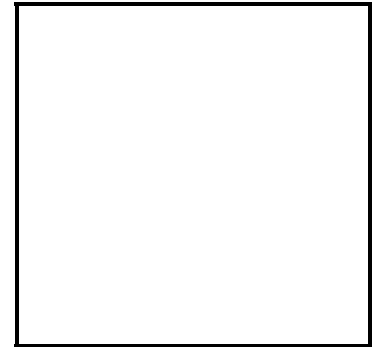


ND 18 LANDSLIDE SLOPE STABILITY RECOMMENDATION

TO:	File
FROM:	Geotechnical Section
DATE:	12/20/2022
HIGHWAY:	ND 18
PROJECT NUMBER:	8-018(106)064
PCN:	23279
LOCATION:	8 North of Leonard, Maple River
SUBJECT:	ND 18 Landslide Slope Stability Recommendation



The geotechnical section was tasked to remediate an existing landslide that is occurring on ND 18 at approximately RP 64. The landslide is occurring on the northern bank of the maple river and is affecting the bridge structure (Bridge No. 0018-064.955) that crosses the Maple River. This landslide has been affecting the current structure since the early 2000's and is causing the north pier to lean. Soil borings were completed at this location and instrumentation was installed to identify the depth of the landslide movement and the water table characteristics. Figure 1 below shows an aerial picture of the project location and the soil borings completed:



Figure 1 – Project Location and Soil Boring Locations

Figure 2 below shows the damage to the existing pier located on the north side of the Maple River:



Figure 2 – North Pier Leaning from Landslide

Soil samples were taken from the completed borings, and tests were run to identify the stratigraphy of the site and the engineering parameters. From the instrumentation installed, two different slip planes were identified and accounted for in the final design. See Appendix A for the soil boring logs.

Two projects have occurred at this landslide location on ND 18 at the Maple River bridge, project no's 8-018(088)064, PCN 21746 and 8-018(106)064, PCN 23279.

For the first project, 8-018(088)064, PCN 21746, the landslide fix was limited by the existing bridge and R/W. Due to these constraints and the weak soils at the project site that were unable to support a structural fix, it was decided to move forward with a dirt work project. Because of the location of the existing bridge, not as much excavation was able to be completed as desired. The area outside of the abutment could have more material removed and the factor of safety of this area was 1.26. The material behind the abutment and below the approach slab was removed as much as possible and this produced a factor of safety of 1.12. It was discussed with management and the project team that this proposed fix would improve the factor of safety, but it was unknown whether it would be enough to stop the landslide. The decision was made to move forward with this fix, and it was completed in the summer of 2018. Figure 3 below shows the excavation that occurred behind the existing abutment.



Figure 3 – Excavation Behind Existing Abutment

After the project was completed, the deeper landslide movement stopped and the shallower landslide movement slowed significantly, and recent surveys of the pier have shown that the pier is no longer moving. However, bridge division was concerned about the existing condition of the north pier, abutment, and approach slab permanently acting as a span. In addition, the shallower landslide was still moving and could potentially affect the structure. These concerns drove the need for another project to be completed.

The second project, 8-018(106)064, PCN 23279 is intended to fix the landslide and obtain the best factor of safety possible. This proposed project would involve replacing the damaged pier, replacing the current north abutment with a pier, and extending the bridge enough to complete the necessary excavation to remediate the landslide. Survey was completed to obtain the new existing ground (this survey confirmed the previous grading that was completed as part of the previous project). Design division also provided cross sections at three different locations that were skewed to the landslide movement and incorporated the new survey data. This new data was incorporated into the existing Slope/W model and served as the existing conditions model for the project. The cross section that was deemed critical was at Sta 0+48.92, which is on the west side of the landslide and goes through the existing abutment. This was also the location where limited excavation was completed as part of the previous project due to the existing abutment piling. Figure 4 below shows where this cross section is located:

