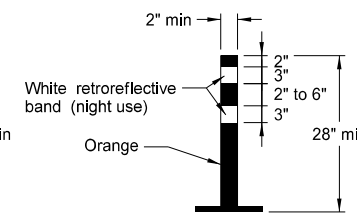
Provide horizontal, circumferential, alternating orange and white retroreflective stripes 4" to 6" wide for drum markings. Use a minimum of two orange and two white stripes with the top stripe being orange for each drum. Do not exceed 3" nonretroreflectORIZED spaces between the horizontal orange and white stripes. Avoid placement of stripes on drum ribs or indentations. Use closed top drums that will not allow collection of debris. Do not place ballast on the top of drum.

Provide alternating orange and white retroreflective stripes, sloping downward in direction vehicular traffic is to pass. Place retroreflective sheeting on both sides of panel with a minimum of 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing vehicular traffic. Where the height of the retroreflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or more, use a stripe width of 6 inches.



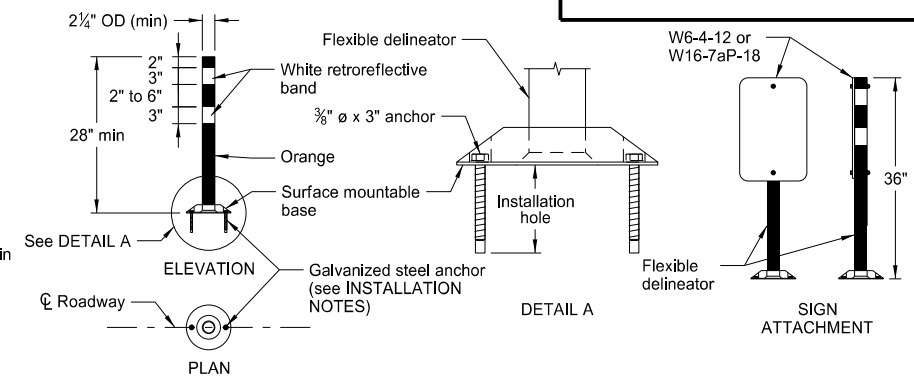
TRAFFIC CONE

Provide retroreflectORIZATION of cones more than 36" in height by alternating orange and white retroreflective stripes. Use a minimum of two orange and two white stripes for each cone with the top stripe being orange. Use maximum 3" nonretroreflectORIZED space between the orange and white stripes.



TUBULAR MARKER

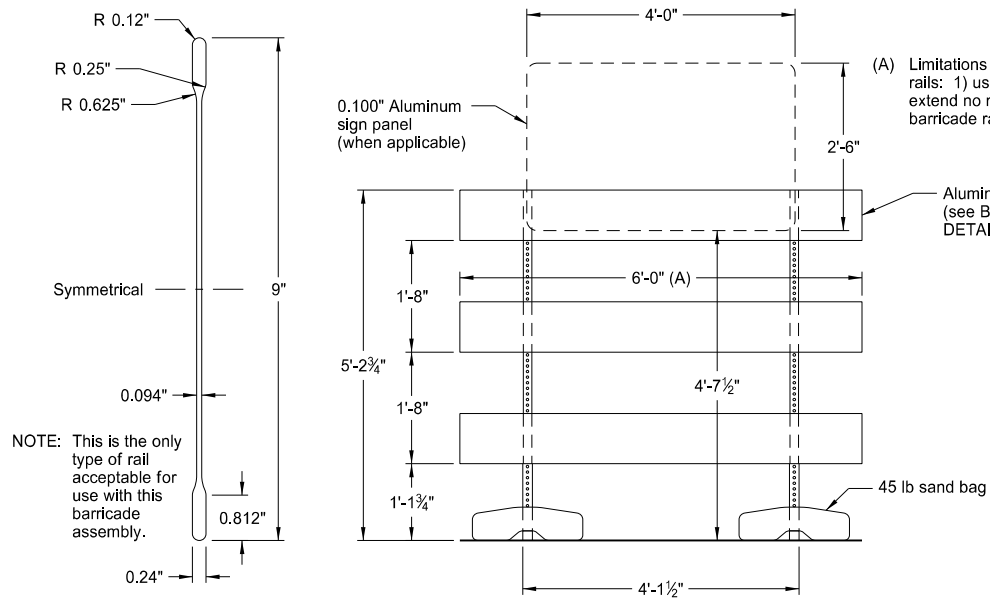
Provide retroreflectORIZATION of tubular markers more than 42" in height by alternating four 4" to 6" wide orange and white stripes with the top stripe being orange.



FLEXIBLE DELINEATOR

INSTALLATION NOTES:

1. Drill installation holes to diameter and depth required by manufacturer's specifications.
2. For removal, remove anchors and fill installation hole with an epoxy designed to bond to pavement surface.
3. In lieu of bolted down base, use an 8" x 8" butyl pad or hot melt butyl. Remove butyl as close as possible to pavement surface.

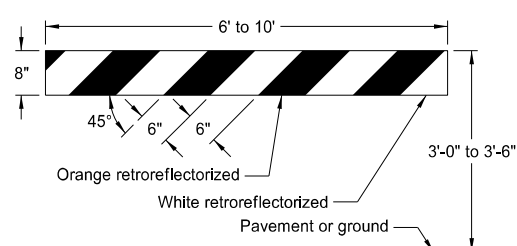


BARRICADE BLADE DETAIL

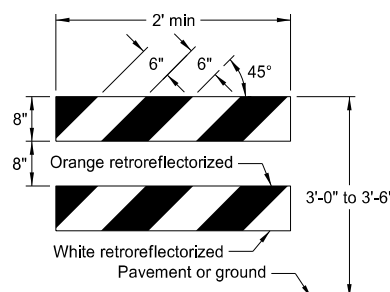
ELEVATION VIEW

BARRICADE ASSEMBLY DETAIL (Aluminum Barricade Rails)

NOTE: For barricade markings use alternating orange and white retroreflective stripes, sloping downward in the direction traffic is to pass. Place retroreflective sheeting on both sides of the rails with a minimum of 270 square inches of visible retroreflective area facing vehicular traffic. When the barricade length is less than 36", use a rail stripe width of 4".

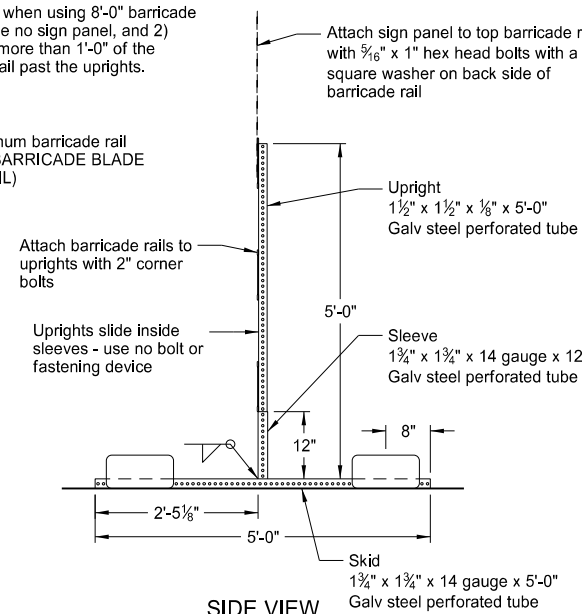


TYPE I BARRICADE



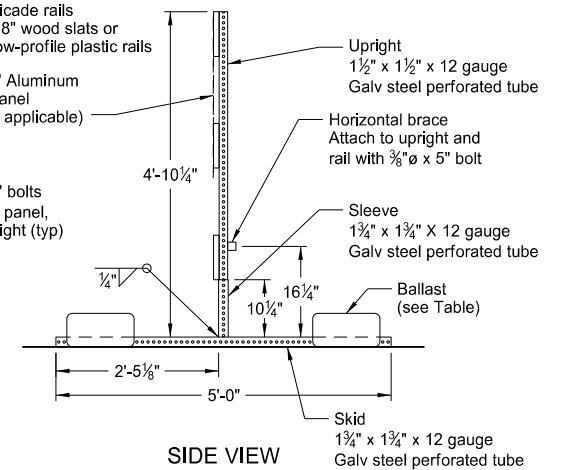
TYPE II BARRICADE

BARRICADE RAIL DETAILS

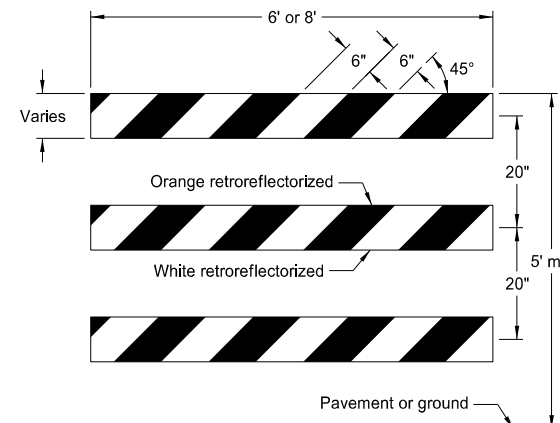


ELEVATION VIEW

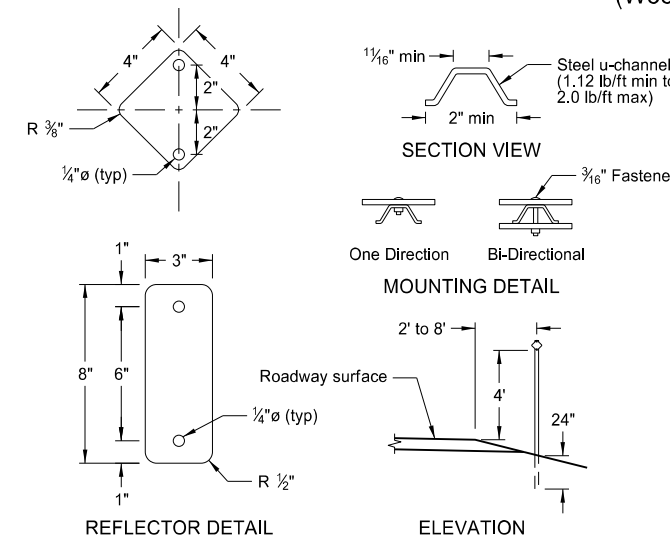
BARRICADE ASSEMBLY DETAIL (Wood or Plastic Rails)



SIDE VIEW



TYPE III BARRICADE



REFLECTOR DETAIL

ELEVATION

DELINEATORS

MINIMUM BALLAST (For each side of barricade support)

Without Sign	4 - 25 lb sandbags
With Sign	6 - 25 lb sandbags

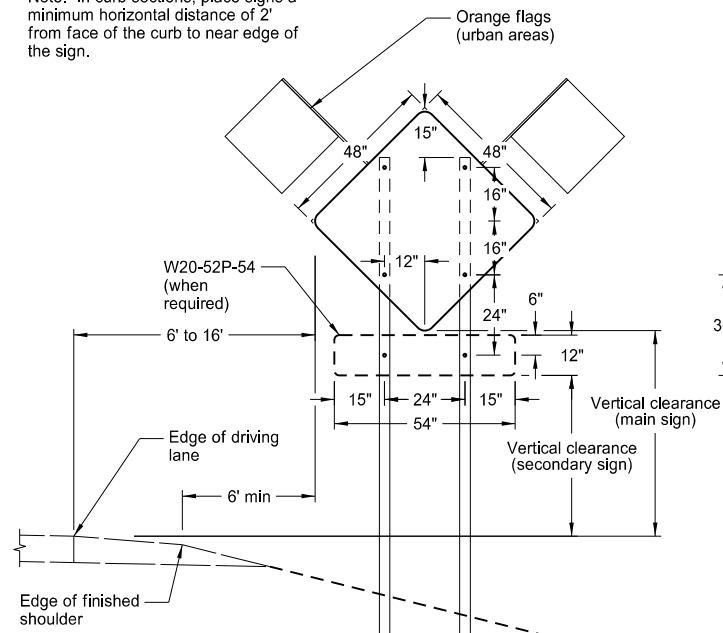
Note: Number of sandbags based on a wind speed of 55 MPH. Sandbags assumed to be placed at or near the ends of the skids.