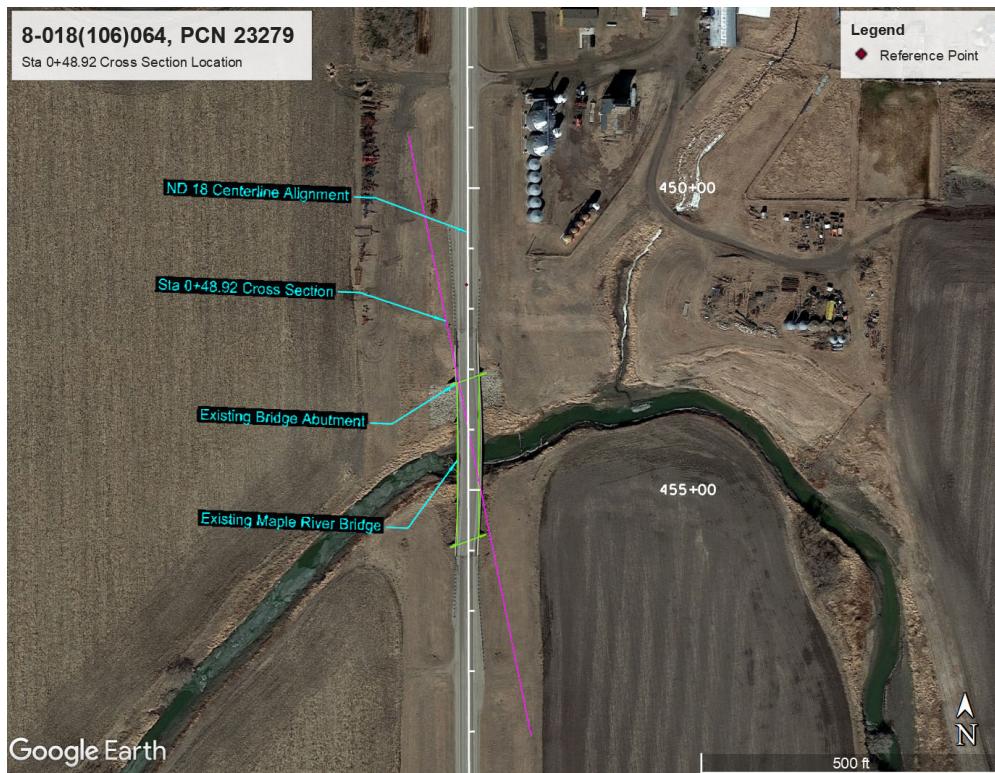


Figure 4 – Sta 0+48.92 Cross Section Location

The mitigation alternative evaluated for this project was an extension of the ideal excavation previously performed east of the bridge (which resulted in a factor of safety east of the bridge of 1.26), and the removal of the structural limitations from the excavation limits allowed for the excavation under the bridge to match the excavation elevation to the east. This proposed excavation results in a factor of safety of 1.21, which closely matches the previous factor of safety of 1.26 to the east. The shallower slip plane was also analyzed, and the proposed excavation results in a factor of safety of 1.44. See appendix B for the slope stability outputs.

The proposed excavation is based on the cross section at Sta 0+48.92 that was provided by design division and is shown in Figure 5 below:

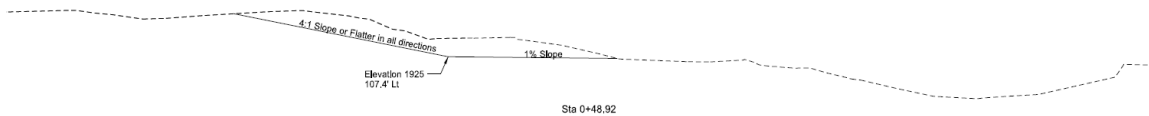


Figure 5 – Proposed Excavation @ Sta 0+48.92

This excavation is proposed to match into the east side where the previous grading was completed and extend to the west as far as possible within the current NDDOT R/W to encompass the entire landslide. As part of the proposed grading on the project, it is recommended to ensure positive drainage throughout the project limits to avoid any water ponding.