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
10-3-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
9-27-17	Updated to active voice
11-01-19	Revised details for Flexible Delineator

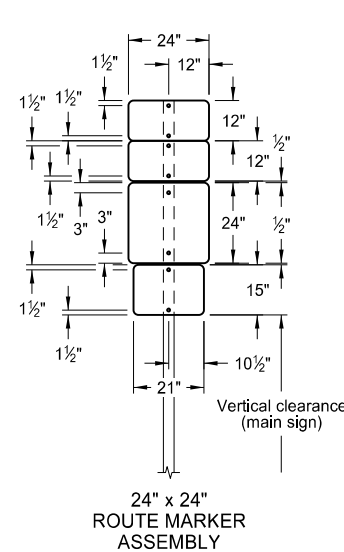
This document was originally issued and sealed by Kirk J Hoff, Registration Number PE-4683, on 11/1/19 and the original document is stored at the North Dakota Department of Transportation

CONSTRUCTION SIGN PUNCHING AND MOUNTING DETAILS

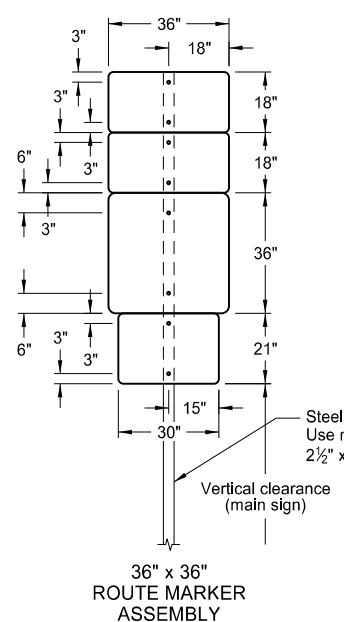
Note: In curb sections, place signs a minimum horizontal distance of 2' from face of the curb to near edge of the sign.



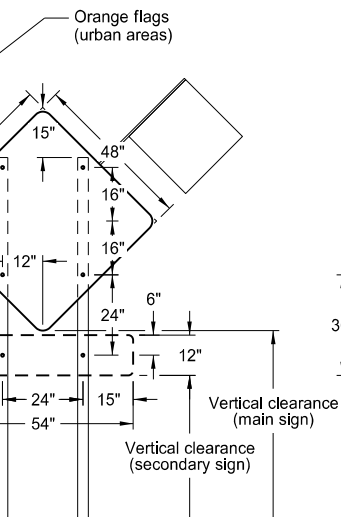
TYPICAL SECTION
(48" x 48" diamond warning sign shown)



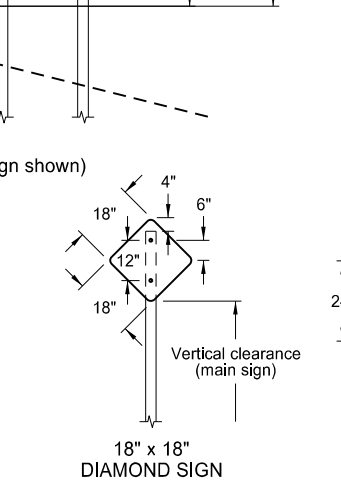
24" x 24" ROUTE MARKER ASSEMBLY



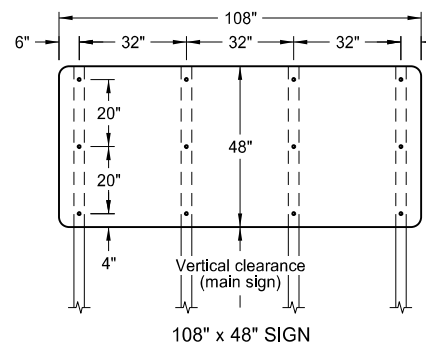
36" x 36" ROUTE MARKER ASSEMBLY



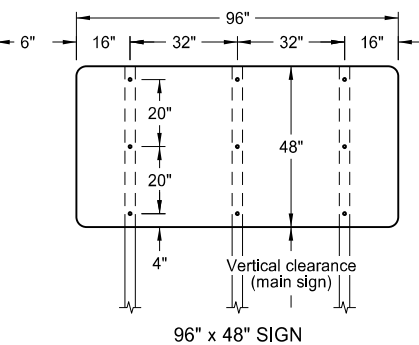
18" x 18" DIAMOND SIGN



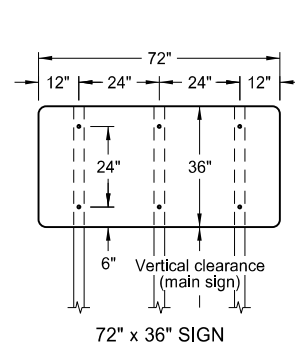
48" x 48" DIAMOND SIGN
(with 30" x 24" secondary sign)



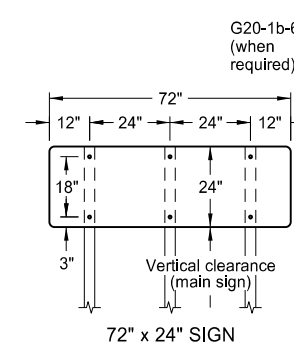
108" x 48" SIGN



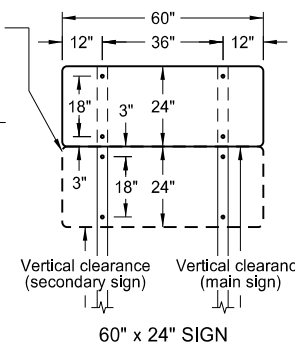
96" x 48" SIGN



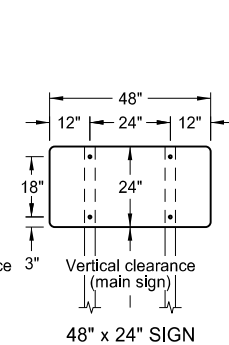
72" x 36" SIGN



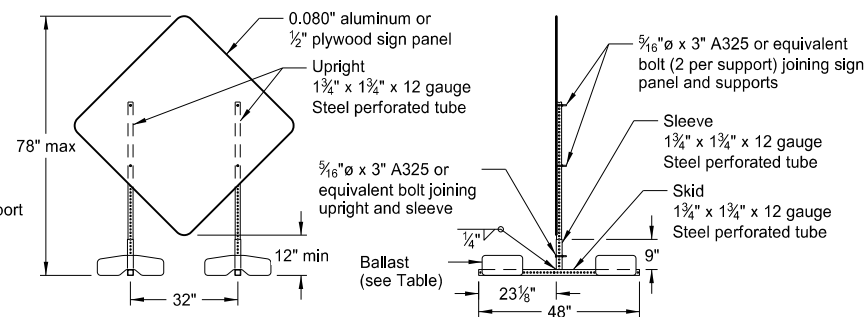
72" x 24" SIGN



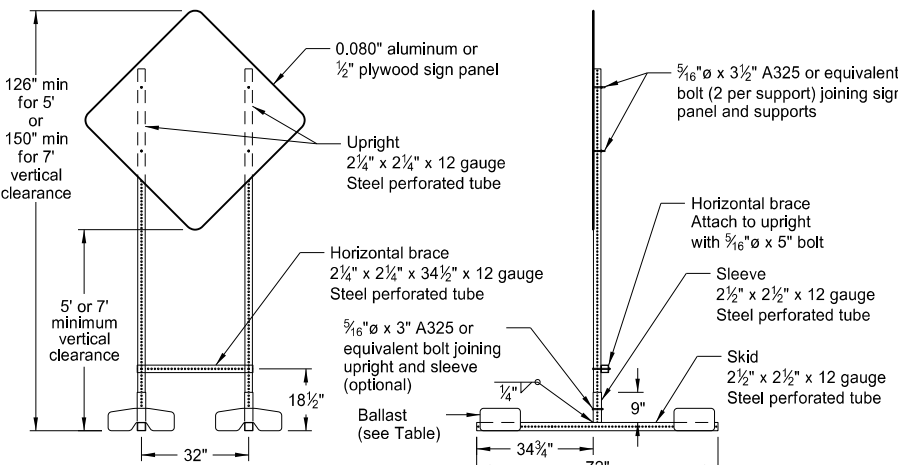
60" x 24" SIGN



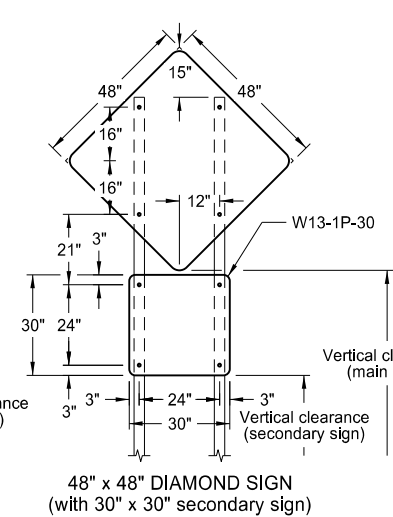
48" x 24" SIGN



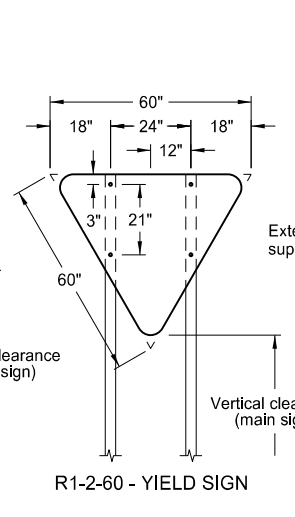
PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORT
LOW-MOUNTING HEIGHT



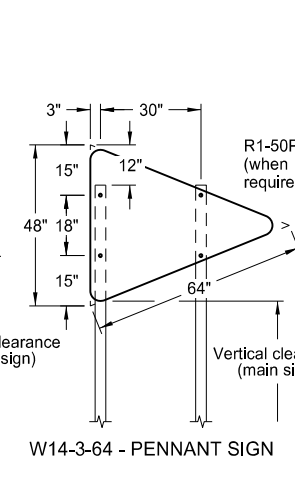
PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORT
HIGH-MOUNTING HEIGHT



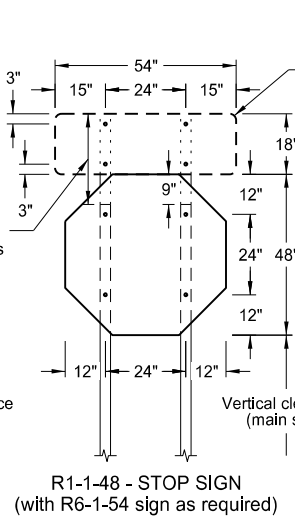
48" x 48" DIAMOND SIGN
(with 30" x 30" secondary sign)



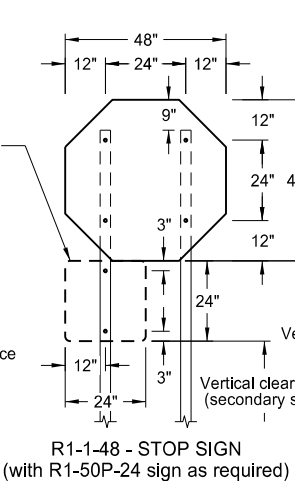
R1-2-60 - YIELD SIGN



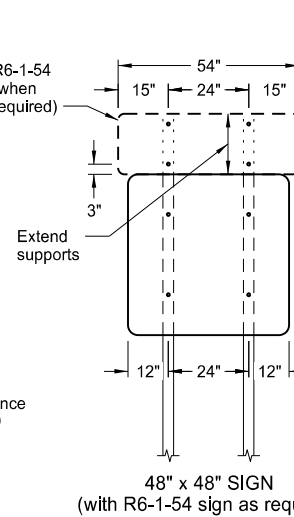
W14-3-64 - PENNANT SIGN



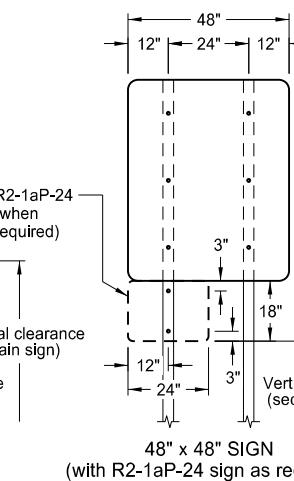
R1-1-48 - STOP SIGN
(with R6-1-54 sign as required)



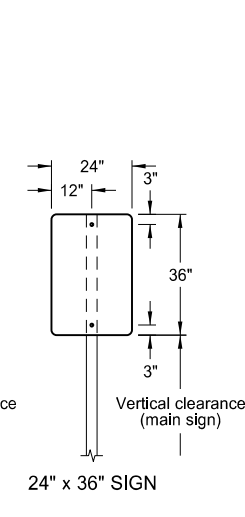
R1-50P-24 - STOP SIGN
(with R1-50P-24 sign as required)



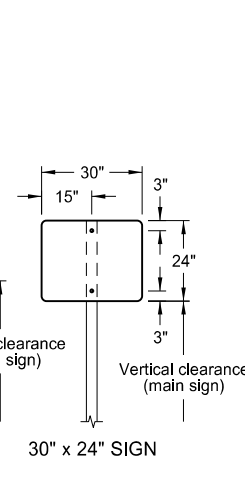
48" x 48" SIGN
(with R6-1-54 sign as required)



48" x 48" SIGN
(with R2-1aP-24 sign as required)



24" x 36" SIGN



30" x 24" SIGN

NOTES:

- Sign Supports: Galvanize or paint supports. Minimum post sizes are 2.5 lb/ft u-channel or 2" x 2" x 12 gauge steel perforated tube, except where noted. When installing signs on u-channel, minimum post size for assemblies containing a secondary sign is 3.0 lb/ft. Post sizes based on a wind speed of 55 MPH.