If there are any questions or concerns, please contact Jared Loegering jjloegering@nd.gov or Colter Schwagler cschwagler@nd.gov of the NDDOT Geotechnical Section.

Appendix A

Soil Boring Logs



PROJECT NUMBER 8-018(106)064

DATE STARTED 8/31/16 COMPLETED 8/31/16

PCN 23279

ELEVATION 924 ft

LOCATION Cass County

RP+Feet 64+5062 ft Offset 40 Rt

DRILLED BY Dallan LOGGED BY Jamie

DRILLING METHOD _____

ENGINEER _____

NOTES _____

NDDOT LOG - NDDOT_DATATEMP_20180208.GDT - 12/15/22 16:06 - F:\LAB\PROJECTS\GINT18-018(088)064.GPJ

ELEVATION (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	AASHTO	USCS	SAMPLE TYPE & NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	SPT N VALUE	CLAY FRACTION (%)		TESTS & REMARKS	
									PL	LL		
920	0	Soft to Medium Stiff Moist Grey to Dark Grey Fat Clay		A-7-6	CL	992	20	7	24	49		
				A-7-6	CL	993	10	9	22	49		
				A-7-6	CH	994	55	4	27	51		
				A-7-6	CH	995	85	4	24	59		
				A-7-5	CH	996	65	5	30	87		
				A-7-6	CH	997	90	5	23	68		
				A-7-5	CH	998	85	3	31	88		
				A-7-6	CH	999	100	3	26	75		
				A-7-6	CH	1000	100	3	29	75		
				A-7-6	CH	1001	100	3	29	72		
				A-7-5	CH	1002	100	3	30	77		
				A-7-6	CH	1003	100	3	28	107		
900	20			Medium Stiff Wet Grey Silt		A-7-6	CH	1004	100	2	29	86
		A-7-6	CH			1005	100	2	28	76		
		A-7-5	CH			1006	100	2	31	71		
		A-7-6	CH			1007	100	2	26	63		
		A-7-6	CH			1008	100	3	25	51		
		A-7-6	CL			1009	85	3	24	47		
		A-6	CL			1010	100	7	2038			
		A-4	ML			1011	60	7	235			
		A-4	ML			1012	75	27	232			
		A-6	SC			1013	75	44	2241			
880	40	Very Stiff to Hard Glacial Till with Clayey Sand, Gravelly Clay, Lean Clay, Silty Sand, and Silt		A-7-6	GC	1014	100	44	1835			
				A-6	CL	1015	75	47	129			
				A-6	CL	1016	75	81	0			
				A-4	SM	1017	100	76	0			
				A-4	ML	1018	100	90	0			
				A-2-4	SM	1019	100	81	128			
				A-6	CL	1020	75	91	131			
				A-6	CL	1021	25					