Place signs over 50 square feet on 2 1/2" x 2 1/2" perforated tube supports as a minimum.

Do not attach guy wires to sign supports. Attach wind beams behind sign panels when used with u-posts.
- Sign Panels: Provide sign panels made of 0.100" aluminum, 1/2" plywood, or other approved material, except where noted. Punch all holes round for 5/16" bolts.
- Alternate Messages: Install and remove alternate message signs on reflectorized plate (without borders) as required. (i.e. "Left" and "Right" message on lane closure sign)
- Route Marker Auxiliary Signs: Provide route marker auxiliary signs, such as the cardinal direction and directional arrows, with a background and legend that match the route marker they are used with:

Interstate - white legend on blue background
Interstate Business Loop - white legend on green background
US and State - black legend on white background
County - yellow legend on blue background

- Vertical Clearance: Install signs with a vertical clearance of 5'-0" (see TYPICAL SECTION). In areas where parking or pedestrian movements are likely or the view of the sign may be obstructed, install signs with a vertical clearance of 7'-0" from the top of the curb or from the near edge of the driving lane in absence of a curb.

The vertical clearance to secondary signs is 1'-0" less than the vertical clearance stated above.

Provide a minimum clearance of 7'-0" from the ground at the post for signs with an area exceeding 50 square feet.

- Portable Signs: Provide portable signs that meet the vertical clearance stated above when it is necessary to place signs within the pavement surface.

Use of low-mounting height (minimum 12" vertical clearance) portable signs for 5 days or less, is allowed as long as the view of the sign is not obstructed. Time delays caused by unforeseen circumstances, such as equipment breakdown, rain, subgrade failures, etc., will not accrue towards the 5 day period. Use of R9-8 through R9-11a series, W1-6 through W1-8 series, M4-10, and E5-1 is allowed for longer than 5 days.

Restrict signs mounted on portable sign supports shown in the LOW-MOUNTING HEIGHT and HIGH-MOUNTING HEIGHT details to a maximum surface area of 16 square feet.

MINIMUM BALLAST
(For each side of sign support base)

Sign Panel Mounting Height (ft)	Number of 25 lb sandbags for 4' x 4' sign panel
1'	6
5'	8
7'	10

Note: The number of sandbags are based on a wind speed of 55 MPH. Place sandbags at or near the ends of skids.

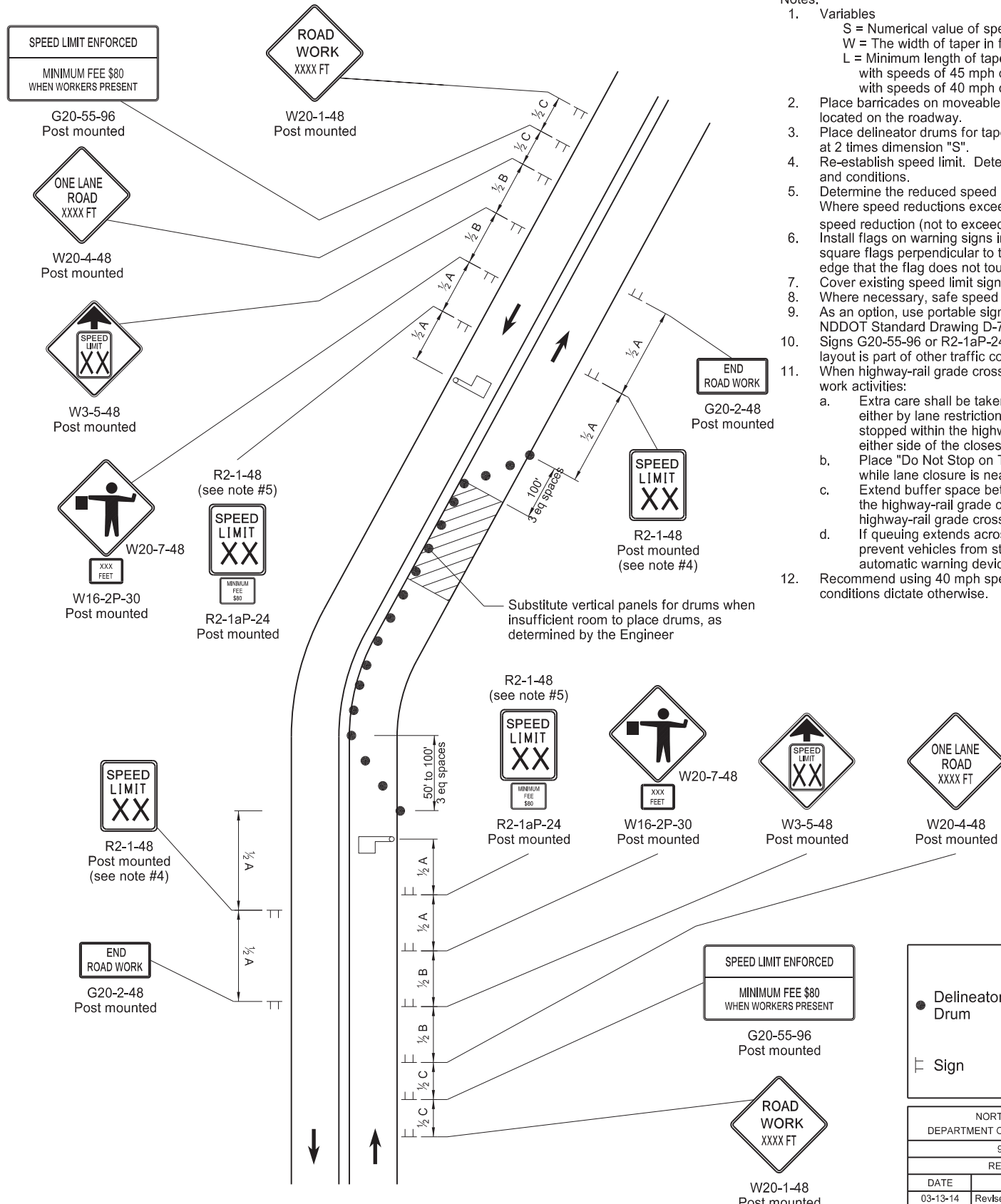
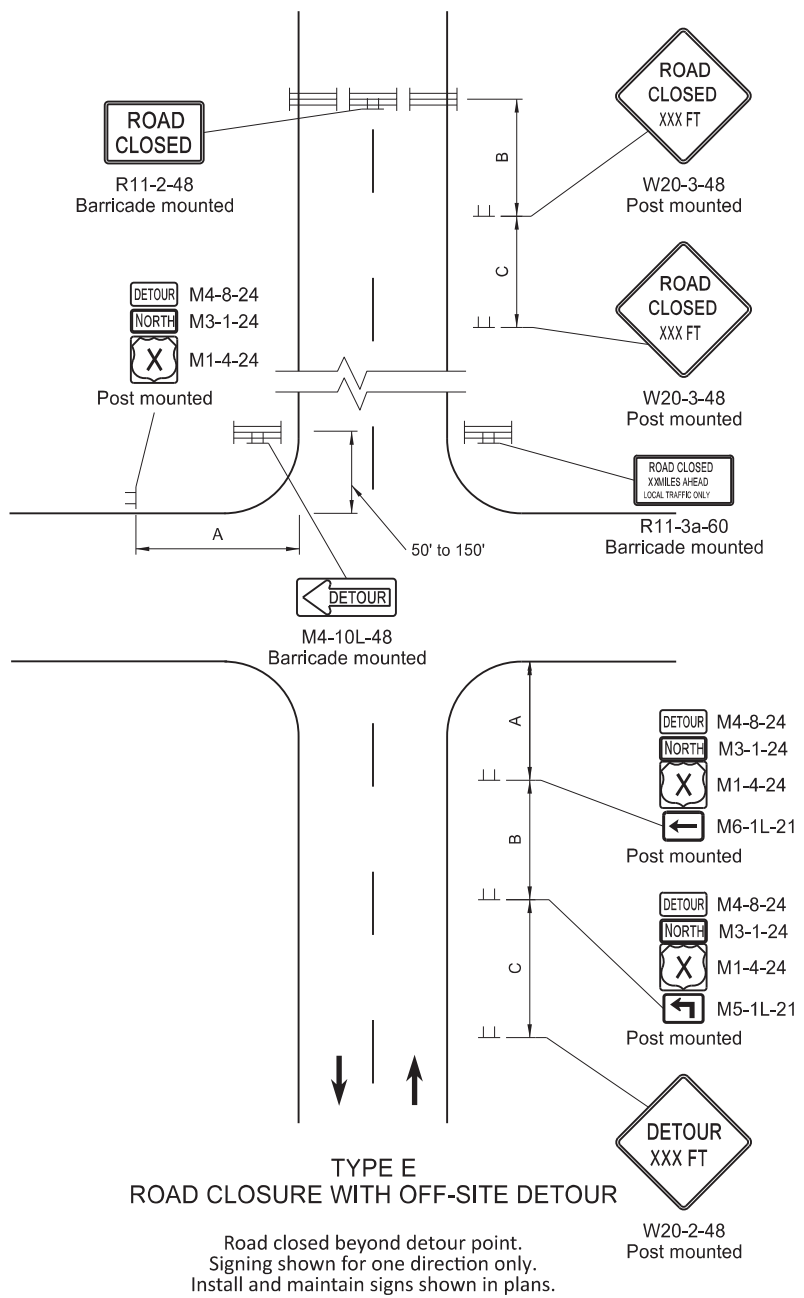
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
10-4-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
11-14-13	Revised Note 6
9-27-17	Updated to active voice
11-01-19	Revised 60"x24" sign detail