Bottom of borehole at 59.0 ft



PROJECT NUMBER 8-018(106)064 DATE STARTED 8/31/16 COMPLETED 8/31/16

PCN 23279 ELEVATION 930 ft

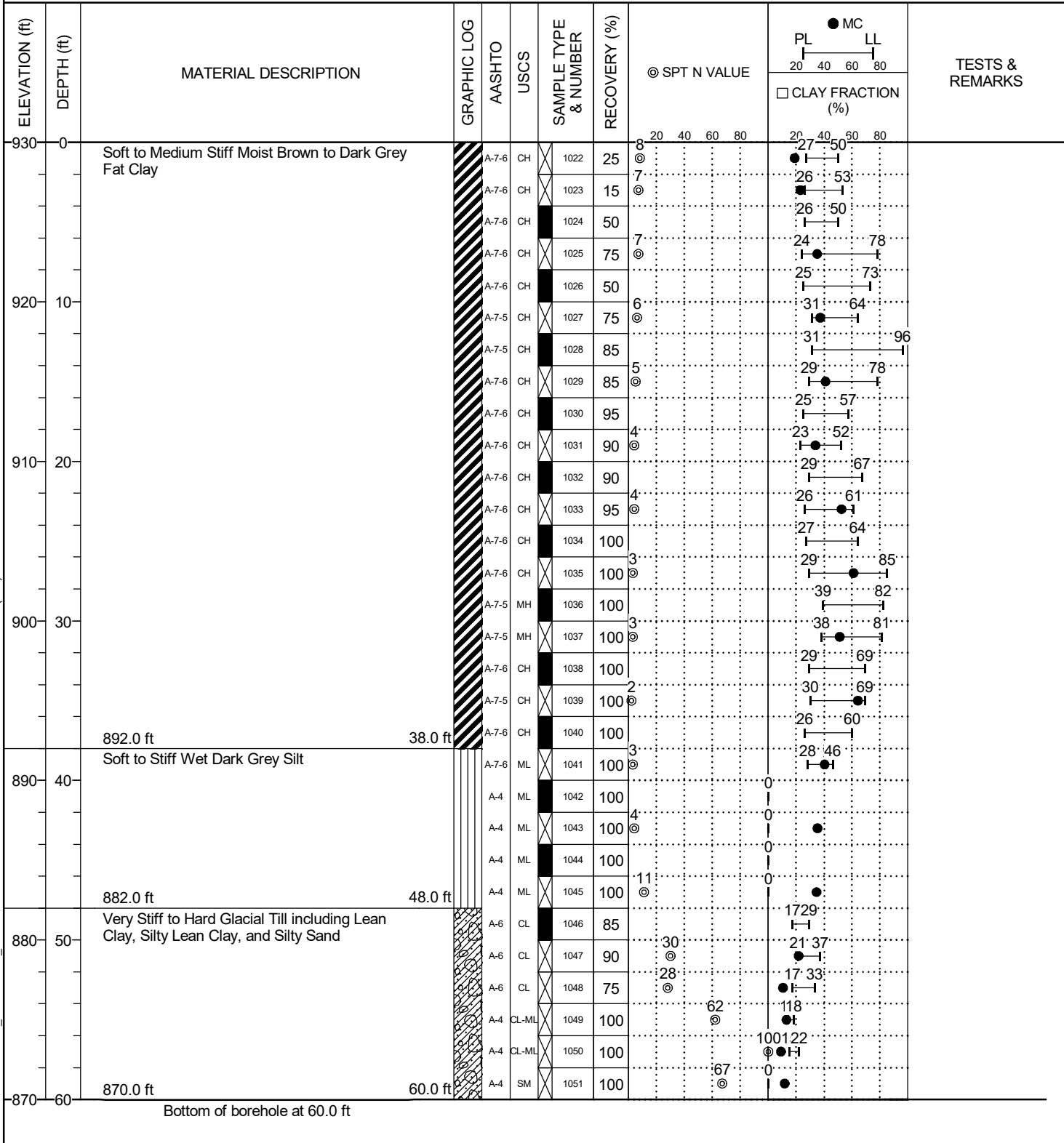
LOCATION Cass County RP+Feet 64+5140 ft Offset 50 Rt

DRILLED BY Dallan LOGGED BY Jamie DRILLING METHOD _____

ENGINEER _____

NOTES _____

NDDOT LOG - NDDOT_DATATEMP_20180208.GDT - 12/15/22 16:06 - F:\LAB\PROJECTS\GINT18-018(088)064.GPJ





PROJECT NUMBER 8-018(106)064

DATE STARTED 8/31/16 COMPLETED 8/31/16

PCN 23279

ELEVATION 933 ft

LOCATION Cass County

RP+Feet 64+5200 ft Offset 56 Rt

DRILLED BY Dallan LOGGED BY Jamie

DRILLING METHOD _____

ENGINEER _____

NOTES _____

NDDOT LOG - NDDOT_DATA\TEMP_20180208.GDT - 12/15/22 16:06 - F:\LAB\PROJECTS\GINT18-018(088)064.GPJ

ELEVATION (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	AASHTO	USCS	SAMPLE TYPE & NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	SPT N VALUE	CLAY FRACTION (%)		TESTS & REMARKS	
									MC	LL		
930	0	Soft to Stiff Moist Brown to Dark Grey Fat Clay		A-4	ML	1052	15	8	26	83		
				A-7-6	CH	1053	70	10	26	89		
				A-7-6	CH	1054	75	5	23	65		
				A-7-6	CH	1055	85	5	25	73		
				A-7-6	CH	1056	85	5	24	76		
				A-7-6	CH	1057	100	5	23	52		
				A-7-6	CH	1058	100	5	24	47		
				A-7-6	CL	1059	100	5	25	76		
				A-7-6	CH	1060	100	6	23	64		
				A-7-6	CH	1061	100	6	25	75		
				A-7-6	CH	1062	100	6	25	74		
				A-7-6	CH	1063	100	6	31	96		
				A-7-5	CH	1064	100	5	31	90		
				A-7-5	CH	1065	100	5	31	82		
				A-7-5	CH	1066	90	3	26	72		
				A-7-6	CH	1067	100	3	28	50		
890	40	892.0 ft		41.0 ft	A-7-6	CH	1068	85	3	30	42	
		Soft Wet Dark Grey Silt			A-7-5	ML	1069	100	3	0	0	
				A-4	ML	1070	90	4	0	0		
				A-4	ML	1071	100	4	0	0		
880	50	882.0 ft	51.0 ft	A-4	ML	1072	100	0	19	37		
		Very Stiff to Hard Glacial Till including Lean Clay and Silty Sand		A-6	CL	1073	100	19	71	16	29	
				A-6	CL	1074	100	0	86	0		
				A-6	CL	1075	100	0	0	0		
				A-2-4	SM	1076	100	0	0	0		