This document was originally issued and sealed by
Kirk J Hoff,
Registration Number
PE-4683,
on 11/1/19 and the original document is stored at the North Dakota Department of Transportation

ROAD CLOSURE AND LANE CLOSURE ON A TWO WAY ROAD LAYOUTS

Notes:

- Variables
 S = Numerical value of speed limit or 85th percentile.
 W = The width of taper in feet
 L = Minimum length of taper in feet. $S \times W$ for freeways, expressways, and roads with speeds of 45 mph or greater, or $W \times S^2/60$ for urban, residential, and streets with speeds of 40 mph or less.
- Place barricades on moveable assemblies and signs on portable assemblies when located on the roadway.
- Place delineator drums for tapering traffic at 3 equal spaces and for tangents space them at 2 times dimension "S".
- Re-establish speed limit. Determine exact speed limit in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
- Determine the reduced speed limit based on the in place speed limit before construction. Where speed reductions exceed 30 mph, install a second speed limit sign with the desired speed reduction (not to exceed 30 mph.) Place second speed limit sign at $\frac{1}{2}B$.
- Install flags on warning signs in urban areas when signs are not portable. Mount 24 inch square flags perpendicular to the edges of the sign, and at such a distance above the edge that the flag does not touch the sign when limp.
- Cover existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone.
- Where necessary, safe speed to be determined by the Engineer.
- As an option, use portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with NDDOT Standard Drawing D-704-14.
- Signs G20-55-96 or R2-1aP-24 are not required when pilot car operation is used, if this layout is part of other traffic control that contains this sign, or if work is less than 15 days.
- When highway-rail grade crossings exist either within or in the vicinity of the roadway work activities:
 - Extra care shall be taken to minimize the probability of conditions being created, either by lane restrictions, flagging or other operations, where vehicles might be stopped within the highway-rail grade crossing (considered as being 15 feet on either side of the closest and farthest rail.)
 - Place "Do Not Stop on Tracks" sign (R8-8-24) near cross buck in each direction while lane closure is near tracks.
 - Extend buffer space between work zone and lane closure transition upstream of the highway-rail grade crossing to prevent flagging queue from extending across highway-rail grade crossing.
 - If queuing extends across highway-rail crossing, provide flagger at crossing to prevent vehicles from stopping within the crossing (even when automatic warning devices are in place.)
- Recommend using 40 mph speed limit in vicinity of workers, unless location and conditions dictate otherwise.



ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING			
Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

KEY

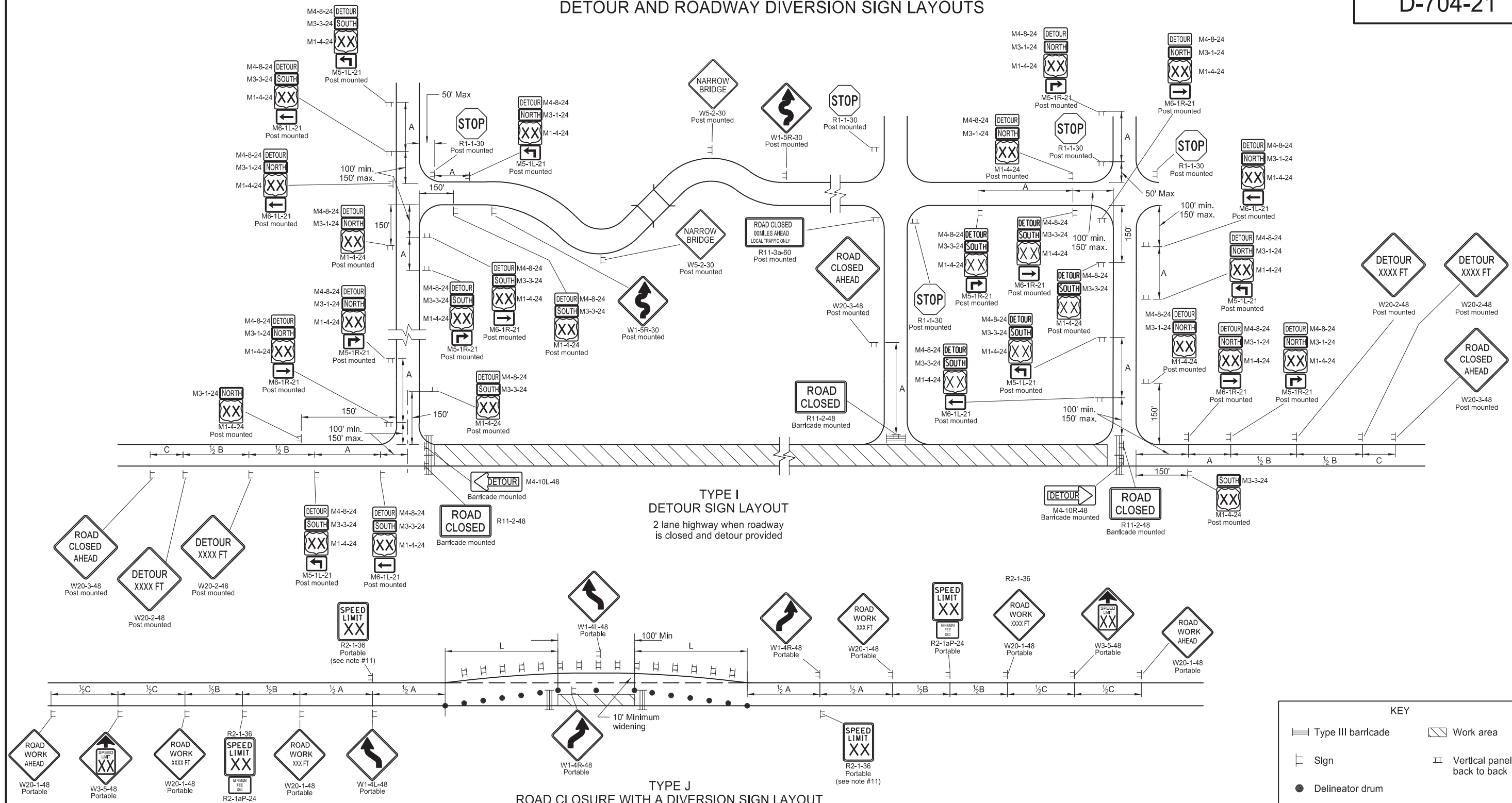
- Delineator Drum
- Sign
- Type III Barricade
- Work/Hazard Area
- Flagger

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
03-13-14	Revised Sign Cell "ROAD WORK XXX FT"
08-17-17	Update notes & sign numbers
11-01-19	Revised signs, sign #s, & notes
12-08-21	Switched order of Road Work XXX and Spd Limit Enforced & added Dollars At Work
11-29-22	Removed Dollars At Work



11/29/22

DETOUR AND ROADWAY DIVERSION SIGN LAYOUTS



TYPE I
DETOUR SIGN LAYOUT
2 lane highway when roadway is closed and detour provided

TYPE J
ROAD CLOSURE WITH A DIVERSION SIGN LAYOUT
2 lane highway with widened section, traffic maintained in both directions.

Use layout when work is less than 5 days or is within a project.

- Notes:
- Variables
S= Numerical value of speed limit or 85th percentile. W= The width of taper.
L= Minimum length of taper, or $S \times W$ for freeways, expressways, and all other roads with speeds of 45 mph or greater, or $W \times S^2 / 60$ for urban, residential, and other streets with speeds of 40 mph or less.
 - Place barricades on moveable assemblies and signs on portable assemblies when on roadway.
 - Space delineator drums and vertical panels at dimension "S" for tapering traffic. Space delineator drums, tubular markers and vertical panels at 2 times "S" for tangents.
 - Determine the reduced speed limit based on the in place speed limit before construction. Where speed limits exceed 30 MPH, install a second speed limit sign with the desired speed reduction (not to exceed 30 mph.) Place the second speed limit sign at $\frac{1}{2} B$.
 - Install flags on warning signs in urban areas when signs are not portable. Mount 24 inches square flags perpendicular to the edges of the sign, and at such a distance above the edge that the flag does not touch the sign when limp.
 - Cover existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed limit zone.
 - Covered (when approved by engineer) or obliterated pavement marking measured as Obliteration of Pavement Marking.
 - As an option, use portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with NDDOT Standard Drawing D-704-14.
 - If the tangent between tapers is less than 600', as an option, use sign W24-1-48 in place of double reverse curve signs.
 - Recommend using 40 mph speed limit in vicinity of workers, unless location and conditions dictate otherwise.
 - Re-establish speed limit. Determine exact speed limit in the field, dependent on location and conditions.

Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

KEY

- Type III barricade
- Work area
- Sign
- Vertical panels back to back
- Delineator drum

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
08-17-17	Updated notes & added spd limit
11-01-19	Revised sign #s and note 8
12-08-21	Added Dollars At Work sign
11-29-22	Removed Dollars At Work

KIRK J. HOFF
REGISTERED
PROFESSIONAL
PE-4683
ENGINEER
NORTH DAKOTA
11/29/22

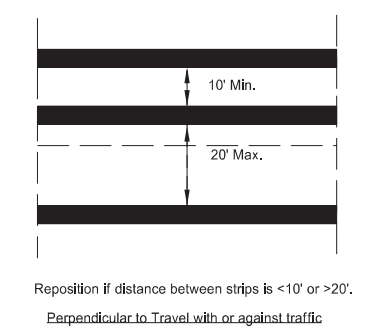
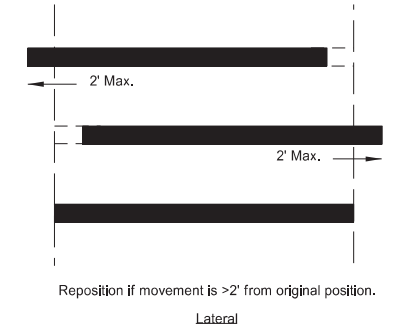
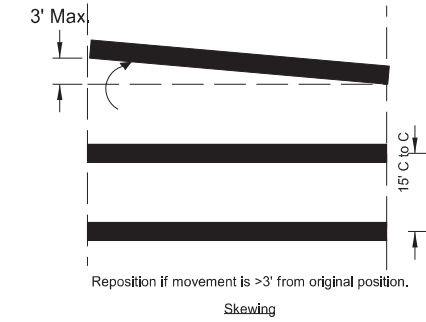
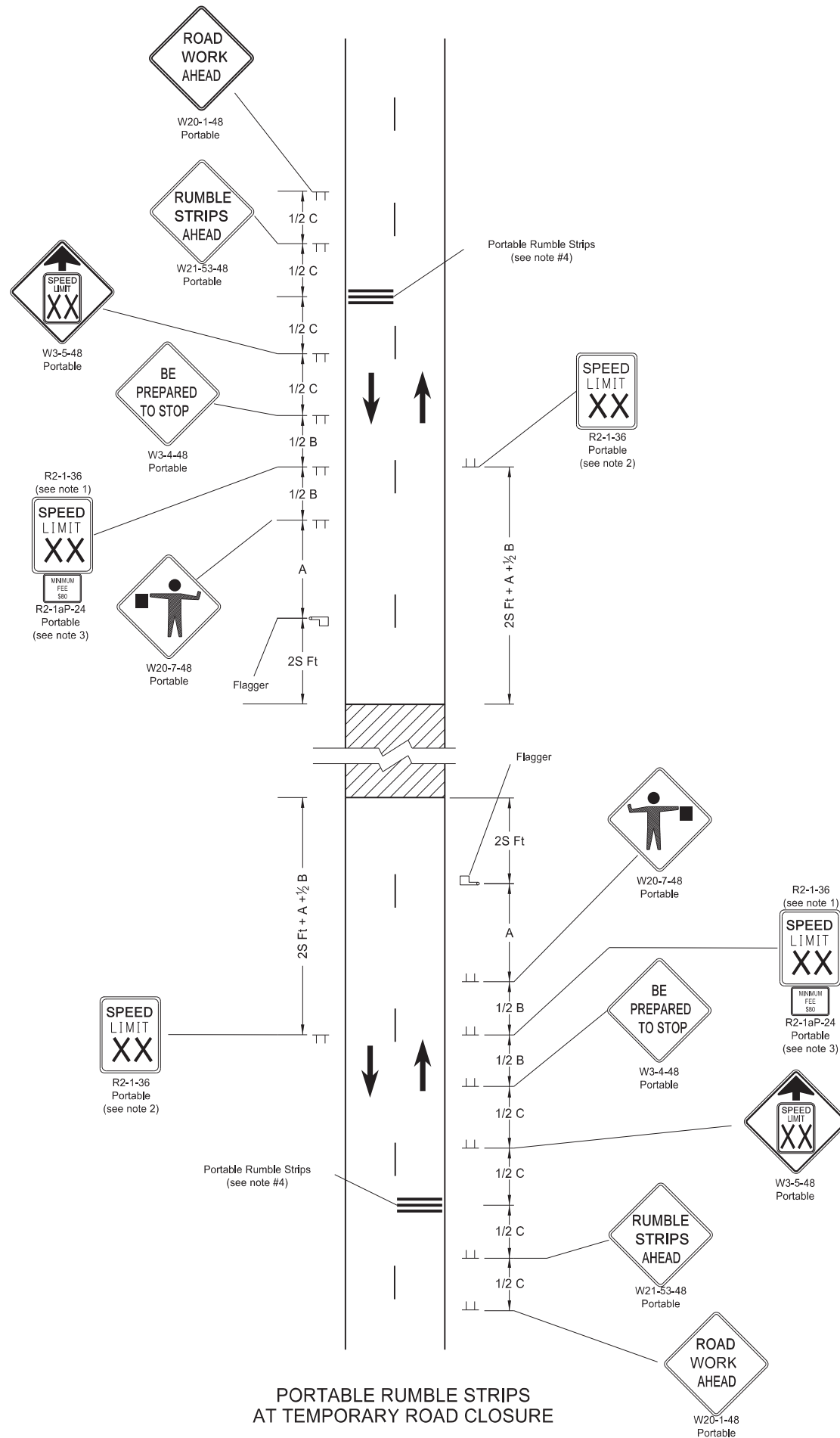
Two-Lane Roadway Portable Rumble Strips

KEY

- Work area
- Flagger
- Sign

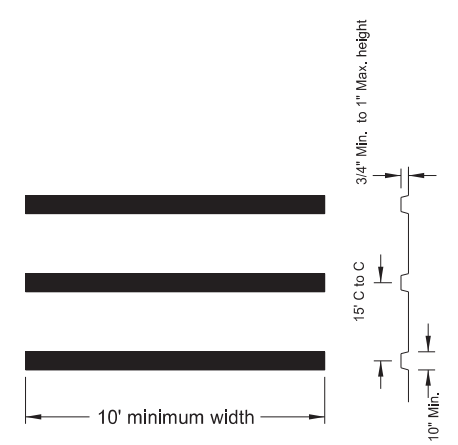
S = Numerical value of speed limit or 85th percentile.

Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - High Speed (over 45 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720



PORTABLE RUMBLE STRIPS ARRAY TYPES OF MOVEMENT AND MAXIMUM ALLOWANCES

- Notes:
- Determine speed in the field based on location and conditions.
 - Re-establish the speed limit. Determine the exact speed limit in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
 - Sign R2-1aP-24 is not required when pilot car operation is used.
 - Do not use rumble strips on a non paved surface or in a pre-construction speed zone of 45 mph or less.



PORTABLE RUMBLE STRIPS AT TEMPORARY ROAD CLOSURE

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
02-22-22 REVISIONS		
DATE	CHANGE	<p>03/07/23 Use changed to min 45 mph.</p>
03/07/23		

03/07/23