Bottom of borehole at 59.0 ft



PROJECT NUMBER 8-018(106)064

DATE STARTED 8/2/17 COMPLETED 8/2/17

PCN 23279

ELEVATION 924 ft

LOCATION Cass County

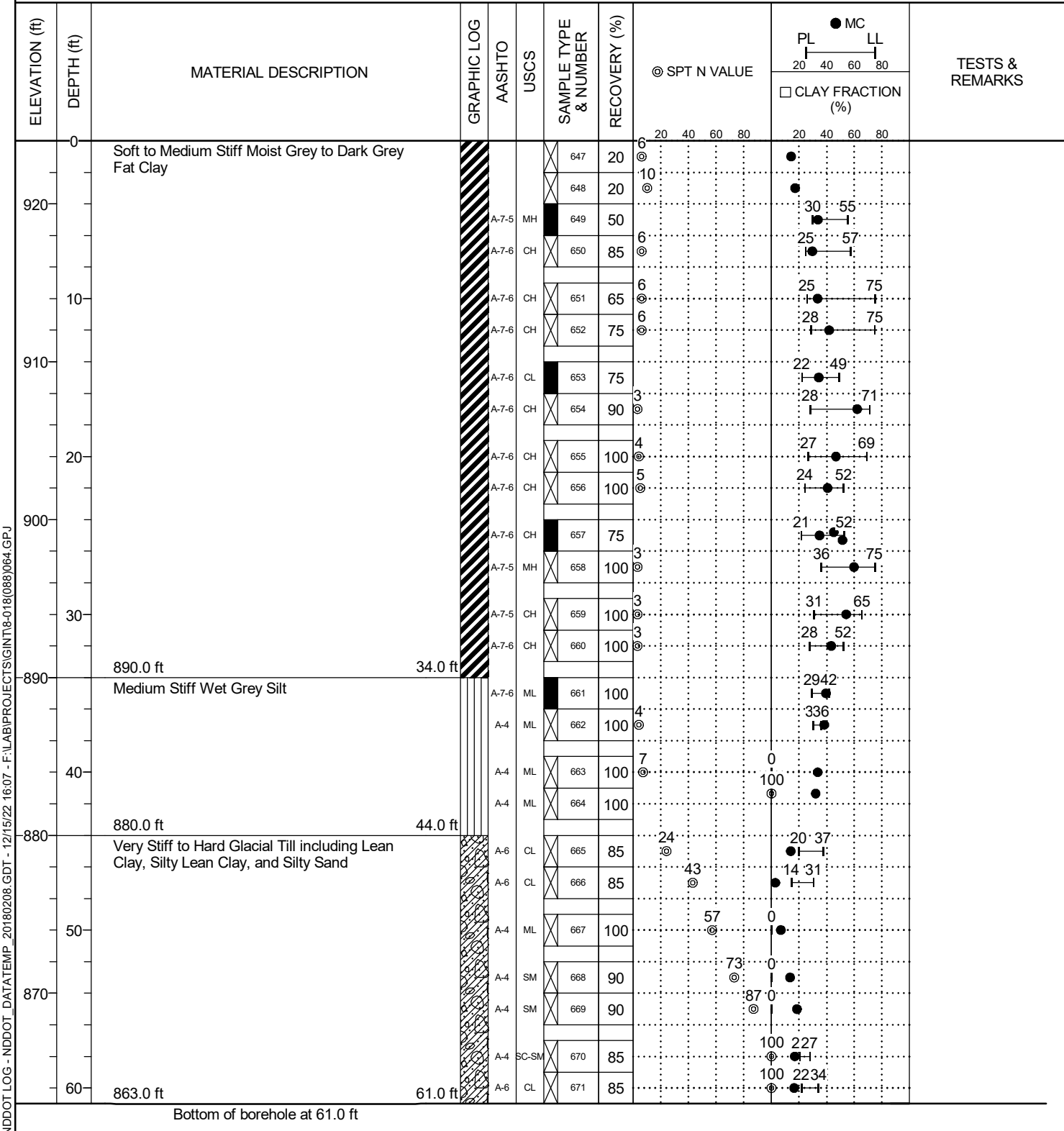
RP+Feet 64+5100 ft Offset 92 Rt

DRILLED BY Dallan LOGGED BY Jamie

DRILLING METHOD

ENGINEER

NOTES



NDDOT LOG - NDDOT_DATAEMP_20180208.GDT - 12/15/22 16:07 - F:\LAB\PROJECTS\GINT18-018(088)064.GPJ



PROJECT NUMBER 8-018(106)064

DATE STARTED 8/2/17 COMPLETED 8/2/17

PCN 23279

ELEVATION 925 ft

LOCATION Cass County

RP+Feet 64+5049 ft Offset 63 Lt

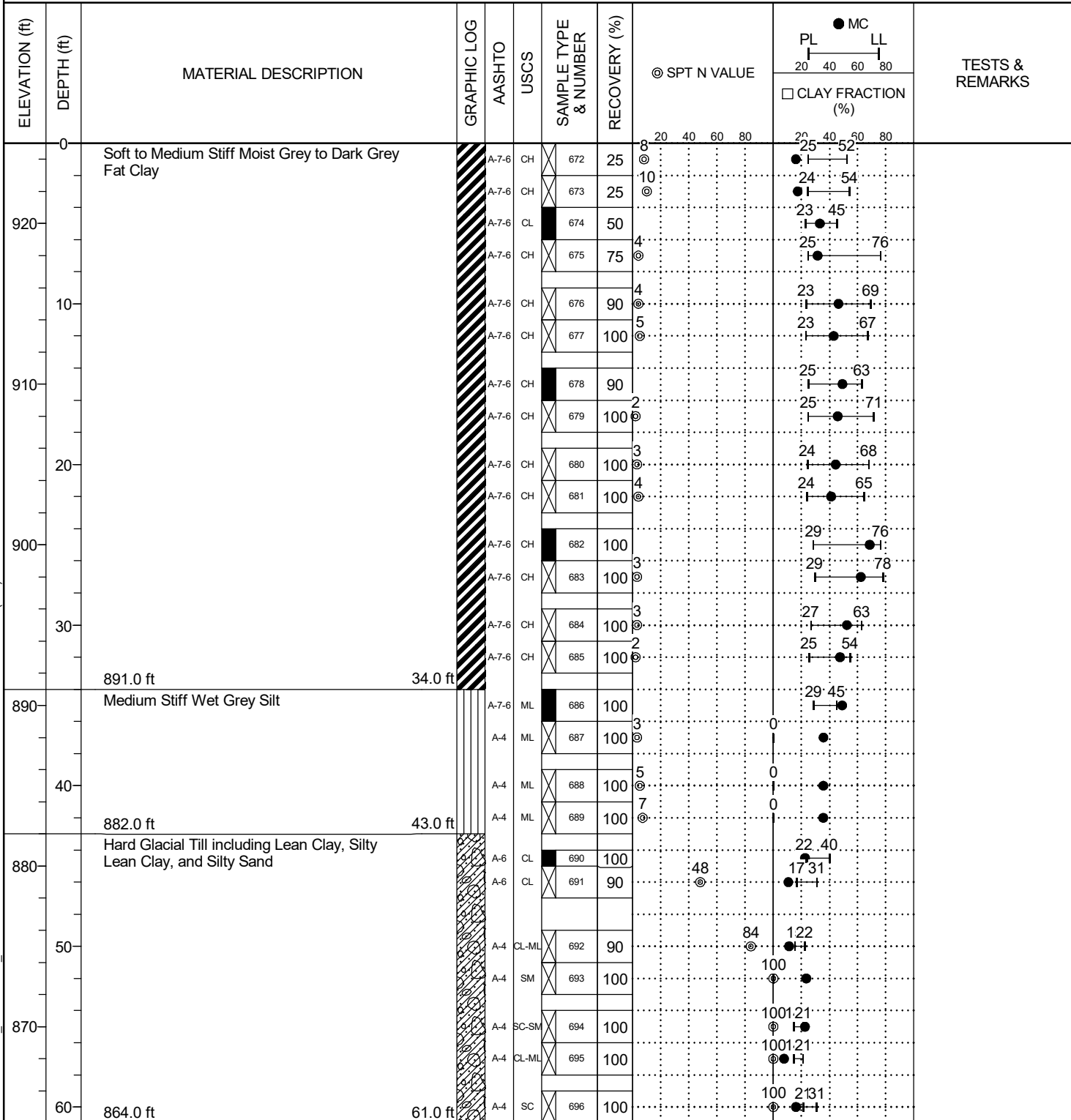
DRILLED BY Dallan LOGGED BY Jamie

DRILLING METHOD _____

ENGINEER _____

NOTES _____

NDDOT LOG - NDDOT_DATATEMP_20180208.GDT - 12/15/22 16:07 - F:\LAB\PROJECTS\GINT18-018(088)064.GPJ



Bottom of borehole at 61.0 ft

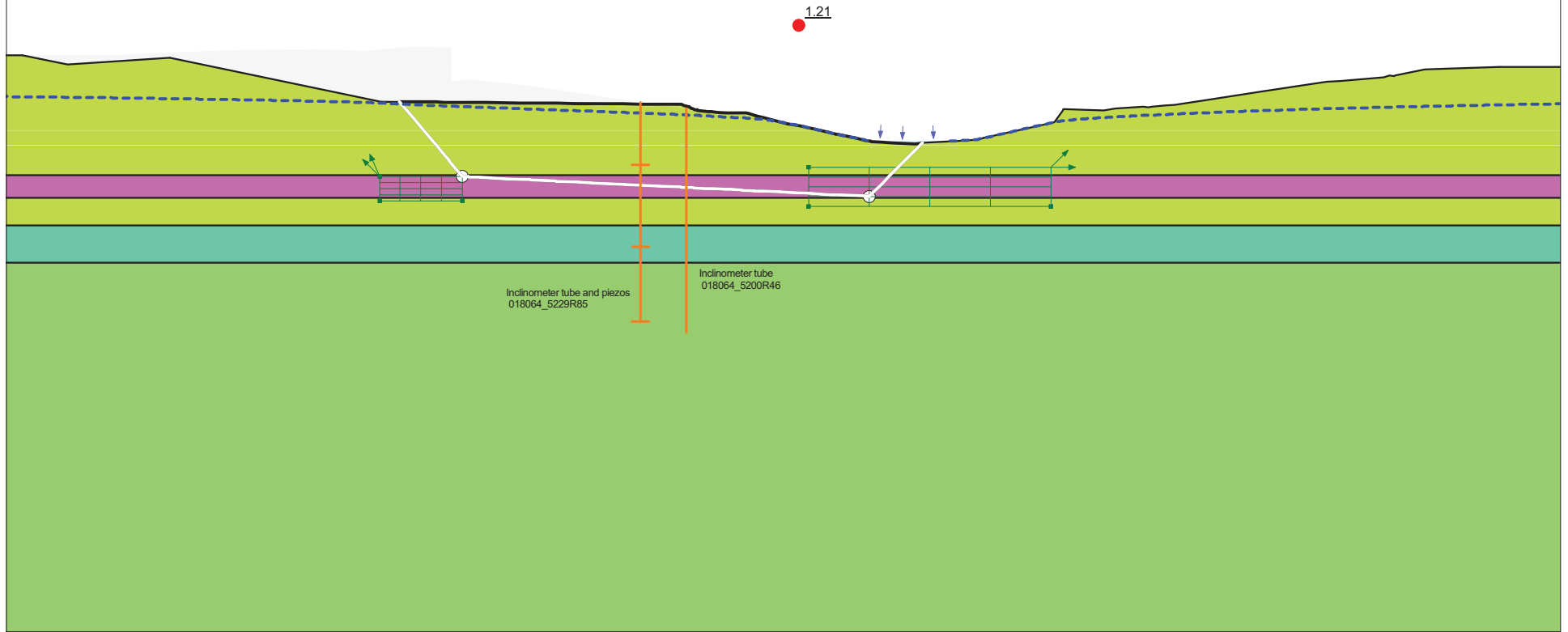
Appendix B

Slope Stability Outputs

Effective Stress Analysis for Deeper Slip Plane

Factor of Safety	
■	1.21 - 1.26
■	1.26 - 1.31
■	1.31 - 1.36
■	1.36 - 1.41
■	≥ 1.41

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Strength Function	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
■	Fat Clay	Mohr-Coulomb	115		0	25
■	Silt	Mohr-Coulomb	125		0	25
■	Slip Plane	Shear/Normal Fn.	115	LL=80 CF=90		
■	Till	Mohr-Coulomb	130		0	30



Effective Stress Analysis for Shallower Slip Plane

Factor of Safety	
	1.44 - 1.49
	1.49 - 1.54
	1.54 - 1.59
	1.59 - 1.64
	≥ 1.64

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
	Fat Clay	Mohr-Coulomb	115	0	25
	Silt	Mohr-Coulomb	125	0	25
	Slip Plane (Shallow Layer)	Mohr-Coulomb	115	0	8.5
	Till	Mohr-Coulomb	130	0	30

